

Package ‘pipeGS’

February 2, 2018

Version 0.4

Date 2017-12-12

Title Permutation p-Value Estimation for Gene Set Tests

Description Code for various permutation p-values estimation methods for gene set test. The description of corresponding methods can be found in the dissertation of Yu He(2016) ``Efficient permutation P-value estimation for gene set tests" <<https://searchworks.stanford.edu/view/11849351>>. One of the methods also corresponds to the paper ``Permutation p-value approximation via generalized Stolarsky invariance" <[arXiv:1603.02757](https://arxiv.org/abs/1603.02757)>.

URL <https://searchworks.stanford.edu/view/11849351>,

<https://arxiv.org/abs/1603.02757>

License GPL-2

Imports parallel

Author Hera He <njheyu@gmail.com>

Maintainer Hera He <njheyu@gmail.com>

RoxxygenNote 6.0.1

NeedsCompilation no

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2018-02-02 18:30:00 UTC

R topics documented:

get.phat.linear	2
get.phat.quadratic	3
pipegs	4

Index

5

`get.phat.linear` *Get the pvalue for the linear statistic*

Description

Get the pvalue for the linear statistic

Usage

```
get.phat.linear(x, y, method = c("phat2", "saddlepoint", "phat1", "phat3",
  "nested", "mc", "exact"), N.mc = 10^3, mc.cores = 1, N.level = 1000,
  q = 0.2, B = 5 * length(x), do.sd = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	binary vector of treatment assignment
<code>y</code>	gene expression measurement matrix
<code>method</code>	method to estimate pvalue for the linear statistic
<code>N.mc</code>	number of mc samples is method == "mc"
<code>mc.cores</code>	number of cores to use in mapply
<code>N.level</code>	number of samples in each level if method == "nested"
<code>q</code>	progression quantile if method == "nested"
<code>B</code>	number of burn-ins to use if method == "nested"
<code>do.sd</code>	logical to indicate whether calculating sd or not

Value

a list containing phat from different methods

Examples

```
x <- c(rep(0, 4), rep(1, 4))
y <- c(rnorm(4, 0, 1), rnorm(4, 2, 1))
get.phat.linear(x, y, method = "saddlepoint")
get.phat.linear(x, y, method = "phat1")
get.phat.linear(x, y, method = "phat2")
get.phat.linear(x, y, method = "phat3")
get.phat.linear(x, y, method = "nested")
get.phat.linear(x, y, method = "mc")
get.phat.linear(x, y, method = "exact")
get.phat.linear(x, y, method = "saddlepoint", do.sd = TRUE)
get.phat.linear(x, y, method = "phat1", do.sd = TRUE)
get.phat.linear(x, y, method = "phat2", do.sd = TRUE)
get.phat.linear(x, y, method = "phat3", do.sd = TRUE)
get.phat.linear(x, y, method = "nested", do.sd = TRUE)
get.phat.linear(x, y, method = "mc", do.sd = TRUE)
get.phat.linear(x, y, method = "exact", do.sd = TRUE)
```

<code>get.phat.quadratic</code>	<i>Get the pvalue for the quadratic statistic</i>
---------------------------------	---

Description

Get the pvalue for the quadratic statistic

Usage

```
get.phat.quadratic(x, y, method = c("is", "nested", "mc", "exact"),
  N.mc = 10^3, N.is = 10^3, N.level = 1000, q = 0.2, B = 5 *
  length(x), mc.cores = 1, do.sd = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	binary vector of treatment assignment
<code>y</code>	gene expression measurement matrix
<code>method</code>	method to estimate pvalue for the linear statistic
<code>N.mc</code>	number of mc samples is method == "mc"
<code>N.is</code>	number of mc samples is method == "is"
<code>N.level</code>	number of samples in each level if method == "nested"
<code>q</code>	progression quantile if method == "nested"
<code>B</code>	number of burn-ins to use if method == "nested"
<code>mc.cores</code>	number of cores to use in mcapply
<code>do.sd</code>	logical to indicate whether calculating sd or not

Value

a list containing phat from different methods

Examples

```
x <- c(rep(0, 4), rep(1, 4))
y <- matrix(c(rnorm(4*5, 0, 1), rnorm(4*5, 2 ,1)), nrow = 8)
get.phat.quadratic(x, y, method = "is")
get.phat.quadratic(x, y, method = "nested")
get.phat.quadratic(x, y, method = "mc")
get.phat.quadratic(x, y, method = "exact")
get.phat.quadratic(x, y, method = "is", do.sd = TRUE)
get.phat.quadratic(x, y, method = "nested", do.sd = TRUE)
get.phat.quadratic(x, y, method = "mc", do.sd = TRUE)
get.phat.quadratic(x, y, method = "exact", do.sd = TRUE)
```

pipegs

pvalue approximation with stolarsky invariance principal.

Description

The package calculates the approximation for permutation p-values of linear statistic

Index

`get.phat.linear`, 2

`get.phat.quadratic`, 3

`pipegs`, 4

`pipegs-package (pipegs)`, 4