

# Package ‘ggfacto’

October 22, 2021

**Title** Graphs for Correspondence Analysis

**Version** 0.2.2

**Description** Readable, complete and pretty graphs for correspondence analysis made with 'FactoMineR'. They can be rendered as interactive 'HTML' plots, showing useful informations at mouse hover. The interest is not mainly visual but statistical: it helps the reader to keep in mind the data contained in the cross-table or Burt table while reading the correspondence analysis, thus preventing over-interpretation. Graphs are made with 'ggplot2', which means that you can use the + syntax to manually add as many graphical pieces you want, or change theme elements.

**URL** <https://github.com/BriceNocenti/ggfacto>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/BriceNocenti/ggfacto/issues>

**License** GPL (>= 3)

**Encoding** UTF-8

**RoxygenNote** 7.1.1

**Imports** magrittr (>= 1.5.0), FactoMineR (>= 2.0.0), ggiraph (>= 0.7.0), ggplot2 (>= 3.0.0), widgetframe (>= 0.3.0), dplyr (>= 1.0.0), forcats (>= 0.5.0), purrr (>= 0.3.0), rlang (>= 0.4.0), stringi (>= 1.4.6), stringr (>= 1.4.0), tibble (>= 3.0.0), tidyr (>= 1.0.0), tidyselect (>= 1.1.0), vctrs (>= 0.3.0), ggrepel (>= 0.9.0), gridExtra (>= 2.0), tabxplor (>= 1.0.0), stats (>= 4.0.0), grDevices (>= 4.0.0), htmlwidgets (>= 1.4.0), kableExtra (>= 1.3.0)

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ggca	<i>Readable and Interactive graph for simple correspondence analysis</i>
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### Description

A readable, complete and beautiful graph for simple correspondence analysis made with FactoMineR: :CA. Interactive tooltips, appearing when hovering on points with mouse, allow to keep in mind all the content of the table while reading the graph. Since it is made in the spirit of [ggplot2](#), it is possible to change theme or add another plot elements with `+`. Then, interactive tooltips won't appear until you pass the result through [ggi](#).

### Usage

```
ggca(
  res.ca = res.ca,
  axes = c(1, 2),
  show_sup = FALSE,
  xlim,
  ylim,
  out_lims_move = FALSE,
  type = c("points", "text", "labels"),
  text_repel = FALSE,
  uppercase = "col",
  tooltips = "row",
  rowtips_subtitle = "Row pct",
  coltips_subtitle = "Column pct",
  rowcolor_numbers = 0,
  colcolor_numbers = 0,
  cleannames = TRUE,
  filter = "",
  title,
  text_size = 3.5,
  dist_labels = c("auto", 0.12),
  right_margin = 0,
```

```

    size_scale_max = 8,
    use_theme = TRUE
  )

```

## Arguments

<code>res.ca</code>	An object created with <code>FactoMineR::CA</code> .
<code>axes</code>	The axes to print, as a numeric vector of length 2.
<code>show_sup</code>	When TRUE show supplementary rows and cols.
<code>xlim, ylim</code>	Horizontal and vertical axes limits, as double vectors of length 2.
<code>out_lims_move</code>	When TRUE, the points out of <code>xlim</code> or <code>ylim</code> are not removed, but moved at the edges of the graph.
<code>type</code>	Determines the way the two variables of the table are printed. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• "points" : colored points with text legends</li> <li>• "text" : colored text</li> <li>• "labels" : colored labels</li> </ul>
<code>text_repel</code>	When TRUE the graph is not interactive anymore, but the resulting image is better to print because points and labels don't overlaps. It uses <code>ggrepel::geom_text_repel</code> .
<code>uppercase</code>	Print "row" var or "col" var labels with uppercase.
<code>tooltips</code>	Choose the content of interactive tooltips at mouse hover : "col" for the table of columns percentages, "row" for line percentages, <code>c("row", "col")</code> for both.
<code>rowtips_subtitle, coltips_subtitle</code>	The subtitles used before the table in interactive tooltips.
<code>rowcolor_numbers, colcolor_numbers</code>	If row var or col var levels are prefixed with numbers(ex. : "1-"), the number of digits to use to create classes that will be used to add colors to points.
<code>cleannames</code>	Set to TRUE to clean levels names, by removing prefix numbers like "1-", and text in parentheses.
<code>filter</code>	Regex patterns to discard levels of row or col variables.
<code>title</code>	The title of the graph.
<code>text_size</code>	Size of text.
<code>dist_labels</code>	When <code>type = "points"</code> , the distance of text and labels from points.
<code>right_margin</code>	A margin at the right, in cm. Useful to read tooltips over points placed at the right of the graph without formatting problems.
<code>size_scale_max</code>	Size of points.
<code>use_theme</code>	By default, a specific <b>ggplot2</b> theme is used. Set to FALSE to customize your own <a href="#">theme</a> .

## Value

A `ggplot` object to be printed in the 'RStudio' Plots pane. Possibility to add other gg objects with `+`. Sending the result through `ggi` will draw the interactive graph in the Viewer pane using `ggiraph`.

## Examples

```
# Make the correspondence analysis :

tabs <- table(forcats::gss_cat$race, forcats::gss_cat$marital)[-4,]
# tabs <- tabxplor::tab_plain(forcats::gss_cat, race, marital, df = TRUE)
res.ca <- FactoMineR::CA(tabs, graph = FALSE)

# Interactive plot :
graph.ca <- ggca(res.ca,
                 title = "Race by marital : correspondence analysis",
                 tooltips = c("row", "col"))
ggi(graph.ca) #to make the plot interactive

# Image plot :
ggca(res.ca,
      title = "Race by marital : correspondence analysis",
      text_repel = TRUE)
```

---

ggi

---

*Pass a MCA plot into a html interactive plot*


---

## Description

Pass a MCA plot into a html interactive plot

## Usage

```
ggi(
  plot = ggplot2::last_plot(),
  width = NULL,
  height = NULL,
  keep_ratio = TRUE,
  savewidget = FALSE,
  dir = NULL,
  name = "Plot",
  replace = FALSE,
  open = rlang::is_interactive(),
  iframe = NULL,
  pixel_width,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

plot	The plot, created with <a href="#">ggmca</a> or <a href="#">ggca</a> .
width	The width in centimeters. Default to printing device's size.

height	The height in centimeters. Default to printing device's size.
keep_ratio	By default, the height is forced based of the relative size of the MCA's axes. Set to FALSE to avoid this behavior.
savewidget	Should the html widget be saved on disk ?
dir	If saved as file, the directory in which to save the html widget. Default to temporary directory. Set global option "ggfacto.export_dir" with <code>link[base:options]{options}</code> to change default directory.
name	The name of the file to save.
replace	Replace file ? By default, number added to find a new name.
open	Should the resulting file be opened at once ?
iframe	Create an html frame around the plot to ensure fixed dimensions. Useful when opening the plot in a web browser (but will produce a blank graph with <b>rmark-down</b> ). This is default behavior with <code>savewidget = TRUE</code> .
pixel_width	The width in pixels for <code>widgetframe</code> .
...	Additional arguments to pass to <code>girafe</code> and <code>dsvg</code> . fonts can be used to provide text fonts.

**Value**

An html plot.

---

ggmca

*Readable and Interactive graph for multiple correspondence analysis*


---

**Description**

A readable, complete and beautiful graph for multiple correspondence analysis made with `FactoMineR::MCA`. Interactive tooltips, appearing when hovering near points with mouse, allow to keep in mind many important data (tables of active variables, and additional chosen variables) while reading the graph. Profiles of answers (from the graph of "individuals") are drawn in the back, and can be linked to `FactoMineR::HCPC` classes. Since it is made in the spirit of `ggplot2`, it is possible to change theme or add another plot elements with `+`. Then, interactive tooltips won't appear until you pass the result through `ggi`. Step-by-step functions : use `ggmca_data` to get the data frames with every parameter in a MCA printing, then modify, and pass to `ggmca_plot` to draw the graph.

**Usage**

```
ggmca(
  res.mca = res.mca,
  sup_vars,
  tooltip_vars_1lv,
  tooltip_vars,
  axes = c(1, 2),
  axes_names = NULL,
```

```

type = c("text", "points", "labels", "active_vars_only", "numbers"),
cleannames = TRUE,
keep_levels,
discard_levels,
profiles = TRUE,
profiles_tooltip_discard = "^Not|^No|^Pas|^Non ",
cah,
max_profiles,
nb_char_for_color = rep(0, length(sup_vars)),
text_repel = FALSE,
title,
actives_in_bold = FALSE,
ellipses = NULL,
xlim,
ylim,
out_lims_move = FALSE,
color_profiles,
base_profiles_color = "#ddddd",
shift_colors = 0,
colornames_recode,
scale_color_light = material_colors_light(),
scale_color_dark = material_colors_dark(),
text_size = 3,
size_scale_max = 8,
dist_labels = c("auto", 0.04),
right_margin = 0,
use_theme = TRUE
)

ggmca_data(
  res.mca = res.mca,
  sup_vars,
  tooltip_vars_1lv,
  tooltip_vars,
  cleannames = TRUE,
  keep_levels,
  discard_levels,
  profiles = TRUE,
  profiles_tooltip_discard = "^Pas|^Non|^Not|^No ",
  cah,
  max_profiles,
  nb_char_for_color = rep(0, length(sup_vars))
)

ggmca_plot(
  data,
  axes = c(1, 2),
  axes_names = NULL,

```

```

type = c("text", "points", "labels", "active_vars_only", "numbers", "facets"),
text_repel = FALSE,
title,
actives_in_bold = FALSE,
ellipses = NULL,
xlim,
ylim,
out_lims_move = FALSE,
color_profiles,
base_profiles_color = "#ddddd",
shift_colors = 0,
colnames_recode,
scale_color_light = material_colors_light(),
scale_color_dark = material_colors_dark(),
text_size = 3,
size_scale_max = 8,
dist_labels = c("auto", 0.04),
right_margin = 0,
use_theme = TRUE
)

```

### Arguments

<code>res.mca</code>	An object created with FactoMineR: <a href="#">MCA</a> .
<code>sup_vars</code>	A character vectors of supplementary qualitative variables to print. They must have been passed in <a href="#">MCA</a> before.
<code>tooltip_vars_1lv</code>	A character vectors of variables, whose first level (if character/factor) or <code>weighted_mean</code> (if numeric) will be added at the top of interactive tooltips.
<code>tooltip_vars</code>	A character vector of variables (character/factors), whose complete levels will be added at the bottom of interactive tooltips.
<code>axes</code>	The axes to print, as a numeric vector of length 2.
<code>axes_names</code>	Names of all the axes (not just the two selected ones), as a character vector.
<code>type</code>	Determines the way <code>sup_vars</code> are printed. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• "text" : colored text</li> <li>• "points" : colored points with text legends</li> <li>• "labels" : colored labels</li> <li>• "active_vars_only" : no <code>sup_vars</code></li> <li>• "numbers" : colored labels of prefix numbers, with small names</li> <li>• "facets" : one graph of profiles of answer for each levels of the first <code>sup_vars</code>. A different color is used for each.</li> </ul>
<code>cleannames</code>	Set to TRUE to clean levels names, by removing prefix numbers like "1-", and text in parentheses.
<code>keep_levels</code>	A character vector of variables levels to keep : others will be discarded.
<code>discard_levels</code>	A character vector of variables levels to discard.

profiles	When TRUE, profiles of answers are drawn in the back of the graph with light-grey points. When hovering with mouse, the answers of individuals to active variables will appears. If cah is provided, to hover near one point will color all the points of the same HCPC class.
profiles_tooltip_discard	A regex pattern to remove useless levels among interactive tooltips for profiles of answers (ex. : levels expressing "no" answers).
cah	A variable made with HCPC, to link the answers-profiles points who share the same ICPC class (will be colored together at mouse hover).
max_profiles	The maximum number of profiles points to print.
nb_char_for_color	If sup_vars are prefixed with numbers, the number of characters to use to create classes that will be used to add colors to points.
text_repel	When TRUE the graph is not interactive anymore, but the resulting image is better to print because points and labels don't overlaps. It uses ggrepel: <a href="#">geom_text_repel</a> .
title	The title of the graph.
actives_in_bold	Should active variables be in bold font, or sup variables ?
ellipses	Set to a number between 0 and 1 to draw a concentration ellipse for each level of the first sup_vars. 0.95 draw ellipses containing 95 individuals of each category. 0.5 draw median-ellipses, containing half the individuals of each category.
xlim, ylim	Horizontal and vertical axes limits, as double vectors of length 2.
out_lims_move	When TRUE, the points out of xlim or ylim are not removed, but moved at the edges of the graph.
color_profiles	If cah is provided, should the answers profiles be colored depending on their cah class ?
base_profiles_color	The base color for answers profiles. Default to gray. Set to 'NULL' to discard profiles. With 'color_profiles', set to 'NULL' to discard the non-colored profiles.
shift_colors	Change colors of the sup_vars points.
colnames_recode	A named character vector with <a href="#">fct_recode</a> style to rename the levels of the color variable if needed (levels used for colors are printed in console message whenever the function is used).
scale_color_light	A scale color for sup vars points
scale_color_dark	A scale color for sup vars texts
text_size	Size of text.
size_scale_max	Size of points.
dist_labels	When type = points, the distance of labels from points.
right_margin	A margin at the right, in cm. Useful to read tooltips over points placed at the right of the graph without formatting problems.

use_theme	By default, a specific <b>ggplot2</b> theme is used. Set to FALSE to customize your own <a href="#">theme</a> .
data	A list of data frames made with <a href="#">ggmca_data</a> .

### Value

A [ggplot](#) object to be printed in the ‘RStudio’ Plots pane. Possibility to add other gg objects with +. Sending the result through [ggi](#) will draw the interactive graph in the Viewer pane using [ggi](#) [graph](#).

A list containing the data frames to pass to [ggmca\\_plot](#).

A [ggplot](#) object.

### Functions

- [ggmca\\_data](#): get the data frames with all parameters to print a MCA graph
- [ggmca\\_plot](#): print MCA graph from data frames with parameters

### Examples

```
data(tea, package = "FactoMineR")
res.mca <- FactoMineR::MCA(tea, quanti.sup = 19, quali.sup = c(20:36), graph = FALSE)

res.mca %>%
  ggmca(sup_vars = c("SPC", "age_Q"), ylim = c(NA, 1.2)) %>%
  ggi() #to make the graph interactive
#Concentration ellipses for each levels of a supplementary variable :
ggmca(res.mca, sup_vars = "SPC", ylim = c(NA, 1.2), ellipses = 0.5, text_repel = TRUE)

#Graph of profiles of answer for each levels of a supplementary variable :
ggmca(res.mca, sup_vars = "SPC", ylim = c(NA, 1.2), type = "facets", ellipses = 0.5)
```

---

ggsave2

*Save a plot as image*

---

### Description

Save a plot as image

### Usage

```
ggsave2(
  plot = ggplot2::last_plot(),
  dir = NULL,
  name = "Plot",
  xt = "png",
  dpi = 600,
```

```

width = 21,
height,
scale = 1,
replace = FALSE,
open = rlang::is_interactive()
)

```

### Arguments

plot	The plot, created with <b>ggplot2</b> .
dir	If saved as file, the directory in which to save the html widget. Default to temporary directory. Set global option "ggfacto.export_dir" with link[base:options]{options} to change default directory.
name	The name of the file to save.
xt	The extension name, when saving as image (interactive graph will always be .html).
dpi	The resolution.
width	The width in centimeters.
height	The height in centimeters. By default, width/1.41.
scale	Fixed ratio between horizontal and vertical axes.
replace	Replace file ? By default, number added to find a new name.
open	Should the resulting file be opened at once ?

### Value

Creates a file, and opens it in 'RStudio' viewer, as a side effect.

---

material\_colors\_dark *Title Scale color dark for MCA.*

---

### Description

Title Scale color dark for MCA.

### Usage

```
material_colors_dark()
```

### Value

A character vector of color codes, with color names.

### Examples

```
material_colors_dark()
```

---

material\_colors\_light *Title Scale color light for MCA.*

---

**Description**

Title Scale color light for MCA.

**Usage**

```
material_colors_light()
```

**Value**

A character vector of color codes, with color names.

**Examples**

```
material_colors_light()
```

---

mca\_interpret *Helper table to interpret multiple correspondence analysis*

---

**Description**

A table to help to interpret the meaning of axes in multiple correspondence analysis (MCA), based on Brigitte Le Roux, *Analyse geometrique des donnees multidimensionnelles*, Dunod, Paris, 2014 / Brigitte Le Roux and Henri Rouanet, *Geometric data analysis : from correspondence analysis to structured data analysis*, Kluwer, Boston, 2004. Only levels whose relative contribution to the variance of axis is superior to the mean contribution are kept. The spread between positive levels and negative levels of the same variable is calculated in percentages of the variance of the question/variable.

**Usage**

```
mca_interpret(res.mca = res.mca, axes = c(1, 2), type = c("html", "console"))
```

**Arguments**

res.mca	An object created with FactoMineR: <a href="#">MCA</a> ,
axes	The axes to interpret, as an integer vector. Default to axes 1 and 2.
type	By default, a html table is printed. Set to "console" to print in console or axes the numbers as a data.frame.

**Value**

An html table (or a tibble).

**Examples**

```
data(tea, package = "FactoMineR")
res.mca <- FactoMineR::MCA(tea, quanti.sup = 19, quali.sup = c(20:36), graph = FALSE)
mca_interpret(res.mca)
```

---

pers\_or\_plot

*Modified odd ratios plot from 'finalfit'*

---

**Description**

Modified odd ratios plot from 'finalfit'

**Usage**

```
pers_or_plot(
  .data,
  dependent,
  explanatory,
  random_effect = NULL,
  factorlist = NULL,
  glmfit = NULL,
  confint_type = NULL,
  remove_ref = FALSE,
  break_scale = NULL,
  column_space = c(-0.5, 0, 0.2),
  dependent_label = NULL,
  prefix = "",
  suffix = ": OR (95% CI, p-value)",
  table_text_size = 5,
  title_text_size = 18,
  plot_opts = NULL,
  table_opts = NULL,
  return_df = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

.data	Data frame.
dependent	Character vector of length 1: name of dependent variable (must have 2 levels).
explanatory	Character vector of any length: name(s) of explanatory variables.
random_effect	Character vector of length 1, name of random effect variable.
factorlist	Option to provide output directly from <code>summary_factorlist()</code> .
glmfit	Option to provide output directly from <code>glmulti()</code> and <code>glmmixed()</code> .

confint_type	One of c("profile", "default") for GLM models or c("default", "Wald", "profile", "boot") for glmer models. Note "default" == "Wald".
remove_ref	Logical. Remove reference level for factors.
break_scale	Manually specify x-axis breaks in format c(0.1, 1, 10).
column_space	Adjust table column spacing.
dependent_label	Main label for plot.
prefix	Plots are titled by default with the dependent variable. This adds text before that label.
suffix	Plots are titled with the dependent variable. This adds text after that label.
table_text_size	Alter font size of table text.
title_text_size	Alter font size of title text.
plot_opts	A list of arguments to be appended to the ggplot call by "+".
table_opts	A list of arguments to be appended to the ggplot table call by "+".
return_df	To return the dataframe.
...	Other parameters.

**Value**

The odd ratios plot as a ggplot2 object.

---

theme_facto	<i>A ggplot2 Theme for Geometrical Data Analysis</i>
-------------	--

---

**Description**

A ggplot2 Theme for Geometrical Data Analysis

**Usage**

```
theme_facto(
  res,
  axes = c(1, 2),
  legend.position = c("none", "left", "right", "bottom", "top"),
  no_color_scale = FALSE,
  size_scale_max = 8,
  xlim,
  ylim
)
```

**Arguments**

res	An object created with FactoMineR: <a href="#">MCA</a> , <a href="#">CA</a> , etc.
axes	The axes to print, as a numeric vector of length 2.
legend.position	One of <code>c("none", "left", "right", "bottom", "top")</code> .
no_color_scale	When TRUE, you can provide <code>color_scale</code> next without warning.
size_scale_max	Maximum size of the points.
xlim	Horizontal axe limits.
ylim	Vertical axe limits.

**Value**

A list of ggplot2 objects.

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