

# Package ‘rpicosat’

November 15, 2017

**Type** Package

**Title** R Bindings for the 'PicoSAT' SAT Solver

**Version** 1.0.1

**Description** Bindings for the 'PicoSAT' solver to solve Boolean satisfiability problems (SAT).

The boolean satisfiability problem asks the question if a given boolean formula can be TRUE; i.e. does there exist an assignment of TRUE/FALSE for each variable such that the whole formula is TRUE?

The package bundles 'PicoSAT' solver release 965 <<http://www.fmv.jku.at/picosat/>>.

**License** MIT + file LICENSE

**Encoding** UTF-8

**LazyData** true

**ByteCompile** true

**RoxygenNote** 6.0.1

**URL** <https://github.com/dirkshumacher/rpicosat>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/dirkshumacher/rpicosat/issues>

**NeedsCompilation** yes

**Depends** R (>= 3.4.0)

**Suggests** testthat, covr

**Author** Dirk Schumacher [aut, cre],  
Armin Biere [ctb, cph] (Author and copyright holder of included PicoSAT code)

**Maintainer** Dirk Schumacher <[mail@dirk-schumacher.net](mailto:mail@dirk-schumacher.net)>

**Repository** CRAN

**Date/Publication** 2017-11-15 22:48:38 UTC

## R topics documented:

picosat_added_original_clauses . . . . .	2
picosat_decisions . . . . .	2

picosat_propagations . . . . .	3
picosat_sat . . . . .	3
picosat_seconds . . . . .	4
picosat_solution_status . . . . .	5
picosat_variables . . . . .	5
picosat_visits . . . . .	6

**Index**

7

**picosat\_added\_original\_clauses**  
*The number of original clauses*

**Description**

The number of original clauses

**Usage**

`picosat_added_original_clauses(x)`

**Arguments**

x a picosat solution object

**Value**

an integer vector of length 1

**picosat\_decisions**      *The number of decisions during a search*

**Description**

The number of decisions during a search

**Usage**

`picosat_decisions(x)`

**Arguments**

x a picosat solution object

**Value**

an integer vector of length 1

---

picosat\_propagations    *The number of propagations during a search*

---

**Description**

The number of propagations during a search

**Usage**

```
picosat_propagations(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                  a picosat solution object

**Value**

an integer vector of length 1

---

picosat\_sat                  *Solve SAT problems with the 'PicoSAT' solver*

---

**Description**

The solver takes a formula in conjunctive normal form and finds a satisfiable assignment of the literals or returns that the formula is not satisfiable.

**Usage**

```
picosat_sat(formula, assumptions = integer(0L))
```

**Arguments**

formula                  a list of integer vectors. Each vector is a clause. Each integer identifies a literal. No element must be 0. Negative integers are negated literals.  
assumptions                  an optional integer vector. Assumptions are fixed values for literals in your formula. Each element corresponds to a literal. Negative literals are FALSE, positive TRUE.

**Value**

a data.frame with two columns, variable and value. In case the solution status is not PICOSAT\_SATISFIABLE the resulting data.frame has 0 rows. You can use ‘picosat\_solution\_status’ to decide if the problem is satisfiable.

## References

- PicoSAT version 965 by Armin Biere: <http://fmv.jku.at/picosat/>  
A. Biere. PicoSAT Essentials. Journal on Satisfiability, Boolean Modeling and Computation, 4:75–97, 2008.

## Examples

```
# solve a boolean formula
# (not a or b) and (not b or c)
# each variable is an integer
# negations are negative integers
formula <- list(
  c(-1L, 2L),
  c(-2L, 3L)
)
res <- picosat_sat(formula)
picosat_solution_status(res)

# set a variable to a fixed value
# e.g. a = TRUE and b = TRUE
res <- picosat_sat(formula, assumptions = c(1L, 2L))
picosat_solution_status(res)

# get further information about the solution process
picosat_variables(res)
picosat_added_original_clauses(res)
picosat_decisions(res)
picosat_propagations(res)
picosat_visits (res)
picosat_seconds(res)
```

picosat_seconds	<i>Time spent in ‘picosat_sat’</i>
-----------------	------------------------------------

---

## Description

Time spent in ‘picosat\_sat’

## Usage

`picosat_seconds(x)`

## Arguments

x	a picosat solution object
---	---------------------------

## Value

a numeric vector of length 1

---

```
picosat_solution_status  
Get the solution status
```

---

**Description**

Get the solution status

**Usage**

```
picosat_solution_status(x)  
  
## S3 method for class 'picosat_solution'  
picosat_solution_status(x)
```

**Arguments**

x a solution from the solver

**Value**

character either PICOSAT\_SATISFIABLE, PICOSAT\_UNSATISFIABLE or PICOSAT\_UNKNOWN

---

```
picosat_variables      The number of variables in a model
```

---

**Description**

The number of variables in a model

**Usage**

```
picosat_variables(x)
```

**Arguments**

x a picosat solution object

**Value**

an integer vector of length 1

---

<code>picosat_visits</code>	<i>The number of visits during a search</i>
-----------------------------	---

---

**Description**

The number of visits during a search

**Usage**

```
picosat_visits(x)
```

**Arguments**

`x` a picosat solution object

**Value**

an integer vector of length 1

# Index

picosat\_added\_original\_clauses, 2  
picosat\_decisions, 2  
picosat\_propagations, 3  
picosat\_sat, 3  
picosat\_seconds, 4  
picosat\_solution\_status, 5  
picosat\_variables, 5  
picosat\_visits, 6