

Package ‘file2meco’

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Type Package

Title Transform Files to 'microtable' Object with 'microeco' Package

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Description Transform output files of some tools to the 'microtable' object of 'microtable' class in 'microeco' package. The 'microtable' class is the basic class in 'microeco' package and is necessary for the downstream microbial community data analysis.

URL <https://github.com/ChiLiubio/file2meco>

Depends R (>= 3.5.0)

Imports microeco, ape, magrittr, dplyr, tidyr, yaml, rhdf5, Matrix

Suggests Biostrings, seqinr, phyloseq

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check_match_table	<i>Replace the names use match table</i>
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Description

Replace the names use match table

Usage

```
check_match_table(match_table = NULL, abund_new = NULL)
```

Arguments

match_table	default NULL; character or data.frame; matching table used.
abund_new	default NULL; data.frame; the abundance table used.

Value

new abundance table.

check_sample_table	<i>Read sample table</i>
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Description

Read sample table

Usage

```
check_sample_table(sample_data = NULL)
```

Arguments

sample_data	default NULL; character or data.frame; matching table used.
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Value

sample information table.

CHOCOPhlan_taxonomy *The CHOCOPhlan_taxonomy data*

Description

The CHOCOPhlan_taxonomy data is used for the parsing the 'HUMAnN' metagenomic results and add the taxonomy hierarchical information to the 'tax_table'.

Usage

```
data(CHOCOPhlan_taxonomy)
```

humann2meco *Transform 'HUMAnN' metagenomic results to 'microtable' object.*

Description

Transform 'HUMAnN' metagenomic results to microtable object, reference: Franzosa et al. (2018) <doi:10.1038/s41592-018-0176-y>.

Usage

```
humann2meco(
  abund_table,
  db = c("MetaCyc", "KEGG")[1],
  sample_data = NULL,
  match_table = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

abund_table	'HUMAnN' output abundance table, see the example.
db	default "MetaCyc"; either "MetaCyc" or "KEGG"; the pathway database used in the abund_table file generation.
sample_data	default NULL; the sample metadata table, must be tab or comma seperated file, generally, a file with suffix "tsv" or "csv".
match_table	default NULL; a two column table used to replace the sample names in HUMAnN abundance result; Must be two columns with no column names; The first column must be sample names same with those in abund_table, the second column is the new sample names, e.g., the rownames in sample_table. See the example files.
...	parameter passed to microtable\$new function of microeco package, such as auto_tidy parameter.

Value

microtable object.

Examples

```

library(file2meco)
library(microeco)
library(magrittr)
sample_file_path <- system.file("extdata", "example_metagenome_sample_info.tsv",
  package="file2meco")
match_file_path <- system.file("extdata", "example_metagenome_match_table.tsv", package="file2meco")
# MetaCyc pathway examples
# use the raw data files stored inside the package for MetaCyc pathway database based analysis
abund_file_path <- system.file("extdata", "example_HUMANn_MetaCyc_abund.tsv", package="file2meco")
# the default db is "MetaCyc"
humann2meco(abund_table = abund_file_path, db = "MetaCyc")
humann2meco(abund_table = abund_file_path, db = "MetaCyc", sample_data = sample_file_path,
  match_table = match_file_path)
test <- humann2meco(abund_table = abund_file_path, db = "MetaCyc", sample_data = sample_file_path,
  match_table = match_file_path)
test$tidy_dataset()
# rel = FALSE donot use relative abundance
test$cal_abund(select_cols = 1:3, rel = FALSE)
test$taxa_abund$Superclass1 %<>% .[!grepl("unclass", rownames(.)), ]
test1 <- trans_abund$new(test, taxrank = "Superclass1", ntaxa = 10)
test1$plot_bar(facet = "Group", ylab_title = "Abundance (RPK)")
# select both function and taxa
test$cal_abund(select_cols = c("Superclass1", "Phylum", "Genus"), rel = TRUE)
test1 <- trans_abund$new(test, taxrank = "Phylum", ntaxa = 10, delete_part_prefix = TRUE)
test1$plot_bar(facet = "Group")
test$taxa_abund$Phylum %<>% .[!grepl("unclass", rownames(.)), ]
test1 <- trans_abund$new(test, taxrank = "Phylum", ntaxa = 10, delete_part_prefix = TRUE)
test1$plot_bar(facet = "Group")
# functional biomarker
test$cal_abund(select_cols = 1:3, rel = TRUE)
test$taxa_abund$Superclass1 %<>% .[!grepl("unclass", rownames(.)), ]
test$taxa_abund$Superclass2 %<>% .[!grepl("unclass", rownames(.)), ]
test$taxa_abund$pathway %<>% .[!grepl("unclass", rownames(.)), ]
test1 <- trans_diff$new(test, method = "lefse", group = "Group")
test1$plot_diff_bar(use_number = 1:20)
# taxa biomarker
test$cal_abund(select_cols = 4:9, rel = TRUE)
test$taxa_abund$Phylum %<>% .[!grepl("unclass", rownames(.)), ]
test1 <- trans_diff$new(test, method = "lefse", group = "Group", p_adjust_method = NULL)
test1$plot_diff_bar(threshold = 2)
#####
# KEGG pathway examples
abund_file_path <- system.file("extdata", "example_HUMANn_KEGG_abund.tsv", package="file2meco")
humann2meco(abund_table = abund_file_path, db = "KEGG")
test <- humann2meco(abund_table = abund_file_path, db = "KEGG",
  sample_data = sample_file_path, match_table = match_file_path)

```

```

test$tax_table %<>% subset(Level.1 != "unclassified")
test$tidy_dataset()
# rel = FALSE donot use relative abundance
test$cal_abund(select_cols = 1:3, rel = FALSE)
test1 <- trans_abund$new(test, taxrank = "Level.2", ntaxa = 10)
test1$plot_bar(facet = "Group", ylab_title = "Abundance (RPK)")
# select both function and taxa
test$cal_abund(select_cols = c("Level.1", "Phylum", "Genus"), rel = TRUE)
test1 <- trans_abund$new(test, taxrank = "Phylum", ntaxa = 10, delete_part_prefix = TRUE)
test1$plot_bar(facet = "Group")
# functional biomarker
test$cal_abund(select_cols = 1:3, rel = TRUE)
test1 <- trans_diff$new(test, method = "lefse", group = "Group")
test1$plot_diff_bar(threshold = 3)
# taxa biomarker
test$cal_abund(select_cols = 4:9, rel = TRUE)
test1 <- trans_diff$new(test, method = "lefse", group = "Group", p_adjust_method = NULL)
test1$plot_diff_bar(threshold = 2)

```

meco2phyloseq

Transform 'microtable' object of 'microeco' package to the 'phyloseq' object of 'phyloseq' package.

Description

Transform 'microtable' object of 'microeco' package to the 'phyloseq' object of 'phyloseq' package.

Usage

```
meco2phyloseq(dataset)
```

Arguments

dataset a microtable object.

Value

phyloseq object.

Examples

```

## Not run:
library(microeco)
data("dataset")
meco2phyloseq(dataset)

## End(Not run)

```

MetaCyc_pathway_map *The MetaCyc_pathway_map data*

Description

The MetaCyc_pathway_map data is a manually curated 'MetaCyc' pathway hierarchical structure data. It is used for the parsing the 'HUMAaN' metagenomic abundance table associated with 'MetaCyc' database. Currently, only superclass 1, 2 and the pathway are used in this data.

Usage

```
data(MetaCyc_pathway_map)
```

metacyc_pathway_website

Get the website for a 'MetaCyc' pathway name

Description

Get the website for a 'MetaCyc' pathway name

Usage

```
metacyc_pathway_website(pathway = NULL)
```

Arguments

pathway default NULL; character vector; one or more MetaCyc pathway names.

Value

character vector.

Examples

```
metacyc_pathway_website("FOLSYN-PWY")
```

mpa2meco	<i>Transform metagenomic classification results of 'mpa' format to 'microtable' object.</i>
----------	---

Description

Transform the classification results of mpa (MetaPhlAn) format to microtable object, such as MetaPhlAn and Kraken2 results. Kraken2 results can be obtained by `merge_metaphlan_tables.py` from MetaPhlAn or `combine_mpa.py` from KrakenTools (<https://ccb.jhu.edu/software/krakentools/>). The algorithm of Kraken2 determines that the abundance of a taxon is not equal to the sum of abundances of taxa in its subordinate lineage. So the default tables in `taxa_abund` of return microtable object are extracted from the abundances of raw file. It is totally different with the return `taxa_abund` of `cal_abund` function, which sums the abundances of taxa at different taxonomic levels based on the taxonomic table and the `otu_table` (i.e., taxa abundance table at a specified level, e.g., 's__').

Usage

```
mpa2meco(
  abund_table,
  sample_data = NULL,
  match_table = NULL,
  use_level = "s__",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

<code>abund_table</code>	'mpa' format abundance table, see the example.
<code>sample_data</code>	default NULL; the sample metadata table, must be tab or comma seperated file, generally, a file with suffix "tsv" or "csv"..
<code>match_table</code>	default NULL; a two column table used to replace the sample names in 'HUMAN' abundance result; Remember just two columns with no column names; The first column must be sample names used in <code>abund_table</code> , the second column is the new sample names, e.g. the rownames in <code>sample_table</code> . See the example files.
<code>use_level</code>	default "s__"; the prefix parsed for the <code>otu_table</code> and <code>tax_table</code> ; must be one of 'd__', 'k__', 'p__', 'c__', 'o__', 'f__', 'g__' and 's__'.
...	parameter passed to <code>microtable\$new</code> function of <code>microeco</code> package, such as <code>auto_tidy</code> parameter.

Value

microtable object.

Examples

```

library(microeco)
library(file2meco)
library(magrittr)
# use Kraken2 file stored inside the package
abund_file_path <- system.file("extdata", "example_kraken2_merge.txt", package="file2meco")
mpa2meco(abund_table = abund_file_path)
# add sample information table
sample_file_path <- system.file("extdata", "example_metagenome_sample_info.tsv",
  package="file2meco")
# sample names are different between abund_file_path and sample_file_path;
# use a matching table to adjust them
match_file_path <- system.file("extdata", "example_metagenome_match_table.tsv", package="file2meco")
test <- mpa2meco(abund_table = abund_file_path, sample_data = sample_file_path,
  match_table = match_file_path, use_level = "s_")
# make the taxonomy standard for the following analysis
test$tax_table %<>% tidy_taxonomy
test$tidy_dataset()
# convert the data of default taxa_abund to relative abundance
test$taxa_abund %<>% lapply(function(x){apply(x, 2, function(y){y/sum(y)}})}
# calculate taxa_abund with specified level instead of raw kraken results
test1 <- clone(test)
test1$scal_abund()
identical(test$taxa_abund$Kingdom, test1$taxa_abund$Kingdom)

```

ncyc2meco

Transform 'Ncyc' metagenomic abundance to 'microtable' object.

Description

Transform 'Ncyc' metagenomic abundance to microtable object. Reference: Qichao et al. (2019) <doi: 10.1093/bioinformatics/bty741>.

Usage

```
ncyc2meco(abund_table, sample_data = NULL, match_table = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

abund_table	'Ncyc' software output abundance table, see the example file.
sample_data	default NULL; the sample metadata table; data.frame or character for the path; A file path must be tab or comma seperated file, generally, a file with suffix "tsv" or "csv".
match_table	default NULL; data.frame or character for the path; should be two column table used to replace the sample names in abundance result; Remember just two columns with no column names; The first column must be sample names used in

abund_table, the second column is the new sample names, e.g. the rownames in sample_table. See the example files; A file path must be tab or comma separated file, e.g. a file with suffix "tsv" or "csv".

... parameter passed to microtable\$new function of microeco package, such as auto_tidy parameter.

Value

microtable object.

Examples

```
# use the raw data files stored inside the package
abund_file_path <- system.file("extdata", "example_Ncyc_table.tsv", package="file2meco")
sample_file_path <- system.file("extdata", "example_metagenome_sample_info.tsv",
  package="file2meco")
match_file_path <- system.file("extdata", "example_metagenome_match_table.tsv", package="file2meco")
library(microeco)
library(file2meco)
library(magrittr)
ncyc2meco(abund_table = abund_file_path)
test <- ncyc2meco(abund_table = abund_file_path, sample_data = sample_file_path,
  match_table = match_file_path)
test$tidy_dataset()
# use split_group = TRUE to calculate the pathway abundance with multiple map correspondance
test$cal_abund(select_cols = 1:2, rel = TRUE, split_group = TRUE, split_column = "Pathway")
test$taxa_abund$Pathway %<>% .[!grepl("unclass", rownames(.)), ]
test1 <- trans_abund$new(test, taxrank = "Pathway")
test1$plot_bar(bar_type = "notfull")
# for gene abundance, no splitting on the Pathway
test$cal_abund(select_cols = 1:2, rel = TRUE, split_group = FALSE)
test$taxa_abund$Gene %<>% .[!grepl("unclass", rownames(.)), ]
test1 <- trans_abund$new(test, taxrank = "Gene")
test1$plot_bar(bar_type = "notfull")
```

ncyc_map

The ncyc_map data

Description

The ncyc_map data is used for the parsing the 'Ncyc' metagenomic results and add the N cycle pathway information to the 'tax_table' of 'microtable' object.

Usage

```
data(ncyc_map)
```

phyloseq2meco	<i>Transform the 'phyloseq' object of 'phyloseq' package to 'microtable' object of 'microeco' package.</i>
---------------	--

Description

Transform the 'phyloseq' object of 'phyloseq' package to 'microtable' object of 'microeco' package.

Usage

```
phyloseq2meco(physeq, ...)
```

Arguments

physeq	a phyloseq object.
...	parameter passed to microtable\$new function of microeco package, such as auto_tidy parameter.

Value

microtable object.

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(phyloseq)
data("GlobalPatterns")
phyloseq2meco(GlobalPatterns)

## End(Not run)
```

qiime1meco	<i>Transform 'QIIME' results to 'microtable' object.</i>
------------	--

Description

Transform 'QIIME' results to microtable object.

Usage

```
qiime1meco(
  otu_table,
  sample_data = NULL,
  phylo_tree = NULL,
  rep_fasta = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

otu_table	the otu table generated from 'QIIME'. Taxonomic information should be in the end of the file.
sample_data	default NULL; If provided, must be tab or comma seperated file, generally, a file with suffix "tsv" or "csv".
phylo_tree	default NULL; the phylogenetic tree; generally, a file with suffix "tre".
rep_fasta	default NULL; the representative sequences; a fasta file, generally with suffix "fasta" or "fna" or "fa".
...	parameter passed to microtable\$new function of microeco package, such as auto_tidy parameter.

Value

microtable object.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# use the raw data files stored inside the package
otu_file_path <- system.file("extdata", "otu_table_raw.txt", package="file2meco")
sample_file_path <- system.file("extdata", "sample_info.csv", package="file2meco")
phylo_file_path <- system.file("extdata", "rep_phylo.tre", package="file2meco")
rep_fasta_path <- system.file("extdata", "rep.fna", package="file2meco")
qiime1meco(otu_table = otu_file_path, sample_data = sample_file_path)
qiime1meco(otu_table = otu_file_path, sample_data = sample_file_path,
  phylo_tree = phylo_file_path)
qiime1meco(otu_table = otu_file_path, sample_data = sample_file_path,
  phylo_tree = phylo_file_path, rep_fasta = rep_fasta_path)

## End(Not run)
```

qiime2meco

Transform 'QIIME2' results to 'microtable' object.

Description

Transform 'QIIME2' qza results to microtable object.

Usage

```
qiime2meco(
  ASV_data,
  sample_data = NULL,
  taxonomy_data = NULL,
  phylo_tree = NULL,
  rep_fasta = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

ASV_data	the ASV data, such as the 'data2_table.qza'.
sample_data	default NULL; the sample metadata table; three formats are available: One format is q2-type tab separated file path, such as the 'sample-metadata.tsv' in the example; The second format is generally used comma separated file path with the suffix csv or tab separated file with suffix tsv/txt; The third format is data.frame.
taxonomy_data	default NULL; the taxonomy data, such as the 'taxonomy.qza'.
phylo_tree	default NULL; the phylogenetic tree, such as the 'tree.qza'.
rep_fasta	default NULL; the representative sequences, such as the 'dada2_rep_set.qza'.
...	parameter passed to microtable\$new function of microeco package, such as auto_tidy parameter.

Value

microtable object.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# The data files is downloaded from https://docs.qiime2.org/2020.8/tutorials/pd-mice/
# and stored inside the package.
abund_file_path <- system.file("extdata", "dada2_table.qza", package="file2meco")
sample_file_path <- system.file("extdata", "sample-metadata.tsv", package="file2meco")
taxonomy_file_path <- system.file("extdata", "taxonomy.qza", package="file2meco")
qiime2meco(ASV_data = abund_file_path)
qiime2meco(ASV_data = abund_file_path, sample_data = sample_file_path)
qiime2meco(ASV_data = abund_file_path, sample_data = sample_file_path,
  taxonomy_data = taxonomy_file_path)

## End(Not run)
```

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