

Package ‘SeuratObject’

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Type Package

Title Data Structures for Single Cell Data

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Description Defines S4 classes for single-cell genomic data and associated information, such as dimensionality reduction embeddings, nearest-neighbor graphs, and spatially-resolved coordinates. Provides data access methods and R-native hooks to ensure the Seurat object is familiar to other R users. See Satija R, Farrell J, Gennert D, et al (2015) <[doi:10.1038/nbt.3192](https://doi.org/10.1038/nbt.3192)>, Macosko E, Basu A, Satija R, et al (2015) <[doi:10.1016/j.cell.2015.05.002](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cell.2015.05.002)>, and Stuart T, Butler A, et al (2019) <[doi:10.1016/j.cell.2019.05.031](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cell.2019.05.031)> for more details.

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SeuratObject-package *SeuratObject: Data Structures for Single Cell Data*

Description

Defines S4 classes for single-cell genomic data and associated information, such as dimensionality reduction embeddings, nearest-neighbor graphs, and spatially-resolved coordinates. Provides data access methods and R-native hooks to ensure the Seurat object is familiar to other R users. See Satija R, Farrell J, Gennert D, et al (2015) <doi:10.1038/nbt.3192>, Macosko E, Basu A, Satija R, et al (2015) <doi:10.1016/j.cell.2015.05.002>, and Stuart T, Butler A, et al (2019) <doi:10.1016/j.cell.2019.05.031> for more details.

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See Also

Useful links:

- <https://mojaveazure.github.io/seurat-object/>
- <https://github.com/mojaveazure/seurat-object>
- Report bugs at <https://github.com/mojaveazure/seurat-object/issues>

AddMetaData

Add in metadata associated with either cells or features.

Description

Adds additional data to the object. Can be any piece of information associated with a cell (examples include read depth, alignment rate, experimental batch, or subpopulation identity) or feature (ENSG name, variance). To add cell level information, add to the Seurat object. If adding feature-level metadata, add to the Assay object (e.g. `object[["RNA"]]`)

Usage

```
AddMetaData(object, metadata, col.name = NULL)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'Assay'
```

```
AddMetaData(object, metadata, col.name = NULL)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
```

```
AddMetaData(object, metadata, col.name = NULL)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	An object
<code>metadata</code>	A vector, list, or data.frame with metadata to add
<code>col.name</code>	A name for meta data if not a named list or data.frame

Value

object with metadata added

Examples

```
cluster_letters <- LETTERS[Idents(object = pbmc_small)]
names(cluster_letters) <- colnames(x = pbmc_small)
pbmc_small <- AddMetaData(
  object = pbmc_small,
  metadata = cluster_letters,
  col.name = 'letter.idents'
)
head(x = pbmc_small[[[]]])
```

`aggregate`*Aggregate Molecules into an Expression Matrix*

Description

Aggregate Molecules into an Expression Matrix

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'FOV'  
aggregate(x, by = NULL, set = NULL, drop = TRUE, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'Molecules'  
aggregate(x, by, drop = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	An object with spatially-resolved molecule information
<code>by</code>	Name of a Segmentation within object or a Segmentation object
<code>set</code>	Name of molecule set to aggregate
<code>drop</code>	Drop molecules not present in a segmentation; if FALSE, adds a column called “boundless” consisting of molecule counts not in a segmentation
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to other methods

Value

An expression matrix

Progress Updates with `progressr`

This function uses `progressr` to render status updates and progress bars. To enable progress updates, wrap the function call in `with_progress` or run `handlers(global = TRUE)` before running this function. For more details about `progressr`, please read `vignette("progressr-intro")`

Parallelization with `future`

This function uses `future` to enable parallelization. Parallelization strategies can be set using `plan`. Common plans include “sequential” for non-parallelized processing or “multisession” for parallel evaluation using multiple R sessions; for other plans, see the “Implemented evaluation strategies” section of `?future::plan`. For a more thorough introduction to `future`, see `vignette("future-1-overview")`

as.Centroids *Convert Segmentation Layers*

Description

Convert Segmentation Layers

Usage

```
as.Centroids(x, nsides = NULL, radius = NULL, theta = NULL, ...)
```

```
as.Segmentation(x, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'Segmentation'
```

```
as.Centroids(x, nsides = NULL, radius = NULL, theta = NULL, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'Centroids'
```

```
as.Segmentation(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	An object
nsides	The number of sides to represent cells/spots; pass Inf to plot as circles
radius	Radius of shapes when plotting
theta	Angle to adjust shapes when plotting
...	Arguments passed to other methods

Value

as.Centroids: A [Centroids](#) object

as.Segmentation: A [Segmentation](#) object

as.Graph *Coerce to a Graph Object*

Description

Convert a [matrix](#) (or [Matrix](#)) to a [Graph](#) object

Usage

```

as.Graph(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Matrix'
as.Graph(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'matrix'
as.Graph(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Neighbor'
as.Graph(x, weighted = TRUE, ...)

```

Arguments

x	The matrix to convert
...	Arguments passed to other methods (ignored for now)
weighted	If TRUE, fill entries in Graph matrix with value from the nn.dist slot of the Neighbor object

Value

A [Graph](#) object

Examples

```

# converting sparse matrix
mat <- Matrix::rsparsematrix(nrow = 10, ncol = 10, density = 0.1)
rownames(x = mat) <- paste0("feature_", 1:10)
colnames(x = mat) <- paste0("cell_", 1:10)
g <- as.Graph(x = mat)

# converting dense matrix
mat <- matrix(data = 1:16, nrow = 4)
rownames(x = mat) <- paste0("feature_", 1:4)
colnames(x = mat) <- paste0("cell_", 1:4)
g <- as.Graph(x = mat)

```

as.Neighbor

Coerce to a Neighbor Object

Description

Convert objects to [Neighbor](#) objects

Usage

```
as.Neighbor(x, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'Graph'  
as.Neighbor(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x An object to convert to [Neighbor](#)
... Arguments passed to other methods

Value

A [Neighbor](#) object

as.Seurat	<i>Coerce to a Seurat Object</i>
-----------	----------------------------------

Description

Convert objects to Seurat objects

Usage

```
as.Seurat(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x An object to convert to class Seurat
... Arguments passed to other methods

Value

A [Seurat](#) object generated from x

`as.sparse`*Cast to Sparse*

Description

Convert dense objects to sparse representations

Usage

```
as.sparse(x, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'data.frame'  
as.sparse(x, row.names = NULL, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'Matrix'  
as.sparse(x, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'matrix'  
as.sparse(x, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	An object
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to other methods
<code>row.names</code>	NULL or a character vector giving the row names for the data; missing values are not allowed

Value

A sparse representation of the input data

`Assay-class`*The Assay Class*

Description

The Assay object is the basic unit of Seurat; each Assay stores raw, normalized, and scaled data as well as cluster information, variable features, and any other assay-specific metadata. Assays should contain single cell expression data such as RNA-seq, protein, or imputed expression data.

Slots

counts Unnormalized data such as raw counts or TPMs
 data Normalized expression data
 scale.data Scaled expression data
 key Key for the Assay
 assay.orig Original assay that this assay is based off of. Used to track assay provenance
 var.features Vector of features exhibiting high variance across single cells
 meta.features Feature-level metadata
 misc Utility slot for storing additional data associated with the assay

See Also

[Assay-methods](#)

Assay-methods

Assay Methods

Description

Methods for [Assay](#) objects for generics defined in other packages

Usage

```

## S3 method for class 'Assay'
x[i, j, ...]

## S3 method for class 'Assay'
x[[i, ..., drop = FALSE]]

## S3 method for class 'Assay'
dim(x)

## S3 method for class 'Assay'
dimnames(x)

## S3 method for class 'Assay'
head(x, n = 10L, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Assay'
merge(x = NULL, y = NULL, add.cell.ids = NULL, merge.data = TRUE, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Assay'
subset(x, cells = NULL, features = NULL, ...)

```

```

## S3 method for class 'Assay'
tail(x, n = 10L, ...)

## S4 replacement method for signature 'Assay,ANY,ANY,ANY'
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value

## S4 method for signature 'Assay'
colMeans(x, na.rm = FALSE, dims = 1, ..., slot = "data")

## S4 method for signature 'Assay'
colSums(x, na.rm = FALSE, dims = 1, ..., slot = "data")

## S4 method for signature 'Assay'
rowMeans(x, na.rm = FALSE, dims = 1, ..., slot = "data")

## S4 method for signature 'Assay'
rowSums(x, na.rm = FALSE, dims = 1, ..., slot = "data")

## S4 method for signature 'Assay'
show(object)

```

Arguments

x, object	An Assay object
i, features	For <code>[[:</code> metadata names; for all other methods, feature names or indices
j, cells	Cell names or indices
...	Arguments passed to other methods
drop	See drop
n	an integer vector of length up to <code>dim(x)</code> (or 1, for non-dimensioned objects). Values specify the indices to be selected in the corresponding dimension (or along the length) of the object. A positive value of <code>n[i]</code> includes the first/last <code>n[i]</code> indices in that dimension, while a negative value excludes the last/first <code>abs(n[i])</code> , including all remaining indices. NA or non-specified values (when <code>length(n) < length(dim(x))</code>) select all indices in that dimension. Must contain at least one non-missing value.
y	A vector or list of one or more objects to merge
add.cell.ids	A character vector of length <code>x = c(x, y)</code> ; appends the corresponding values to the start of each objects' cell names
merge.data	Merge the data slots instead of just merging the counts (which requires renormalization); this is recommended if the same normalization approach was applied to all objects
value	Additional metadata to add
na.rm	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be omitted from the calculations?
dims	completely ignored by the <code>Matrix</code> methods.
slot	Name of assay expression matrix to calculate column/row means/sums on

Value

`[]`: The data slot for features `i` and cells `j`
`[[`: The feature-level metadata for `i`
`dim`: The number of features (`nrow`) and cells (`ncol`)
`dimnames`: Feature (row) and cell (column) names
`head`: The first `n` rows of feature-level metadata
`merge`: Merged object
`subset`: A subsetted Assay
`tail`: The last `n` rows of feature-level metadata
`[[<-`: `x` with metadata value added as `i`
`colMeans`: The column (cell-wise) means of `slot`
`colSums`: The column (cell-wise) sums of `slot`
`rowMeans`: The row (feature-wise) means of `slot`
`rowSums`: The row (feature-wise) sums of `slot`
`show`: Prints summary to `stdout` and invisibly returns `NULL`

Functions

- `[]`.Assay: Get expression data from an Assay
- `[[`.Assay: Get feature-level metadata
- `dim`.Assay: Number of cells and features for an Assay
- `dimnames`.Assay: Cell- and feature-names for an Assay
- `head`.Assay: Get the first rows of feature-level metadata
- `merge`.Assay: Merge Assay objects
- `subset`.Assay: Subset an Assay
- `tail`.Assay: Get the last rows of feature-level metadata
- `[[<-`, Assay, ANY, ANY, ANY-method: Add feature-level metadata
- `colMeans`, Assay-method: Calculate `colMeans` on an Assay
- `colSums`, Assay-method: Calculate `colSums` on an Assay
- `rowMeans`, Assay-method: Calculate `rowMeans` on an Assay
- `rowSums`, Assay-method: Calculate `rowSums` on an Assay
- `show`, Assay-method: Overview of an Assay object

Description

General accessor and setter functions for [Assay](#) objects. `GetAssayData` can be used to pull information from any of the expression matrices (eg. “counts”, “data”, or “scale.data”). `SetAssayData` can be used to replace one of these expression matrices

Usage

```
GetAssayData(object, slot, ...)
```

```
SetAssayData(object, slot, new.data, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
```

```
GetAssayData(object, slot = "data", assay = NULL, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
```

```
SetAssayData(object, slot = "data", new.data, assay = NULL, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'Assay'
```

```
GetAssayData(object, slot = c("data", "scale.data", "counts"), ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'Assay'
```

```
SetAssayData(object, slot = c("data", "scale.data", "counts"), new.data, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	An object
<code>slot</code>	Specific assay data to get or set
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to other methods
<code>new.data</code>	New assay data to add
<code>assay</code>	Specific assay to get data from or set data for; defaults to the default assay

Value

`GetAssayData`: returns the specified assay data

`SetAssayData`: object with the assay data set

Examples

```
# Get assay data from the default assay in a Seurat object
GetAssayData(object = pbmc_small, slot = "data")[1:5,1:5]
```

```
# Set an Assay slot through the Seurat object
```

```

count.data <- GetAssayData(object = pbmc_small[["RNA"]], slot = "counts")
count.data <- as.matrix(x = count.data + 1)
new.seurat.object <- SetAssayData(
  object = pbmc_small,
  slot = "counts",
  new.data = count.data,
  assay = "RNA"
)

# Get the data directly from an Assay object
GetAssayData(pbmc_small[["RNA"]], slot = "data")[1:5,1:5]

# Set an Assay slot directly
count.data <- GetAssayData(pbmc_small[["RNA"]], slot = "counts")
count.data <- as.matrix(x = count.data + 1)
new.assay <- SetAssayData(pbmc_small[["RNA"]], slot = "counts", new.data = count.data)

```

Assays

Query Specific Object Types

Description

List the names of [Assay](#), [DimReduc](#), [Graph](#), [Neighbor](#) objects

Usage

```
Assays(object, slot = NULL)
```

```
Graphs(object, slot = NULL)
```

```
Neighbors(object, slot = NULL)
```

```
Reductions(object, slot = NULL)
```

Arguments

object	A Seurat object
slot	Name of component object to return

Value

If slot is NULL, the names of all component objects in this Seurat object. Otherwise, the specific object specified

Examples

```
Assays(object = pbmc_small)

Graphs(pbmc_small)

Reductions(object = pbmc_small)
```

AttachDeps

Attach Required Packages

Description

Helper function to attach required packages. Detects if a package is already attached and if so, skips it. Should be called in [.onAttach](#)

Usage

```
AttachDeps(deps)
```

Arguments

deps A character vector of packages to attach

Value

Invisibly returns NULL

Examples

```
# Use in your .onAttach hook
if (FALSE) {
  .onAttach <- function(libname, pkgname) {
    AttachDeps(c("SeuratObject", "rlang"))
  }
}
```


Description

Get, Set, and Query Segmentation Boundaries

Usage

```
Boundaries(object, ...)  
  
DefaultBoundary(object)  
  
DefaultBoundary(object, ...) <- value  
  
Molecules(object, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'FOV'  
Boundaries(object, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'FOV'  
DefaultBoundary(object)  
  
## S3 replacement method for class 'FOV'  
DefaultBoundary(object, ...) <- value  
  
## S3 method for class 'FOV'  
Molecules(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	An object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
value	The name of a segmentation boundary to set as default

Value

Boundaries: The names of all segmentation boundaries present within object
DefaultBoundary: The name of the default segmentation boundary
DefaultBoundary<-: object with the default segmentation boundary set to value
Molecules: The names of all molecule sets present within object

 Cells

Cell and Feature Names

Description

Get the cell and feature names of an object

Usage

```
Cells(x, ...)
```

```
Features(x, ...)
```

```
## Default S3 method:
```

```
Cells(x, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
```

```
Cells(x, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'Neighbor'
```

```
Cells(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x An object

... Arguments passed to other methods

Value

Cell: A vector of cell names

Features: A vector of feature names

Examples

```
Cells(x = pbmc_small)
```

 CellsByIdentities

Get cell names grouped by identity class

Description

Get cell names grouped by identity class

Usage

```
CellsByIdentities(object, idents = NULL, cells = NULL, return.null = FALSE)
```

Arguments

object	A Seurat object
idents	A vector of identity class levels to limit resulting list to; defaults to all identity class levels
cells	A vector of cells to grouping to
return.null	If no cells are request, return a NULL; by default, throws an error

Value

A named list where names are identity classes and values are vectors of cells belonging to that class

Examples

```
CellsByIdentities(object = pbmc_small)
```

CellsByImage	<i>Get a vector of cell names associated with an image (or set of images)</i>
--------------	---

Description

Get a vector of cell names associated with an image (or set of images)

Usage

```
CellsByImage(object, images = NULL, unlist = FALSE)
```

Arguments

object	Seurat object
images	Vector of image names
unlist	Return as a single vector of cell names as opposed to a list, named by image name.

Value

A vector of cell names

Examples

```
## Not run:
CellsByImage(object = object, images = "slice1")

## End(Not run)
```

Centroids-class *The Centroids Class*

Description

The Centroids Class

Slots

cells ([character \[n\]](#)) A vector of cell names; there should be as many cell names as there are points and no duplicate names

nsides ([integer \[1L\]](#)) The number of sides to draw when plotting centroids; must be either 0L for circles or greater than 3

radius ([numeric \[1L\]](#)) The radius of the shape when plotting the centroids

theta ([numeric \[1L\]](#)) The angle in degrees to adjust the shape when plotting the centroids

See Also

Centroids methods: [Centroids-methods](#)

Segmentation layer classes: [Molecules-class](#), [Segmentation-class](#)

Centroids-methods *Centroids Methods*

Description

Methods for [Centroids](#) objects

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Centroids'
Cells(x, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'Centroids'
GetTissueCoordinates(object, full = TRUE, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'Centroids'
Radius(object)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'Centroids'
RenameCells(object, new.names = NULL, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'Centroids'
Theta(object)
```

```

## S3 method for class 'Centroids'
is.finite(x)

## S3 method for class 'Centroids'
is.infinite(...)

## S3 method for class 'Centroids'
length(x)

## S3 method for class 'Centroids'
lengths(x, use.names = TRUE)

## S3 method for class 'Centroids'
subset(x, cells = NULL, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'Centroids,character,ANY,ANY'
x[i, j, ..., drop = TRUE]

## S4 method for signature 'Centroids,numeric,ANY,ANY'
x[i, j, ..., drop = TRUE]

## S4 method for signature 'Centroids'
show(object)

```

Arguments

x, object	A Centroids object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
full	Expand the coordinates to the full polygon
new.names	vector of new cell names
use.names	Ignored
i, cells	A vector of cells to keep; if NULL, defaults to all cells
j, drop	Ignored

Details

GetTissueCoordinates: Get cell spatial coordinates
 Radius: Get the centroid radius
 RenameCells: Update cell names
 Theta: Get the offset angle
 is.finite, is.infinite: Test to see if the centroids are circular or polygonal
 length: Get the number of sides for the polygonal centroid
 lengths: Generate a run-length encoding of the cells present
 subset, [: Subset a Centroids object to certain cells
 show: Display an object summary to stdout

Value

GetTissueCoordinates: A data frame with three columns:

- “x”: the x-coordinate
- “y”: the y-coordinate
- “cell”: the cell name

If full is TRUE, then each coordinate will indicate a vertex for the cell polygon; otherwise, each coordinate will indicate a centroid for the cell

Radius: The radius of the centroids

RenameCells: object with the cells renamed to new.names

Theta: The offset angle in degrees

is.finite: TRUE if the centroids are polygonal, FALSE if circular

is.infinite: The opposite of is.finite

length: 0 if the centroids are circular, otherwise the number of sides of the polygonal centroid

lengths: An [rle](#) object for the cells

subset, [: x subsetted to the cells specified by cells/i

show: Invisibly returns NULL

See Also

[Centroids-class](#)

CheckGC

Conditional Garbage Collection

Description

Call gc only when desired

Usage

```
CheckGC(option = "SeuratObject.memsafe")
```

Arguments

option ...

Value

Invisibly returns NULL

Command	<i>Get SeuratCommands</i>
---------	---------------------------

Description

Pull information on previously run commands in the Seurat object.

Usage

```
Command(object, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
```

```
Command(object, command = NULL, value = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

object	An object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
command	Name of the command to pull, pass NULL to get the names of all commands run
value	Name of the parameter to pull the value for

Value

Either a SeuratCommand object or the requested parameter value

CreateAssayObject	<i>Create an Assay object</i>
-------------------	-------------------------------

Description

Create an Assay object from a feature (e.g. gene) expression matrix. The expected format of the input matrix is features x cells.

Usage

```
CreateAssayObject(
  counts,
  data,
  min.cells = 0,
  min.features = 0,
  check.matrix = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

counts	Unnormalized data such as raw counts or TPMs
data	Prenormalized data; if provided, do not pass counts
min.cells	Include features detected in at least this many cells. Will subset the counts matrix as well. To reintroduce excluded features, create a new object with a lower cutoff.
min.features	Include cells where at least this many features are detected.
check.matrix	Check counts matrix for NA, NaN, Inf, and non-integer values
...	Arguments passed to as.sparse

Details

Non-unique cell or feature names are not allowed. Please make unique before calling this function.

Value

A [Assay](#) object

Examples

```
## Not run:
pbmc_raw <- read.table(
  file = system.file('extdata', 'pbmc_raw.txt', package = 'Seurat'),
  as.is = TRUE
)
pbmc_rna <- CreateAssayObject(counts = pbmc_raw)
pbmc_rna

## End(Not run)
```

CreateCentroids

Create a [Centroids](#) Objects

Description

Create a [Centroids](#) Objects

Usage

```
CreateCentroids(coords, nsides, radius, theta)
```

Arguments

coords	The coordinates of cell/spot centroids
nsides	The number of sides to represent cells/spots; pass Inf to plot as circles
radius	Radius of shapes when plotting
theta	Angle to adjust shapes when plotting

Value

A [Centroids](#) object

CreateDimReducObject *Create a DimReduc object*

Description

Create a DimReduc object

Usage

```
CreateDimReducObject(  
  embeddings = new(Class = "matrix"),  
  loadings = new(Class = "matrix"),  
  projected = new(Class = "matrix"),  
  assay = NULL,  
  stdev = numeric(),  
  key = NULL,  
  global = FALSE,  
  jackstraw = NULL,  
  misc = list()  
)
```

Arguments

embeddings	A matrix with the cell embeddings
loadings	A matrix with the feature loadings
projected	A matrix with the projected feature loadings
assay	Assay used to calculate this dimensional reduction
stdev	Standard deviation (if applicable) for the dimensional reduction
key	A character string to facilitate looking up features from a specific DimReduc
global	Specify this as a global reduction (useful for visualizations)
jackstraw	Results from the JackStraw function
misc	list for the user to store any additional information associated with the dimensional reduction

Value

A [DimReduc](#) object

Examples

```
data <- GetAssayData(pbmc_small[["RNA"]], slot = "scale.data")
pcs <- prcomp(x = data)
pca.dr <- CreateDimReducObject(
  embeddings = pcs$rotation,
  loadings = pcs$x,
  stdev = pcs$sdev,
  key = "PC",
  assay = "RNA"
)
```

CreateFOV

Create Spatial Coordinates

Description

Create Spatial Coordinates

Usage

```
CreateFOV(coords, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'Centroids'
CreateFOV(
  coords,
  molecules = NULL,
  assay = "Spatial",
  key = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  ...
)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
CreateFOV(
  coords,
  type = c("segmentation", "centroids"),
  nsides = Inf,
  radius = NULL,
  theta = 0L,
  molecules = NULL,
  assay = "Spatial",
  key = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  ...
)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'list'
CreateFOV(coords, molecules = NULL, assay = "Spatial", key = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Segmentation'
CreateFOV(
  coords,
  molecules = NULL,
  assay = "Spatial",
  key = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

coords	Spatial coordinates
...	Arguments passed to other methods
molecules	A data.frame with spatially-resolved molecule information or a Molecules object
assay	Name of associated assay
key	Key for these spatial coordinates
name	When coords is a data.frame , Centroids , or Segmentation , name to store coordinates as
type	When providing a data.frame , specify if the coordinates represent a cell segmentation or voxel centroids
nsides	The number of sides to represent cells/spots; pass Inf to plot as circles
radius	Radius of shapes when plotting
theta	Angle to adjust shapes when plotting

Value

A [FOV](#) object

See Also

[FOV-class](#)

CreateMolecules *Create a [Molecules](#) Object*

Description

Create a [Molecules](#) Object

Usage

```

CreateMolecules(coords, ...)

## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
CreateMolecules(coords, key = "", ...)

## S3 method for class 'Molecules'
CreateMolecules(coords, ...)

## S3 method for class '`NULL`'
CreateMolecules(coords, ...)

```

Arguments

coords	Spatial coordinates for molecules; should be a data frame with three columns: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • “x”: x-coordinates for each molecule • “y”: y-coordinates for each molecule • “gene”: gene name for each molecule
...	Arguments passed to other methods
key	A key to set for the molecules

Value

A [Molecules](#) object

CreateSegmentation *Create a [Segmentation](#) Objects*

Description

Create a [Segmentation](#) Objects

Usage

```

CreateSegmentation(coords)

## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
CreateSegmentation(coords)

## S3 method for class 'Segmentation'
CreateSegmentation(coords)

```

Arguments

coords	The coordinates of cell segmentations
--------	---------------------------------------

Value

A [Segmentation](#) object

CreateSeuratObject *Create a Seurat object*

Description

Create a Seurat object from raw data

Usage

```
CreateSeuratObject(  
  counts,  
  project = "CreateSeuratObject",  
  assay = "RNA",  
  names.field = 1,  
  names.delim = "_",  
  meta.data = NULL,  
  ...  
)
```

Default S3 method:

```
CreateSeuratObject(  
  counts,  
  project = "SeuratProject",  
  assay = "RNA",  
  names.field = 1,  
  names.delim = "_",  
  meta.data = NULL,  
  min.cells = 0,  
  min.features = 0,  
  row.names = NULL,  
  ...  
)
```

S3 method for class 'Assay'

```
CreateSeuratObject(  
  counts,  
  project = "SeuratProject",  
  assay = "RNA",  
  names.field = 1,  
  names.delim = "_",  
  meta.data = NULL,  
  ...  
)
```

Arguments

counts	Either a matrix -like object with unnormalized data with cells as columns and features as rows or an Assay -derived object
project	Project name for the Seurat object
assay	Name of the initial assay
names.field	For the initial identity class for each cell, choose this field from the cell's name. E.g. If your cells are named as BARCODE_CLUSTER_CELLTYPE in the input matrix, set names.field to 3 to set the initial identities to CELLTYPE.
names.delim	For the initial identity class for each cell, choose this delimiter from the cell's column name. E.g. If your cells are named as BARCODE-CLUSTER-CELLTYPE, set this to “-” to separate the cell name into its component parts for picking the relevant field.
meta.data	Additional cell-level metadata to add to the Seurat object. Should be a data.frame where the rows are cell names and the columns are additional metadata fields. Row names in the metadata need to match the column names of the counts matrix.
...	Arguments passed to other methods
min.cells	Include features detected in at least this many cells. Will subset the counts matrix as well. To reintroduce excluded features, create a new object with a lower cutoff.
min.features	Include cells where at least this many features are detected.
row.names	When counts is a data.frame or data.frame -derived object: an optional vector of feature names to be used

Value

A [Seurat](#) object

Note

In previous versions (<3.0), this function also accepted a parameter to set the expression threshold for a ‘detected’ feature (gene). This functionality has been removed to simplify the initialization process/assumptions. If you would still like to impose this threshold for your particular dataset, simply filter the input expression matrix before calling this function.

Examples

```
## Not run:
pbmc_raw <- read.table(
  file = system.file('extdata', 'pbmc_raw.txt', package = 'Seurat'),
  as.is = TRUE
)
pbmc_small <- CreateSeuratObject(counts = pbmc_raw)
pbmc_small

## End(Not run)
```

Crop	<i>Crop Coordinates</i>
------	-------------------------

Description

Crop Coordinates

Usage

```
Crop(object, x = NULL, y = NULL, coords = c("plot", "tissue"), ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'FOV'
```

```
Crop(object, x = NULL, y = NULL, coords = c("plot", "tissue"), ...)
```

Arguments

object	An object
x, y	Range to crop x/y limits to; if NULL, uses full range of x/y
coords	Coordinate system to execute crop; choose from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • “plot”: Coordinates as shown when plotting • “tissue”: Coordinates from GetTissueCoordinates
...	...

Value

object cropped to the region specified by x and y

DefaultAssay	<i>Default Assay</i>
--------------	----------------------

Description

Get and set the default assay

Usage

```
DefaultAssay(object, ...)
```

```
DefaultAssay(object, ...) <- value
```

```
## S3 method for class 'Graph'
```

```
DefaultAssay(object, ...)
```

```
## S3 replacement method for class 'Graph'
```

```

DefaultAssay(object, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'Assay'
DefaultAssay(object, ...)

## S3 replacement method for class 'Assay'
DefaultAssay(object, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'SeuratCommand'
DefaultAssay(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
DefaultAssay(object, ...)

## S3 replacement method for class 'DimReduc'
DefaultAssay(object, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
DefaultAssay(object, ...)

## S3 replacement method for class 'Seurat'
DefaultAssay(object, ...) <- value

```

Arguments

object	An object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
value	Name of assay to set as default

Value

DefaultAssay: The name of the default assay
 DefaultAssay<-: An object with the default assay updated

Examples

```

# Get current default assay
DefaultAssay(object = pbmc_small)

# Create dummy new assay to demo switching default assays
new.assay <- pbmc_small[["RNA"]]
Key(object = new.assay) <- "RNA2_"
pbmc_small[["RNA2"]] <- new.assay
# switch default assay to RNA2
DefaultAssay(object = pbmc_small) <- "RNA2"
DefaultAssay(object = pbmc_small)

```

DefaultDimReduc	<i>Find the default DimReduc</i>
-----------------	----------------------------------

Description

Searches for [DimReducs](#) matching “umap”, “tsne”, or “pca”, case-insensitive, and in that order. Priority given to [DimReducs](#) matching the DefaultAssay or assay specified (eg. “pca” for the default assay weights higher than “umap” for a non-default assay)

Usage

```
DefaultDimReduc(object, assay = NULL)
```

Arguments

object	A Seurat object
assay	Name of assay to use; defaults to the default assay of the object

Value

The default [DimReduc](#), if possible

Examples

```
DefaultDimReduc(pbmc_small)
```

DefaultFOV	<i>Get and Set the Default FOV</i>
------------	------------------------------------

Description

Get and Set the Default FOV

Usage

```
DefaultFOV(object, ...)

DefaultFOV(object, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
DefaultFOV(object, assay = NULL, ...)

## S3 replacement method for class 'Seurat'
DefaultFOV(object, assay = NA, ...) <- value
```

Arguments

object	A Seurat Object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
value	The name of the FOV to set as the default
assay	Name of assay to get or set default FOV for; pass NA to get or set the global default FOV

Value

DefaultFOV: The name of the default [FOV](#)

DefaultFOV<-: object with the default FOV set to value

DimReduc-class	<i>The Dimensional Reduction Class</i>
----------------	--

Description

The DimReduc object stores a dimensionality reduction taken out in Seurat; each DimReduc consists of a cell embeddings matrix, a feature loadings matrix, and a projected feature loadings matrix.

Slots

cell.embeddings	Cell embeddings matrix (required)
feature.loadings	Feature loadings matrix (optional)
feature.loadings.projected	Projected feature loadings matrix (optional)
assay.used	Name of assay used to generate DimReduc object
global	Is this DimReduc global/persistent? If so, it will not be removed when removing its associated assay
stdev	A vector of standard deviations
key	Key for the DimReduc, must be alphanumeric characters followed by an underscore
jackstraw	A JackStrawData-class object associated with this DimReduc
misc	Utility slot for storing additional data associated with the DimReduc (e.g. the total variance of the PCA)

DimReduc-methods	DimReduc <i>Methods</i>
------------------	-------------------------

Description

Methods for [DimReduc](#) objects for generics defined in other packages

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
x[i, j, drop = FALSE, ...]

## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
x[[i, j, drop = FALSE, ...]]

## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
dim(x)

## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
dimnames(x)

## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
length(x)

## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
merge(x = NULL, y = NULL, add.cell.ids = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
names(x)

## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
print(x, dims = 1:5, nfeatures = 20, projected = FALSE, ...)

## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
subset(x, cells = NULL, features = NULL, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'DimReduc'
show(object)
```

Arguments

x, object	A DimReduc object
i	For [: feature names or indices; for [[: cell names or indices
j	Dimensions to pull for
drop	See drop
...	Arguments passed to other methods

<code>y</code>	A vector or list of one or more objects to merge
<code>add.cell.ids</code>	A character vector of length($x = c(x, y)$); appends the corresponding values to the start of each objects' cell names
<code>dims</code>	Number of dimensions to display
<code>nfeatures</code>	Number of genes to display
<code>projected</code>	Use projected slot
<code>cells, features</code>	Cells and features to keep during the subset

Value

`[]`: Feature loadings for features `i` and dimensions `j`

`[[`: Cell embeddings for cells `i` and dimensions `j`

`dim`: The number of cells (`nrow`) and dimensions (`ncol`)

`dimnames`: The cell (row) and dimension (column) names

`length`: The number of dimensions

`names`: The names for the dimensions (eg. "PC_1")

`print`: Displays set of features defining the components and invisibly returns `x`

`subset`: `x` for cells `cells` and features `features`

`show`: Prints summary to `stdout` and invisibly returns `NULL`

Functions

- `[]`.DimReduc: Pull feature loadings
- `[[`.DimReduc: Pull cell embeddings
- `dim`.DimReduc: The number of cells and dimensions for a DimReduc
- `dimnames`.DimReduc: The cell and dimension names for a DimReduc object
- `length`.DimReduc: The number of dimensions for a DimReduc object
- `merge`.DimReduc: Merge two or more DimReduc objects together
- `names`.DimReduc: The dimension names for a DimReduc object
- `print`.DimReduc: Prints a set of features that most strongly define a set of components; **note**: requires feature loadings to be present in order to work
- `subset`.DimReduc: Subset a DimReduc object
- `show,DimReduc-method`: Show basic summary of a DimReduc object

See Also

[cat](#)

Distances	<i>Get the Neighbor nearest neighbors distance matrix</i>
-----------	---

Description

Get the Neighbor nearest neighbors distance matrix

Usage

```
Distances(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Neighbor'
Distances(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	An object
...	Arguments passed to other methods

Value

The distance matrix

Embeddings	<i>Get Cell Embeddings</i>
------------	----------------------------

Description

Get Cell Embeddings

Usage

```
Embeddings(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
Embeddings(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
Embeddings(object, reduction = "pca", ...)
```

Arguments

object	An object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
reduction	Name of reduction to pull cell embeddings for

Value

The embeddings matrix

Examples

```
# Get the embeddings directly from a DimReduc object
Embeddings(object = pbmc_small[["pca"]])[1:5, 1:5]

# Get the embeddings from a specific DimReduc in a Seurat object
Embeddings(object = pbmc_small, reduction = "pca")[1:5, 1:5]
```

 FetchData

Access cellular data

Description

Retrieves data (feature expression, PCA scores, metrics, etc.) for a set of cells in a Seurat object

Usage

```
FetchData(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
FetchData(
  object,
  vars,
  cells = NULL,
  slot = c("embeddings", "loadings", "projected"),
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
FetchData(object, vars, cells = NULL, slot = "data", ...)
```

Arguments

object	An object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
vars	List of all variables to fetch, use keyword “ident” to pull identity classes
cells	Cells to collect data for (default is all cells)
slot	Slot to pull feature data for

Value

A data frame with cells as rows and cellular data as columns

Examples

```
pc1 <- FetchData(object = pbmc_small, vars = 'PC_1')
head(x = pc1)
head(x = FetchData(object = pbmc_small, vars = c('groups', 'ident')))
```

FilterObjects

*Find Sub-objects of a Certain Class***Description**

Get the names of objects within a Seurat object that are of a certain class

Usage

```
FilterObjects(object, classes.keep = c("Assay", "DimReduc"))
```

Arguments

`object` A [Seurat](#) object
`classes.keep` A vector of names of classes to get

Value

A vector with the names of objects within the Seurat object that are of class `classes.keep`

Examples

```
FilterObjects(pbmc_small)
```

FOV-class

*The Field of View Object***Description**

A modern container for storing coordinates of spatially-resolved single cells. Capable of storing multiple cell segmentation boundary masks. Supports coordinates for spatially-resolved molecule (FISH) data. Compatible with [SpatialImage](#)

Slots

`molecules` ([list](#)) A named list of [Molecules](#) objects defining spatially-resolved molecular coordinates

`boundaries` ([\[named\]list](#) {[Segmentation](#), [Centroids](#)}) A named list of [Segmentation](#) and [Centroids](#) objects defining spatially-resolved boundaries

`assay` ([character](#) [1L]) A character naming the associated assay of the spatial coordinates

`key` ([character](#) [1L]) The key for the spatial coordinates

See Also[FOV-methods](#)

[FOV-methods](#)[FOV *Methods*](#)

DescriptionMethods for [FOV](#) objects**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'FOV'  
Cells(x, boundary = NULL, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'FOV'  
Features(x, set = NULL, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'FOV'  
FetchData(object, vars, cells = NULL, simplify = TRUE, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'FOV'  
GetTissueCoordinates(object, which = NULL, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'FOV'  
Keys(object, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'FOV'  
RenameCells(object, new.names = NULL, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'FOV'  
x$i, ...  
  
## S3 method for class 'FOV'  
x[i, j, ...]  
  
## S3 method for class 'FOV'  
x[[i, ...]]  
  
## S3 method for class 'FOV'  
length(x)  
  
## S3 method for class 'FOV'  
names(x)  
  
## S3 method for class 'FOV'  
subset(x, cells = NULL, features = NULL, ...)
```



```

## S4 replacement method for signature 'FOV,character,missing,Centroids'
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'FOV,character,missing,Molecules'
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'FOV,character,missing,`NULL`'
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'FOV,character,missing,Segmentation'
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value

## S4 method for signature 'FOV'
show(object)

```

Arguments

x, object	A FOV object
boundary, set	Name of segmentation boundary or molecule set to extract cell or feature names for; pass NA to return all cells or feature names
...	Arguments passed to other methods
vars	A vector of variables to fetch; can be the name of a segmentation boundary, to get tissue coordinates, or molecule names, to get molecule coordinates
simplify	If only returning either boundary or molecule coordinates, return a single data frame instead of a list
which	Name of segmentation boundary or molecule set
new.names	vector of new cell names
i, cells	For <code>[[</code> and <code>[[<-</code> , the name of a segmentation or “molecules”; for <code>FetchData</code> , <code>subset.</code> and <code>[</code> , a vector of cells to keep
j, features	For <code>subset</code> and <code>[</code> , a vector of features to keep; for <code>[[<-</code> , not used
value	For <code>[[<-</code> , a replacement Molecules , Centroids , or Segmentation object; otherwise NULL to remove the boundary stored at i

Details

The following methods are defined for interacting with a FOV object:

Cells: Get cell names

Features: Get spatially-resolved molecule names

FetchData: Fetch boundary and/or molecule coordinates from a FOV object

GetTissueCoordinates: Get boundary or molecule coordinates from a FOV object

Keys: Get the keys of molecule sets contained within a FOV object

RenameCells: Update cell names

\$, `[[`: Extract a segmentation boundary

length: Get the number of segmentation layers in a FOV object
names: Get the names of segmentation layers and molecule sets
subset, [: Subset a FOV object
[[<-: Add or remove segmentation layers and molecule information to/from a FOV object
show: Display an object summary to stdout

Value

Cells: A vector of cell names

Features: A vector of spatially-resolved molecule names; if no molecular information present, returns NULL

FetchData: If both molecule and boundary coordinates are requested, then a two-length list:

- “molecules”: A data frame with the molecule coordinates requested. If molecules requested are keyed, the keys are preserved in the data frame
- “coordinates”: A data frame with coordinates from the segmentation boundaries requested

If `simplify` is TRUE and only one data frame is generated, then only the data frame is returned. Otherwise, a one-length list is returned with the single data frame generated

GetTissueCoordinates: ...

Keys: A named vector of molecule set keys; names are the names of the molecule sets and values are the keys for the respective molecule set

RenameCells: object with the cells renamed to `new.names`

[, [[: The segmentation boundary or spatially-resolved molecule information stored at `i`

length: The number of segmentation layers ([Segmentation](#) or [Centroids](#) objects)

names: A vector of segmentation boundary and molecule set names

subset: `x` with just the cells and features specified

[[<-: Varies depending on the class of `value`:

- If `value` is NULL, returns `x` with the boundary `i` removed; also allows removing molecules; does not allow removing the default segmentation
- If `value` is a `Molecules`, returns `x` with `value` stored in `molecules`; requires that `i` is “molecules”
- Otherwise, stores `value` as a segmentation boundary named `i`

show: Invisibly returns NULL

See Also

[FOV-class](#)

`GetImage`*Get image data*

Description

Get image data

Usage

```
GetImage(object, mode = c("grob", "raster", "plotly", "raw"), ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'Seurat'  
GetImage(  
  object,  
  mode = c("grob", "raster", "plotly", "raw"),  
  image = NULL,  
  ...  
)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	An object
<code>mode</code>	How to return the image; should accept one of “grob”, “raster”, “plotly”, or “raw”
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to other methods
<code>image</code>	Name of SpatialImage object to pull image data for; if NULL, will attempt to select an image automatically

Value

Image data, varying depending on the value of mode:

“**grob**” An object representing image data inheriting from grob objects (eg. rastergrob)

“**raster**” An object of class raster

“**plotly**” A list with image data suitable for Plotly rendering, see [plotly::layout](#) for more details

“**raw**” The raw image data as stored in the object

See Also

[layout](#)

GetTissueCoordinates *Get tissue coordinates*

Description

Get tissue coordinates

Usage

```
GetTissueCoordinates(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
GetTissueCoordinates(object, image = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

object	An object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
image	Name of SpatialImage object to get coordinates for; if NULL, will attempt to select an image automatically

Value

A data frame with tissue coordinates

Graph-class *The Graph Class*

Description

The Graph class inherits from [dgMatrix](#). We do this to enable future expandability of graphs.

Slots

assay.used Optional name of assay used to generate Graph object

See Also

[dgMatrix-class](#)

HVFFInfo	<i>Highly Variable Features</i>
----------	---------------------------------

Description

Get and set variable feature information for an [Assay](#) object. HVFFInfo and VariableFeatures utilize generally variable features, while SVFFInfo and SpatiallyVariableFeatures are restricted to spatially variable features

Usage

```
HVFFInfo(object, selection.method, status = FALSE, ...)

VariableFeatures(object, selection.method = NULL, ...)

VariableFeatures(object, ...) <- value

SVFFInfo(object, selection.method, status, ...)

SpatiallyVariableFeatures(object, selection.method, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
HVFFInfo(object, selection.method = NULL, status = FALSE, assay = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
VariableFeatures(object, selection.method = NULL, assay = NULL, ...)

## S3 replacement method for class 'Seurat'
VariableFeatures(object, assay = NULL, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
SVFFInfo(
  object,
  selection.method = c("markvariogram", "moransi"),
  status = FALSE,
  assay = NULL,
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
SpatiallyVariableFeatures(
  object,
  selection.method = "markvariogram",
  assay = NULL,
  decreasing = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

```

## S3 method for class 'Assay'
HVFInfo(object, selection.method, status = FALSE, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Assay'
SpatiallyVariableFeatures(
  object,
  selection.method = "markvariogram",
  decreasing = TRUE,
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'Assay'
SVFInfo(
  object,
  selection.method = c("markvariogram", "moransi"),
  status = FALSE,
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'Assay'
VariableFeatures(object, selection.method = NULL, ...)

## S3 replacement method for class 'Assay'
VariableFeatures(object, ...) <- value

```

Arguments

object	An object
selection.method	Which method to pull. For HVFInfo and VariableFeatures, choose one from one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • “vst” • “sctransform” or “sct” • “mean.var.plot”, “dispersion”, “mvp”, or “disp” For SVFInfo and SpatiallyVariableFeatures, choose from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • “markvariogram” • “moransi”
status	Add variable status to the resulting data frame
...	Arguments passed to other methods
value	A character vector of variable features
assay	Name of assay to pull highly variable feature information for
decreasing	Return features in decreasing order (most spatially variable first).

Value

HVFInfo: A data frame with feature means, dispersion, and scaled dispersion

VariableFeatures: a vector of the variable features

SVFInfo: a data frame with the spatially variable features

SpatiallyVariableFeatures: a character vector of the spatially variable features

Examples

```
# Get the HVF info from a specific Assay in a Seurat object
HVFInfo(object = pbmc_small, assay = "RNA")[1:5, ]

# Get the HVF info directly from an Assay object
HVFInfo(pbmc_small[["RNA"]], selection.method = 'vst')[1:5, ]
```

 Idents

Get, set, and manipulate an object's identity classes

Description

Get, set, and manipulate an object's identity classes

Usage

```
Idents(object, ...)

Idents(object, ...) <- value

RenameIdents(object, ...)

ReorderIdent(object, var, ...)

SetIdent(object, ...)

StashIdent(object, save.name, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
Idents(object, ...)

## S3 replacement method for class 'Seurat'
Idents(object, cells = NULL, drop = FALSE, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
ReorderIdent(
  object,
  var,
```

```

    reverse = FALSE,
    afxn = mean,
    reorder.numeric = FALSE,
    ...
)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
RenameIdents(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
SetIdent(object, cells = NULL, value, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
StashIdent(object, save.name = "orig.ident", ...)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
droplevels(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
levels(x)

## S3 replacement method for class 'Seurat'
levels(x) <- value

```

Arguments

...	Arguments passed to other methods; for <code>RenameIdents</code> : named arguments as <code>old.ident = new.ident</code> ; for <code>ReorderIdent</code> : arguments passed on to FetchData
value	The name of the identities to pull from object metadata or the identities themselves
var	Feature or variable to order on
save.name	Store current identity information under this name
cells	Set cell identities for specific cells
drop	Drop unused levels
reverse	Reverse ordering
afxn	Function to evaluate each identity class based on; default is mean
reorder.numeric	Rename all identity classes to be increasing numbers starting from 1 (default is FALSE)
x, object	An object

Value

Idents: The cell identities

Idents<-: object with the cell identities changed

RenameIdents: An object with selected identity classes renamed

ReorderIdent: An object with
SetIdent: An object with new identity classes set
StashIdent: An object with the identities stashed

Examples

```
# Get cell identity classes
Idents(pbmc_small)

# Set cell identity classes
# Can be used to set identities for specific cells to a new level
Idents(pbmc_small, cells = 1:4) <- 'a'
head(Idents(pbmc_small))

# Can also set idents from a value in object metadata
colnames(pbmc_small[[[]]])
Idents(pbmc_small) <- 'RNA_snn_res.1'
levels(pbmc_small)

# Rename cell identity classes
# Can provide an arbitrary amount of idents to rename
levels(pbmc_small)
pbmc_small <- RenameIdents(pbmc_small, '0' = 'A', '2' = 'C')
levels(pbmc_small)

## Not run:
head(Idents(pbmc_small))
pbmc_small <- ReorderIdent(pbmc_small, var = 'PC_1')
head(Idents(pbmc_small))

## End(Not run)

# Set cell identity classes using SetIdent
cells.use <- WhichCells(pbmc_small, idents = '1')
pbmc_small <- SetIdent(pbmc_small, cells = cells.use, value = 'B')

head(pbmc_small[[[]]])
pbmc_small <- StashIdent(pbmc_small, save.name = 'idents')
head(pbmc_small[[[]]])

# Get the levels of identity classes of a Seurat object
levels(x = pbmc_small)

# Reorder identity classes
levels(x = pbmc_small)
levels(x = pbmc_small) <- c('C', 'A', 'B')
levels(x = pbmc_small)
```

Images	<i>Pull spatial image names</i>
--------	---------------------------------

Description

List the names of SpatialImage objects present in a Seurat object. If assay is provided, limits search to images associated with that assay

Usage

```
Images(object, assay = NULL)
```

Arguments

object	A Seurat object
assay	Name of assay to limit search to

Value

A list of image names

Examples

```
## Not run:  
Images(object)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

Index	<i>Get Neighbor algorithm index</i>
-------	-------------------------------------

Description

Get Neighbor algorithm index

Usage

```
Index(object, ...)  
  
Index(object, ...) <- value  
  
## S3 method for class 'Neighbor'  
Index(object, ...)  
  
## S3 replacement method for class 'Neighbor'  
Index(object, ...) <- value
```

Arguments

object	An object
...	Arguments passed to other methods;
value	The index to store

Value

Returns the value in the alg.idx slot of the Neighbor object

Idents<-: A Neighbor object with the index stored

Indices

Get Neighbor nearest neighbor index matrices

Description

Get Neighbor nearest neighbor index matrices

Usage

```
Indices(object, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'Neighbor'  
Indices(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	An object
...	Arguments passed to other methods;

Value

A matrix with the nearest neighbor indices

IsGlobal	<i>Is an object global/persistent?</i>
----------	--

Description

Typically, when removing Assay objects from an Seurat object, all associated objects (eg. DimReduc, Graph, and SeuratCommand objects) are removed as well. If an associated object is marked as global/persistent, the associated object will remain even if its original assay was deleted

Usage

```
IsGlobal(object, ...)

## Default S3 method:
IsGlobal(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
IsGlobal(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	An object
...	Arguments passed to other methods

Value

TRUE if the object is global/persistent otherwise FALSE

Examples

```
IsGlobal(pbmc_small[['pca']])
```

IsMatrixEmpty	<i>Check if a matrix is empty</i>
---------------	-----------------------------------

Description

Takes a matrix and asks if it's empty (either 0x0 or 1x1 with a value of NA)

Usage

```
IsMatrixEmpty(x)
```

Arguments

x	A matrix
---	----------

Value

Whether or not x is empty

Examples

```
IsMatrixEmpty(new("matrix"))
IsMatrixEmpty(matrix())
IsMatrixEmpty(matrix(1:3))
```

IsNamedList

Check List Names

Description

Check to see if a list has names; also check to enforce that all names are present and unique

Usage

```
IsNamedList(x, all.unique = TRUE, allow.empty = FALSE, pass.zero = FALSE)
```

Arguments

x	A list
all.unique	Require that all names are unique from one another
allow.empty	Allow empty (nchar = 0) names
pass.zero	Pass on zero-length lists

Value

TRUE if ..., otherwise FALSE

JackStrawData-class

The JackStrawData Class

Description

The JackStrawData is used to store the results of a JackStraw computation.

Slots

empirical.p.values Empirical p-values
fake.reduction.scores Fake reduction scores
empirical.p.values.full Empirical p-values on full
overall.p.values Overall p-values from ScoreJackStraw

JackStrawData-methods JackStrawData *Methods*

Description

Methods for [JackStrawData](#) objects for generics defined in other packages

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'JackStrawData'  
.DollarNames(x, pattern = "")  
  
## S3 method for class 'JackStrawData'  
x$i, ...  
  
## S3 method for class 'JackStrawData'  
as.logical(x, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'JackStrawData'  
show(object)
```

Arguments

x, object	A JackStrawData object
pattern	A regular expression. Only matching names are returned.
i	A JackStrawData slot name
...	Ignored

Value

\$: Slot i from x
as.logical: TRUE if empirical p-values have been calculated otherwise FALSE
show: Prints summary to [stdout](#) and invisibly returns NULL

Functions

- `.DollarNames.JackStrawData`: Autocompletion for \$ access on a JackStrawData object
- `$.JackStrawData`: Access data from a JackStrawData object
- `as.logical.JackStrawData`: Have empirical p-values for a JackStrawData object been calculated
- `show, JackStrawData-method`: Overview of a JackStrawData object

Description

Get and set JackStraw information

Usage

```
JS(object, ...)
```

```
JS(object, ...) <- value
```

```
## S3 method for class 'JackStrawData'  
JS(object, slot, ...)
```

```
## S3 replacement method for class 'JackStrawData'  
JS(object, slot, ...) <- value
```

```
## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'  
JS(object, slot = NULL, ...)
```

```
## S3 replacement method for class 'DimReduc'  
JS(object, slot = NULL, ...) <- value
```

Arguments

object	An object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
value	JackStraw information
slot	Name of slot to store JackStraw scores to Can shorten to 'empirical', 'fake', 'full', or 'overall'

Value

JS: either a [JackStrawData](#) object or the specified jackstraw data

JS<-: object with the update jackstraw information

Key *Get and set object keys*

Description

Get and set object keys

Usage

```
Key(object, ...)  
Key(object, ...) <- value  
Keys(object, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'Assay'  
Key(object, ...)  
  
## S3 replacement method for class 'Assay'  
Key(object, ...) <- value  
  
## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'  
Key(object, ...)  
  
## S3 replacement method for class 'DimReduc'  
Key(object, ...) <- value  
  
## S3 method for class 'Seurat'  
Key(object, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'Seurat'  
Keys(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	An object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
value	Key value

Value

Key: the object key
Key<-: object with an updated key
Keys: a named vector of keys of sub-objects

Examples

```

# Get an Assay key
Key(pbmc_small[["RNA"]])

# Set the key for an Assay
Key(pbmc_small[["RNA"]]) <- "newkey_"
Key(pbmc_small[["RNA"]])

# Get a DimReduc key
Key(object = pbmc_small[["pca"]])

# Set the key for DimReduc
Key(object = pbmc_small[["pca"]]) <- "newkey2_"
Key(object = pbmc_small[["pca"]])

# Show all keys associated with a Seurat object
Key(object = pbmc_small)
Keys(object = pbmc_small)

```

Loadings

Get and set feature loadings

Description

Get and set feature loadings

Usage

```

Loadings(object, ...)

Loadings(object, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
Loadings(object, projected = FALSE, ...)

## S3 replacement method for class 'DimReduc'
Loadings(object, projected = TRUE, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
Loadings(object, reduction = "pca", projected = FALSE, ...)

```

Arguments

object	An object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
value	Feature loadings to add
projected	Pull the projected feature loadings?
reduction	Name of reduction to pull feature loadings for

Value

Loadings: the feature loadings for object

Loadings<-: object with the updated loadings

Examples

```
# Get the feature loadings for a given DimReduc
Loadings(object = pbmc_small[["pca"]])[1:5,1:5]

# Set the feature loadings for a given DimReduc
new.loadings <- Loadings(object = pbmc_small[["pca"]])
new.loadings <- new.loadings + 0.01
Loadings(object = pbmc_small[["pca"]]) <- new.loadings

# Get the feature loadings for a specified DimReduc in a Seurat object
Loadings(object = pbmc_small, reduction = "pca")[1:5,1:5]
```

 LogMap-class

A Logical Map

Description

A simple container for storing mappings of values using logical matrices. Keeps track of which values (rows) are present in which observations (columns). LogMap objects can be created with LogMap(); queries can be performed with [] and observations can be added or removed with [[:

Usage

```
LogMap(y)

## S4 method for signature 'LogMap,character,missing'
x[[i, j, ...]]

## S4 method for signature 'LogMap,missing,missing'
x[[i, j, ...]]

## S4 method for signature 'LogMap,`NULL`,missing'
x[[i, j, ...]]

## S4 replacement method for signature 'LogMap,character,missing,character'
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'LogMap,character,missing,integer'
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'LogMap,character,missing,`NULL`'
```

```
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'LogMap,character,missing,numeric'
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value

## S4 method for signature 'LogMap'
show(object)
```

Arguments

y	A character vector
x, object	A LogMap object
i	A character vector of length 1, or NULL
j	Not used
...	Ignored
value	A character or integer vector of values to record in the map for i, or NULL to remove the record for i

Value

LogMap: A new LogMap object with zero columns and `length(x = x)` rows; rownames are set to `x`
`[[`: if `i` is a character vector, the rownames that are mapped to `i`; otherwise the rownames of `x`
`[[<-`: If `value` is NULL, then `x` without the observations for `i`; otherwise, `x` with a new column for `i` recording a TRUE for all values present in `value`

Slots

`.Data` A logical matrix with at least one row

Examples

```
# Create a LogMap
map <- LogMap(letters[1:10])
map

# Get the names of values in the LogMap
map[[NULL]]
rownames(map)

# Add an observation to the LogMap
map[['obs']] <- c(1, 3, 7)
map

# Get the names of observations in the LogMap
colnames(map)

# Fetch an observation from the LogMap
map[['obs']]
```

```
# Get the full logical matrix
map[[]]

# Remove an observation from the LogMap
map[['obs']] <- NULL
map
```

LogSeuratCommand *Log a command*

Description

Logs command run, storing the name, timestamp, and argument list. Stores in the Seurat object

Usage

```
LogSeuratCommand(object, return.command = FALSE)
```

Arguments

object Name of Seurat object
return.command Return a [SeuratCommand](#) object instead

Value

If return.command, returns a SeuratCommand object. Otherwise, returns the Seurat object with command stored

See Also

[Command](#)

MatchCells *Match Cells*

Description

Match Cells

Usage

```
MatchCells(new, orig, ordered = FALSE)

## S3 method for class 'character'
MatchCells(new, orig, ordered = FALSE)

## S3 method for class '`NULL`'
MatchCells(new, orig, ordered = FALSE)

## S3 method for class 'numeric'
MatchCells(new, orig, ordered = FALSE)
```

Arguments

new	A vector of new cells
orig	A vector of existing cells
ordered	Sort the result to the same order as orig

Value

A numeric vector with new cells in order of the original cells; if no match can be found, returns NULL

Misc	<i>Get and set miscellaneous data</i>
------	---------------------------------------

Description

Get and set miscellaneous data

Usage

```
Misc(object, ...)

Misc(object, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'Assay'
Misc(object, slot = NULL, ...)

## S3 replacement method for class 'Assay'
Misc(object, slot, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
Misc(object, slot = NULL, ...)

## S3 replacement method for class 'DimReduc'
```

```
Misc(object, slot, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
Misc(object, slot = NULL, ...)

## S3 replacement method for class 'Seurat'
Misc(object, slot, ...) <- value
```

Arguments

object	An object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
value	Data to add
slot	Name of specific bit of meta data to pull

Value

Miscellaneous data
An object with miscellaneous data added

Examples

```
# Get the misc info
Misc(object = pbmc_small, slot = "example")

# Add misc info
Misc(object = pbmc_small, slot = "example") <- "testing_misc"
```

Molecules-class *The Spatial Molecules Class*

Description

The Spatial Molecules Class

Slots

.Data A list of [SpatialPoints](#) objects
key The key for the Molecules

See Also

Molecules methods: [Molecules-methods](#)
Segmentation layer classes: [Centroids-class](#), [Segmentation-class](#)

Molecules-methods	Molecules <i>Methods</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

Description

Methods for [Molecules](#) objects

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Molecules'  
Features(x, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'Molecules'  
GetTissueCoordinates(object, features = NULL, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'Molecules'  
subset(x, features = NULL, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'Molecules'  
show(object)
```

Arguments

x, object	A Molecules object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
features	A vector of molecule names to keep; if NULL, defaults to all molecules

Details

Features: Get spatially-resolved molecule names
GetTissueCoordinates: Get spatially-resolved molecule coordinates
subset: Subset a [Molecules](#) object to certain molecules
show: Display an object summary to stdout

Value

Features: A vector of spatially-resolved molecule names; if no molecular information present, returns NULL
GetTissueCoordinates: A data frame with three columns:

- “x”: the x-coordinate of a molecule
- “y”: the y-coordinate of a molecule
- “molecule”: the molecule name

subset: x subsetted to the features specified by features
show: Invisibly returns NULL

See Also

[Molecules-class](#)

Neighbor-class *The Neighbor class*

Description

The Neighbor class is used to store the results of neighbor finding algorithms

Slots

nn.idx Matrix containing the nearest neighbor indices
 nn.dist Matrix containing the nearest neighbor distances
 alg.idx The neighbor finding index (if applicable). E.g. the annoy index
 alg.info Any information associated with the algorithm that may be needed downstream (e.g. distance metric used with annoy is needed when reading in from stored file).
 cell.names Names of the cells for which the neighbors have been computed.

Neighbor-methods Neighbor *Methods*

Description

Methods for [Neighbor](#) objects for generics defined in other packages

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Neighbor'
dim(x)

## S4 method for signature 'Neighbor'
show(object)
```

Arguments

x, object A [Neighbor](#) object

Value

dim Dimensions of the indices matrix
 show: Prints summary to [stdout](#) and invisibly returns NULL

Functions

- dim.Neighbor: Dimensions of the neighbor indices
- show,Neighbor-method: Overview of a Neighbor object

Overlay

Overlay Spatial Objects Over One Another

Description

Create an overlay of some query spatial object (x) against some target object (y). Basically, find all components of a query that fall within the bounds of a target spatial region

Usage

```
Overlay(x, y, invert = FALSE, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'Centroids,SpatialPolygons'  
Overlay(x, y, invert = FALSE, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'Segmentation,SpatialPolygons'  
Overlay(x, y, invert = FALSE, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'Molecules,SpatialPolygons'  
Overlay(x, y, invert = FALSE, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'FOV,Spatial'  
Overlay(x, y, invert = FALSE, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'FOV,SpatialPolygons'  
Overlay(x, y, invert = FALSE, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'FOV,FOV'  
Overlay(x, y, invert = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	Query Spatial object
y	Target Spatial object
invert	Invert the overlay and return only the components of x that fall <i>outside</i> the bounds of y
...	Ignored

Value

x with only the components that fall within the bounds of y

PackageCheck	<i>Check the existence of a package</i>
--------------	---

Description

Check the existence of a package

Usage

```
PackageCheck(..., error = TRUE)
```

Arguments

...	Package names
error	If true, throw an error if the package doesn't exist

Value

Invisibly returns boolean denoting if the package is installed

Examples

```
PackageCheck("SeuratObject", error = FALSE)
```

pbmc_small	<i>A small example version of the PBMC dataset</i>
------------	--

Description

A subsetted version of 10X Genomics' 3k PBMC dataset

Usage

```
pbmc_small
```

Format

A Seurat object with the following slots filled

- assays** Currently only contains one assay ("RNA" - scRNA-seq expression data)
 - counts - Raw expression data
 - data - Normalized expression data
 - scale.data - Scaled expression data
 - var.features - names of the current features selected as variable

- `meta.features` - Assay level metadata such as mean and variance

meta.data Cell level metadata

active.assay Current default assay

active.ident Current default ident

graphs Neighbor graphs computed, currently stores the SNN

reductions Dimensional reductions: currently PCA and tSNE

version Seurat version used to create the object

commands Command history

Source

<https://support.10xgenomics.com/single-cell-gene-expression/datasets/1.1.0/pbmc3k>

Project	<i>Get and set project information</i>
---------	--

Description

Get and set project information

Usage

```
Project(object, ...)
Project(object, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
Project(object, ...)

## S3 replacement method for class 'Seurat'
Project(object, ...) <- value
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	An object
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to other methods
<code>value</code>	Project information to set

Value

Project information
An object with project information added

Radius *Get the spot radius from an image*

Description

Get the spot radius from an image

Usage

```
Radius(object)
```

Arguments

object An image object

Value

The radius size

RandomName *Generate a random name*

Description

Make a name from randomly sampled lowercase letters, pasted together with no spaces or other characters

Usage

```
RandomName(length = 5L, ...)
```

Arguments

length How long should the name be
... Extra parameters passed to [sample](#)

Value

A character with nchar == length of randomly sampled letters

See Also

[sample](#)

Examples

```
set.seed(42L)
RandomName()
RandomName(7L, replace = TRUE)
```

RenameAssays	<i>Rename assays in a Seurat object</i>
--------------	---

Description

Rename assays in a Seurat object

Usage

```
RenameAssays(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	A Seurat object
...	Named arguments as <code>old.assay = new.assay</code>

Value

object with assays renamed

Examples

```
RenameAssays(object = pbmc_small, RNA = 'rna')
```

RenameCells	<i>Rename cells</i>
-------------	---------------------

Description

Change the cell names in all the different parts of an object. Can be useful before combining multiple objects.

Usage

```

RenameCells(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Assay'
RenameCells(object, new.names = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
RenameCells(object, new.names = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Neighbor'
RenameCells(object, old.names = NULL, new.names = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
RenameCells(
  object,
  add.cell.id = NULL,
  new.names = NULL,
  for.merge = FALSE,
  ...
)

```

Arguments

object	An object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
new.names	vector of new cell names
old.names	vector of old cell names
add.cell.id	prefix to add cell names
for.merge	Only rename slots needed for merging Seurat objects. Currently only renames the raw.data and meta.data slots.

Details

If add.cell.id is set a prefix is added to existing cell names. If new.names is set these will be used to replace existing names.

Value

An object with new cell names

Examples

```

# Rename cells in an Assay
head(x = colnames(x = pbmc_small[["RNA"]]))
renamed.assay <- RenameCells(
  pbmc_small[["RNA"]],
  new.names = paste0("A_", colnames(x = pbmc_small[["RNA"]]))
)

```

```
head(x = colnames(x = renamed.assay))

# Rename cells in a DimReduc
head(x = Cells(x = pbmc_small[["pca"]]))
renamed.dimreduc <- RenameCells(
  object = pbmc_small[["pca"]],
  new.names = paste0("A_", Cells(x = pbmc_small[["pca"]]))
)
head(x = Cells(x = renamed.dimreduc))

# Rename cells in a Seurat object
head(x = colnames(x = pbmc_small))
pbmc_small <- RenameCells(object = pbmc_small, add.cell.id = "A")
head(x = colnames(x = pbmc_small))
```

RowMergeSparseMatrices

Merge Sparse Matrices by Row

Description

Merge two or more sparse matrices by rowname.

Usage

```
RowMergeSparseMatrices(mat1, mat2)
```

Arguments

mat1	First matrix
mat2	Second matrix or list of matrices

Details

Shared matrix rows (with the same row name) will be merged, and unshared rows (with different names) will be filled with zeros in the matrix not containing the row.

Value

Returns a sparse matrix

`s4list`*S4/List Conversion*

Description

Convert S4 objects to lists and vice versa. Useful for declassing an S4 object while keeping track of it's class using attributes (see section **S4 Class Definition Attributes** below for more details). Both `ListToS4` and `S4ToList` are recursive functions, affecting all lists/S4 objects contained as sub-lists/sub-objects.

Usage

```
S4ToList(object)

IsS4List(x)

ListToS4(x)

## Default S3 method:
S4ToList(object)

## S3 method for class 'list'
S4ToList(object)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	An S4 object
<code>x</code>	A list with an S4 class definition attribute

Value

`S4ToList`: A list with an S4 class definition attribute
`IsS4List`: TRUE if `x` is a list with an S4 class definition attribute
`ListToS4`: An S4 object as defined by the S4 class definition attribute

S4 Class Definition Attributes

S4 classes are scoped to the package and class name. In order to properly track which class a list is generated from in order to build a new one, these function use an [attribute](#) to denote the class name and package of origin. This attribute is stored as “classDef” and takes the form of “package:class”.

Segmentation-class *The Segmentation Class*

Description

The Segmentation Class

See Also

Segmentation methods: [Segmentation-methods](#)

Segmentation layer classes: [Centroids-class](#), [Molecules-class](#)

Segmentation-methods *Segmentation Methods*

Description

Methods for [Segmentation](#) objects

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Segmentation'
Cells(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Segmentation'
GetTissueCoordinates(object, full = TRUE, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Segmentation'
RenameCells(object, new.names = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Segmentation'
lengths(x, use.names = TRUE)

## S3 method for class 'Segmentation'
subset(x, cells = NULL, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'Segmentation,ANY,ANY,ANY'
x[i, j, ..., drop = TRUE]

## S4 method for signature 'Segmentation'
coordinates(obj, full = TRUE, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'Segmentation'
show(object)
```

Arguments

x, object, obj	A Segmentation object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
full	Expand the coordinates to the full polygon
new.names	vector of new cell names
use.names	Ignored
cells	A vector of cells to keep; if NULL, defaults to all cells
i	A vector of cells to keep; if NULL, defaults to all cells
j	Ignored
drop	Ignored

Details

Cells: Get cell names

GetTissueCoordinates, coordinates: Get tissue coordinates

RenameCells: Update cell names

lengths: Generate a run-length encoding of the cells present

subset, [: Subset a Segmentation object to certain cells

show: Display an object summary to stdout

Value

Cells: A vector of cell names

GetTissueCoordinates, coordinates: A data frame with three columns:

- “x”: the x-coordinate
- “y”: the y-coordinate
- “cell” or “ID”: the cell name

If full is TRUE, then each coordinate will indicate a vertex for the cell polygon; otherwise, each coordinate will indicate a centroid for the cell. Note: GetTissueCoordinates

RenameCells: object with the cells renamed to new.names

lengths: An [rle](#) object for the cells

subset, [: x subsetting to the cells specified by cells/i

show: Invisibly returns NULL

Progress Updates with progressr

The following methods use **progressr** to render status updates and progress bars:

- RenameCells

To enable progress updates, wrap the function call in [with_progress](#) or run [handlers\(global = TRUE\)](#) before running this function. For more details about **progressr**, please read [vignette\("progressr-intro"\)](#)

Parallelization with future

The following methods use **future** to enable parallelization:

- `RenameCells`

Parallelization strategies can be set using `plan`. Common plans include “sequential” for non-parallelized processing or “multisession” for parallel evaluation using multiple R sessions; for other plans, see the “Implemented evaluation strategies” section of `?future::plan`. For a more thorough introduction to **future**, see `vignette("future-1-overview")`

See Also

[Segmentation-class](#)

set-if-na	<i>Set if NA</i>
-----------	------------------

Description

Set a default value depending on if an object is `NA`

Usage

```
x %NA% y
```

```
x %na% y
```

```
x %!NA% y
```

```
x %!na% y
```

Arguments

x	An object to test
y	A default value

Value

For `%NA%`: y if x is `NA`; otherwise x

For `%!NA%`: y if x is **not** `NA`; otherwise x

Examples

```
1 %NA% 2
NA %NA% 2
```

```
1 %!NA% 2
NA %!NA% 2
```

Seurat-class

*The Seurat Class***Description**

The Seurat object is a representation of single-cell expression data for R; each Seurat object revolves around a set of cells and consists of one or more [Assay](#) objects, or individual representations of expression data (eg. RNA-seq, ATAC-seq, etc). These assays can be reduced from their high-dimensional state to a lower-dimension state and stored as [DimReduc](#) objects. Seurat objects also store additional metadata, both at the cell and feature level (contained within individual assays). The object was designed to be as self-contained as possible, and easily extendable to new methods.

Slots

`assays` A list of assays for this project

`meta.data` Contains meta-information about each cell, starting with number of features detected (`nFeature`) and the original identity class (`orig.ident`); more information is added using [AddMetaData](#)

`active.assay` Name of the active, or default, assay; settable using [DefaultAssay](#)

`active.ident` The active cluster identity for this Seurat object; settable using [Idents](#)

`graphs` A list of [Graph](#) objects

`neighbors` ...

`reductions` A list of dimensional reduction objects for this object

`images` A list of spatial image objects

`project.name` Name of the project

`misc` A list of miscellaneous information

`version` Version of Seurat this object was built under

`commands` A list of logged commands run on this Seurat object

`tools` A list of miscellaneous data generated by other tools, should be filled by developers only using `Tool<-`

Seurat-methods

*Seurat Methods***Description**

Methods for [Seurat](#) objects for generics defined in other packages

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
.DollarNames(x, pattern = "")

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
x$i, ...

## S3 replacement method for class 'Seurat'
x$i, ... <- value

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
x[i, j, ...]

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
x[[i, ..., drop = FALSE]]

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
dim(x)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
dimnames(x)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
head(x, n = 10L, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
merge(
  x = NULL,
  y = NULL,
  add.cell.ids = NULL,
  merge.data = TRUE,
  merge.dr = NULL,
  project = "SeuratProject",
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
names(x)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
subset(
  x,
  subset,
  cells = NULL,
  features = NULL,
  idents = NULL,
  return.null = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

```

)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
tail(x, n = 10L, ...)

## S4 replacement method for signature 'Seurat,ANY,ANY,ANY'
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value

## S4 method for signature 'Seurat'
colMeans(x, na.rm = FALSE, dims = 1, ..., slot = "data")

## S4 method for signature 'Seurat'
colSums(x, na.rm = FALSE, dims = 1, ..., slot = "data")

## S4 method for signature 'Seurat'
rowMeans(x, na.rm = FALSE, dims = 1, ..., slot = "data")

## S4 method for signature 'Seurat'
rowSums(x, na.rm = FALSE, dims = 1, ..., slot = "data")

## S4 method for signature 'Seurat'
show(object)

```

Arguments

x, object	A Seurat object
pattern	A regular expression. Only matching names are returned.
i, features	Depends on the method [, subset Feature names or indices \$, \$<- Name of a single metadata column [[, [[<- Name of one or more metadata columns or an associated object; associated objects include Assay , DimReduc , Graph , SeuratCommand , or SpatialImage objects
...	Arguments passed to other methods
value	Additional metadata or associated objects to add; note : can pass NULL to remove metadata or an associated object
j, cells	Cell names or indices
drop	See drop
n	The number of rows of metadata to return
y	A single Seurat object or a list of Seurat objects
add.cell.ids	A character vector of length(x = c(x, y)); appends the corresponding values to the start of each objects' cell names
merge.data	Merge the data slots instead of just merging the counts (which requires renormalization); this is recommended if the same normalization approach was applied to all objects

<code>merge.dr</code>	Merge specified <code>DimReducs</code> that are present in all objects; will only merge the embeddings slots for the first N dimensions that are shared across all objects.
<code>project</code>	Project name for the Seurat object
<code>subset</code>	Logical expression indicating features/variables to keep
<code>idents</code>	A vector of identity classes to keep
<code>return.null</code>	If no cells are request, return a NULL; by default, throws an error
<code>na.rm</code>	logical. Should missing values (including NaN) be omitted from the calculations?
<code>dims</code>	completely ignored by the <code>Matrix</code> methods.
<code>slot</code>	Name of assay expression matrix to calculate column/row means/sums on

Value

`$`: metadata column `i` for object `x`; **note**: unlike `[[`, `$` drops the shape of the metadata to return a vector instead of a data frame

`$<-`: object `x` with metadata value saved as `i`

`[`: object `x` with features `i` and cells `j`

`[[`: If `i` is missing, the metadata data frame; if `i` is a vector of metadata names, a data frame with the requested metadata, otherwise, the requested associated object

`dim`: The number of features (`nrow`) and cells (`ncol`) for the default assay; **note**: while the number of features changes depending on the active assay, the number of cells remains the same across all assays

`dimnames`: The feature (row) and cell (column) names; **note**: while the features change depending on the active assay, the cell names remain the same across all assays

`head`: The first `n` rows of cell-level metadata

`merge`: Merged object

`names`: The names of all [Assay](#), [DimReduc](#), [Graph](#), and [SpatialImage](#) objects in the Seurat object

`subset`: A subsetted Seurat object

`tail`: The last `n` rows of cell-level metadata

`[[<-`: `x` with the metadata or associated objects added as `i`; if `value` is NULL, removes metadata or associated object `i` from object `x`

`show`: Prints summary to `stdout` and invisibly returns NULL

Functions

- `.DollarNames.Seurat`: Autocompletion for `$` access on a Seurat object
- `$.Seurat`: Metadata access for Seurat objects
- `$<-.Seurat`: Metadata setter for Seurat objects
- `[.Seurat`: Simple subsetter for Seurat objects
- `[[.Seurat`: Metadata and associated object accessor
- `dim.Seurat`: Number of cells and features for the active assay
- `dimnames.Seurat`: The cell and feature names for the active assay

- `head.Seurat`: Get the first rows of cell-level metadata
- `merge.Seurat`: Merge two or more Seurat objects together
- `names.Seurat`: Common associated objects
- `subset.Seurat`: Subset a [Seurat](#) object
- `tail.Seurat`: Get the last rows of cell-level metadata
- `[[<- , Seurat, ANY, ANY, ANY-method`: Add cell-level metadata or associated objects
- `colMeans, Seurat-method`: Calculate [colMeans](#) on a Seurat object
- `colSums, Seurat-method`: Calculate [colSums](#) on a Seurat object
- `rowMeans, Seurat-method`: Calculate [rowMeans](#) on a rowMeans object
- `rowSums, Seurat-method`: Calculate [rowSums](#) on a Seurat object
- `show, Seurat-method`: Overview of a Seurat object

Merge Details

When merging Seurat objects, the merge procedure will merge the Assay level counts and potentially the data slots (depending on the `merge.data` parameter). It will also merge the cell-level metadata that was stored with each object and preserve the cell identities that were active in the objects pre-merge. The merge will optionally merge reductions depending on the values passed to `merge.dr` if they have the same name across objects. Here the embeddings slots will be merged and if there are differing numbers of dimensions across objects, only the first N shared dimensions will be merged. The feature loadings slots will be filled by the values present in the first object. The merge will not preserve graphs, logged commands, or feature-level metadata that were present in the original objects. If `add.cell.ids` isn't specified and any cell names are duplicated, cell names will be appended with `_X`, where X is the numeric index of the object in `c(x, y)`.

See Also

[subset WhichCells](#)

Examples

```
# Get metadata using '$'
head(pbmc_small$groups)

# Add metadata using the '$' operator
set.seed(42)
pbmc_small$value <- sample(1:3, size = ncol(pbmc_small), replace = TRUE)
head(pbmc_small[["value"]])

# '[' examples
pbmc_small[VariableFeatures(object = pbmc_small), ]
pbmc_small[, 1:10]

# Get the cell-level metadata data frame
head(pbmc_small[[]])

# Pull specific metadata information
```



```
head(pbmc_small[[c("letter.idents", "groups")]])
head(pbmc_small[["groups", drop = TRUE]])

# Get a sub-object (eg. an `Assay` or `DimReduc`)
pbmc_small[["RNA"]]
pbmc_small[["pca"]]

# Get the number of features in an object
nrow(pbmc_small)

# Get the number of cells in an object
ncol(pbmc_small)

# Get the feature names of an object
rownames(pbmc_small)

# Get the cell names of an object
colnames(pbmc_small)

# Get the first 10 rows of cell-level metadata
head(pbmc_small)

# `merge` examples
# merge two objects
merge(pbmc_small, y = pbmc_small)
# to merge more than two objects, pass one to x and a list of objects to y
merge(pbmc_small, y = c(pbmc_small, pbmc_small))

names(pbmc_small)

# `subset` examples
subset(pbmc_small, subset = MS4A1 > 4)
subset(pbmc_small, subset = `DLGAP1-AS1` > 2)
subset(pbmc_small, idents = '0', invert = TRUE)
subset(pbmc_small, subset = MS4A1 > 3, slot = 'counts')
subset(pbmc_small, features = VariableFeatures(object = pbmc_small))

# Get the last 10 rows of cell-level metadata
tail(pbmc_small)

head(colMeans(pbmc_small))

head(colSums(pbmc_small))

head(rowMeans(pbmc_small))

head(rowSums(pbmc_small))
```

Description

The SeuratCommand is used for logging commands that are run on a Seurat object; it stores parameters and timestamps

Slots

name Command name
time.stamp Timestamp of when command was run
assay.used Optional name of assay used to generate SeuratCommand object
call.string String of the command call
params List of parameters used in the command call

SeuratCommand-methods SeuratCommand *Methods*

Description

Methods for [SeuratCommand](#) objects for generics defined in other packages

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SeuratCommand'
.DollarNames(x, pattern = "")

## S3 method for class 'SeuratCommand'
x$i, ...

## S3 method for class 'SeuratCommand'
x[i, ...]

## S3 method for class 'SeuratCommand'
as.list(x, complete = FALSE, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'SeuratCommand'
show(object)
```

Arguments

x, object	A SeuratCommand object
pattern	A regular expression. Only matching names are returned.
i	For a \$, a parameter name; for [, a SeuratCommand slot name
...	Arguments passed to other methods
complete	Include slots besides just parameters (eg. call string, name, timestamp)

Value

\$: The value for parameter i

[: Slot i from x

as.list: A list with the parameters and, if complete = TRUE, the call string, name, and timestamp

show: Prints summary to `stdout` and invisibly returns NULL

Functions

- `.DollarNames.SeuratCommand`: Autocompletion for \$ access on a SeuratCommand object
- `$.SeuratCommand`: Access a parameter from a SeuratCommand object
- `[.SeuratCommand`: Access data from a SeuratCommand object
- `as.list.SeuratCommand`: Coerce a SeuratCommand to a list
- `show,SeuratCommand-method`: Overview of a SeuratCommand object

Simplify

Simplify Geometry

Description

Simplify Geometry

Usage

```
Simplify(coords, tol, topologyPreserve = TRUE)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'Spatial'
```

```
Simplify(coords, tol, topologyPreserve = TRUE)
```

Arguments

coords ...

tol Numerical tolerance value to be used by the Douglas-Peucker algorithm

topologyPreserve

Logical determining if the algorithm should attempt to preserve the topology of the original geometry

Value

...

SpatialImage-class *The SpatialImage class*

Description

The SpatialImage class is a virtual class representing spatial information for Seurat. All spatial image information must inherit from this class for use with Seurat objects

Slots

assay Name of assay to associate image data with; will give this image priority for visualization when the assay is set as the active/default assay in a Seurat object

key Key for the image

See Also

[SpatialImage-methods](#) for a list of required and provided methods

SpatialImage-methods SpatialImage *methods*

Description

Methods defined on the [SpatialImage](#) class. Some of these methods must be overridden in order to ensure proper functionality of the derived classes (see **Required methods** below). Other methods are designed to work across all SpatialImage-derived subclasses, and should only be overridden if necessary

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SpatialImage'
Cells(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'SpatialImage'
DefaultAssay(object, ...)

## S3 replacement method for class 'SpatialImage'
DefaultAssay(object, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'SpatialImage'
GetImage(object, mode = c("grob", "raster", "plotly", "raw"), ...)

## S3 method for class 'SpatialImage'
GetTissueCoordinates(object, ...)
```

```

## S3 method for class 'SpatialImage'
IsGlobal(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'SpatialImage'
Key(object, ...)

## S3 replacement method for class 'SpatialImage'
Key(object, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'SpatialImage'
Radius(object)

## S3 method for class 'SpatialImage'
RenameCells(object, new.names = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'SpatialImage'
x[i, ...]

## S3 method for class 'SpatialImage'
dim(x)

## S3 method for class 'SpatialImage'
subset(x, cells, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'SpatialImage'
show(object)

```

Arguments

x, object	A SpatialImage-derived object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
value	Depends on the method: DefaultAssay<- Assay that the image should be associated with Key<- New key for the image
mode	How to return the image; should accept one of “grob”, “raster”, “plotly”, or “raw”
new.names	vector of new cell names
i, cells	A vector of cells to keep

Value

[Override] Cells: should return cell names
DefaultAssay: The associated assay of a SpatialImage-derived object
DefaultAssay<-: object with the associated assay updated
[Override] GetImage: The image data from a SpatialImage-derived object
[Override] GetTissueCoordinates: ...

IsGlobal: returns TRUE as images are, by default, global

Key: The key for a SpatialImage-derived object

Key<-: object with the key set to value

Radius: The spot radius size; by default, returns NULL

[Override] RenameCells: object with the new cell names

[, subset: x/object for only the cells requested

[Override] dim: The dimensions of the image data in (Y, X) format

show: Prints summary to `stdout` and invisibly returns NULL

Functions

- Cells.SpatialImage: Get the cell names from an image (**[Override]**)
- DefaultAssay.SpatialImage: Get the associated assay of a SpatialImage-derived object
- DefaultAssay<-.SpatialImage: Set the associated assay of a SpatialImage-derived object
- GetImage.SpatialImage: Get the image data from a SpatialImage-derived object
- GetTissueCoordinates.SpatialImage: Get tissue coordinates for a SpatialImage-derived object (**[Override]**)
- IsGlobal.SpatialImage: Globality test for SpatialImage-derived object
- Key.SpatialImage: Get the key for a SpatialImage-derived object
- Key<-.SpatialImage: Set the key for a SpatialImage-derived object
- Radius.SpatialImage: Get the spot radius size
- RenameCells.SpatialImage: Rename cells in a SpatialImage-derived object (**[Override]**)
- [, SpatialImage: Subset a SpatialImage-derived object
- dim.SpatialImage: Get the plotting dimensions of an image (**[Override]**)
- subset.SpatialImage: Subset a SpatialImage-derived object (**[Override]**)
- show, SpatialImage-method: Overview of a SpatialImage-derived object

Provided methods

These methods are defined on the SpatialImage object and should not be overridden without careful thought

- `DefaultAssay` and `DefaultAssay<-`
- `Key` and `Key<-`
- `GetImage`; this method *can* be overridden to provide image data, normally returns empty image data. If overridden, should default to returning a `grob` object
- `IsGlobal`
- `Radius`; this method *can* be overridden to provide a spot radius for image objects
- `[`; this method *can* be overridden to change default subset behavior, normally returns `subset(x = x, cells = i)`. If overridden, should only accept `i`

Required methods

All subclasses of the `SpatialImage` class must define the following methods; simply relying on the `SpatialImage` method will result in errors. For required parameters and their values, see the `Usage` and `Arguments` sections

`Cells` Return the cell/spot barcodes associated with each position

`dim` Return the dimensions of the image for plotting in (Y, X) format

`GetTissueCoordinates` Return tissue coordinates; by default, must return a two-column data.frame with x-coordinates in the first column and y-coordinates in the second

`Radius` Return the spot radius; returns NULL by default for use with non-spot image technologies

`RenameCells` Rename the cell/spot barcodes for this image

`subset` Subset the image data by cells/spots

These methods are used throughout Seurat, so defining them and setting the proper defaults will allow subclasses of `SpatialImage` to work seamlessly

See Also

[DefaultAssay](#)

[GetImage](#)

[GetTissueCoordinates](#)

[IsGlobal](#)

[Key](#)

[RenameCells](#)

Stdev

Get the standard deviations for an object

Description

Get the standard deviations for an object

Usage

```
Stdev(object, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
Stdev(object, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
Stdev(object, reduction = "pca", ...)
```

Arguments

object	An object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
reduction	Name of reduction to use

Value

The standard deviations

Examples

```
# Get the standard deviations for each PC from the DimReduc object
Stdev(object = pbmc_small[["pca"]])

# Get the standard deviations for each PC from the Seurat object
Stdev(object = pbmc_small, reduction = "pca")
```

Theta	<i>Get the offset angle</i>
-------	-----------------------------

Description

Get the offset angle

Usage

Theta(object)

Arguments

object	An object
--------	-----------

Tool	<i>Get and set additional tool data</i>
------	---

Description

Use Tool to get tool data. If no additional arguments are provided, will return a vector with the names of tools in the object.

Usage

```
Tool(object, ...)  
  
Tool(object, ...) <- value  
  
## S3 method for class 'Seurat'  
Tool(object, slot = NULL, ...)  
  
## S3 replacement method for class 'Seurat'  
Tool(object, ...) <- value
```

Arguments

object	An object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
value	Information to be added to tool list
slot	Name of tool to pull

Value

If no additional arguments, returns the names of the tools in the object; otherwise returns the data placed by the tool requested

Note

For developers: set tool data using `Tool<-`. `Tool<-` will automatically set the name of the tool to the function that called `Tool<-`, so each function gets one entry in the tools list and cannot overwrite another function's entry. The automatic naming will also remove any method identifiers (eg. `RunPCA.Seurat` will become `RunPCA`); please plan accordingly.

Examples

```
Tool(object = pbmc_small)  
  
## Not run:  
sample.tool.output <- matrix(data = rnorm(n = 16), nrow = 4)  
# must be run from within a function  
Tool(object = pbmc_small) <- sample.tool.output  
  
## End(Not run)
```

UpdateSeuratObject *Update old Seurat object to accommodate new features*

Description

Updates Seurat objects to new structure for storing data/calculations. For Seurat v3 objects, will validate object structure ensuring all keys and feature names are formed properly.

Usage

```
UpdateSeuratObject(object)
```

Arguments

object Seurat object

Value

Returns a Seurat object compatible with latest changes

Examples

```
## Not run:  
updated_seurat_object = UpdateSeuratObject(object = old_seurat_object)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

UpdateSlots *Update slots in an object*

Description

Update slots in an object

Usage

```
UpdateSlots(object)
```

Arguments

object An object to update

Value

object with the latest slot definitions

Version	<i>Get Version Information</i>
---------	--------------------------------

Description

Get Version Information

Usage

```
Version(object, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
```

```
Version(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object An object

... Arguments passed to other methods

Examples

```
Version(pbmc_small)
```

WhichCells	<i>Identify cells matching certain criteria</i>
------------	---

Description

Returns a list of cells that match a particular set of criteria such as identity class, high/low values for particular PCs, etc.

Usage

```
WhichCells(object, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'Assay'
```

```
WhichCells(object, cells = NULL, expression, invert = FALSE, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
```

```
WhichCells(  
  object,  
  cells = NULL,  
  idents = NULL,  
  expression,
```

```

    slot = "data",
    invert = FALSE,
    downsample = Inf,
    seed = 1,
    ...
)

```

Arguments

object	An object
...	Arguments passed on to CellsByIdentities
	return.null If no cells are request, return a NULL; by default, throws an error
cells	Subset of cell names
expression	A predicate expression for feature/variable expression, can evaluate anything that can be pulled by FetchData ; please note, you may need to wrap feature names in backticks (``) if dashes between numbers are present in the feature name
invert	Invert the selection of cells
idents	A vector of identity classes to keep
slot	Slot to pull feature data for
downsample	Maximum number of cells per identity class, default is Inf; downsampling will happen after all other operations, including inverting the cell selection
seed	Random seed for downsampling. If NULL, does not set a seed

Value

A vector of cell names

See Also

[FetchData](#)

Examples

```

WhichCells(pbmc_small, idents = 2)
WhichCells(pbmc_small, expression = MS4A1 > 3)
levels(pbmc_small)
WhichCells(pbmc_small, idents = c(1, 2), invert = TRUE)

```

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