Package 'QUALYPSO'

Type Package

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Title Partitioning Uncertainty Components of an Incomplete Ensemble of
Climate Projections

Version 2.0

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Imports MASS, expm, Rfast, foreach, doParallel, methods, stats,
graphics, grDevices

Description These functions use data augmentation and Bayesian techniques for the assessment of single-member and incomplete ensembles of climate projections. It provides unbiased estimates of climate change responses of all simulation chains and of all uncertainty variables. It additionally propagates uncertainty due to missing information in the estimates.
- Evin, G., B. Hingray, J. Blanchet, N. Eckert, S. Morin, and D. Verfaillie. (2019) <doi:10.1175/JCLI-D-18-0606.1>.

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R topics documented:

  fit.climate.response   *fit.climate.response*

Description

Fit trends for each simulation chain of an ensemble of nS projections. Each simulation chain is a time series of nY time steps (e.g. number of years).

Usage

```
fit.climate.response(Y, spar, Xmat, Xref, Xfut, typeChangeVariable)
```

Arguments

Y	matrix of simulation chains: nS x nY
spar	smoothing parameter spar in [smooth.spline](): varies in [0,1]
Xmat	matrix of predictors corresponding to the projections, e.g. time or global temperature.
Xref	reference/control value of the predictor (e.g. the reference period).
Xfut	values of the predictor over which the ANOVA will be applied.
typeChangeVariable	
	type of change variable: "abs" (absolute, value by default) or "rel" (relative)

Details

See [QUALYPSO]() for further information on arguments indexReferenceYear and typeChangeVariable.

Value

list with the following fields for each simulation chain:

- **phiStar**: climate change response
- **etaStar**: internal variability
- **phi**: raw trend obtained using smooth.spline
- **climateResponse**: output from smooth.spline
- **varInterVariability**: scalar, internal variability component of the MME

Author(s)

Guillaume Evin

References

Evin, G., B. Hingray, J. Blanchet, N. Eckert, S. Morin, and D. Verfaillie (2020) Partitioning Uncertainty Components of an Incomplete Ensemble of Climate Projections Using Data Augmentation. Journal of Climate. J. Climate, 32, 2423–2440. <doi:10.1175/JCLI-D-18-0606.1>.

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get.Qmat *get.Qmat*

Description

Provide matrix Q derived from a matrix Q* of Helmert contrasts:

$$Q = Q^*(Q^{*T}Q^*)^{-1/2}$$

See Eq. A6 in Evin et al., 2019.

Usage

```
get.Qmat(p)
```

Arguments

p   integer

Value

matrix   p x p matrix

Author(s)

Guillaume Evin

References

Evin, G., B. Hingray, J. Blanchet, N. Eckert, S. Morin, and D. Verfaillie (2020) Partitioning Uncertainty Components of an Incomplete Ensemble of Climate Projections Using Data Augmentation. Journal of Climate. J. Climate, 32, 2423–2440. <doi:10.1175/JCLI-D-18-0606.1>.

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get.Qstar.mat   *get.Qstar.mat*

Description

Provide matrix containing Helmert contrasts (see Eq. A7 in Evin et al., 2019).

Usage

```
get.Qstar.mat(p)
```

Arguments

p   integer

Value

matrix   p x (p-1) matrix containing Helmert contrasts

Author(s)

Guillaume Evin

References

Evin, G., B. Hingray, J. Blanchet, N. Eckert, S. Morin, and D. Verfaillie (2020) <doi:10.1175/JCLI-D-18-0606.1>.

Evin, G., B. Hingray, J. Blanchet, N. Eckert, S. Morin, and D. Verfaillie (2020) Partitioning Uncertainty Components of an Incomplete Ensemble of Climate Projections Using Data Augmentation. Journal of Climate. J. Climate, 32, 2423–2440. <doi:10.1175/JCLI-D-18-0606.1>.

`lm.ANOVA`	*lm.ANOVA*

Description

Partition uncertainty in climate responses using an ANOVA inferred with a Bayesian approach.

Usage

```
lm.ANOVA(phiStar, scenAvail, listOption = NULL, namesEff)
```

Arguments

phiStar	matrix of climate change responses (absolute or relative changes): nS x n. n can be the number of time steps or the number of grid points
scenAvail	data.frame nS x nEff with the nEff characteristics (e.g. type of GCM) for each of the nS x nS scenarios
listOption	list of options (see [QUALYPSO](#))
namesEff	names of the main effects

Value

list with the following fields:

- **GRANDMEAN**: List of estimates for the grand mean:
    - strong: MEAN: vector of length n of means
    - strong: SD: vector of length n of standard dev.
    - strong: CI: matrix n x 2 of credible intervals of probability probCI given in listOption.
- **RESIDUALVAR**: List of estimates for the variance of the residual errors:
    - strong: MEAN: vector of length n
- **MAINEFFECT**: List of estimates for the main effects. For each main effect (GCM, RCM,..), each element of the list contains a list with:
    - strong: MEAN: matrix n x nTypeEff
- **CHANGEBYEFFECT**: For each main effect, list of estimates for the mean change by main effect, i.e. mean change by scenario (RCP4.5). For each main effect (GCM, RCM,..), each element of the list contains a list with:
    - strong: MEAN: matrix n x nTypeEff
- **EFFECTVAR**: variability related to the main effects (i.e. variability between the different RCMs, GCMs,..). Matrix n x nTypeEff
- **CONTRIB_EACH_EFFECT**: Contribution of each individual effect to its component (percentage), e.g. what is the contribution of GCM1 to the variability related to GCMs. For each main effect (GCM, RCM,..), each element of the list contains a matrix n x nTypeEff
- **listOption**: list of options used to obtained these results (obtained from [QUALYPSO.check.option](#))
- **listScenarioInput**: list of scenario characteristics (obtained from [QUALYPSO.process.scenario](#))

Author(s)

Guillaume Evin

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plotQUALYPSOeffect   *plotQUALYPSOeffect*

Description

Plot prediction of ANOVA effects for one main effect. By default, we plot we plot the credible intervals corresponding to a probability 0.95.

Usage

```
plotQUALYPSOeffect(
  QUALYPSOOUT,
  nameEff,
  includeMean = FALSE,
  lim = NULL,
  col = 1:20,
  xlab = "",
  ylab = "Effect",
  addLegend = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

QUALYPSOOUT	output from [QUALYPSO](#)
nameEff	name of the main effect to be plotted in QUALYPSOOUT$namesEff
includeMean	if TRUE, the grand mean is added to the main effect in the plot
lim	y-axis limits (default is NULL)
col	colors for each effect
xlab	x-axis label
ylab	y-axis label
addLegend	if TRUE, a legend is added
...	additional arguments to be passed to [plot](#)

Author(s)

Guillaume Evin

plotQUALYPSOgrandmean   *plotQUALYPSOgrandmean*

Description

Plot prediction of grand mean ensemble.

Usage

```
plotQUALYPSOgrandmean(
  QUALYPSOOUT,
  lim = NULL,
  col = "black",
  xlab = "",
  ylab = "Grand mean",
  addLegend = T,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

QUALYPSOOUT	output from [QUALYPSO](#)
lim	y-axis limits (default is NULL)
col	color for the overall mean and the credible interval
xlab	x-axis label
ylab	y-axis label
addLegend	if TRUE, a legend is added
...	additional arguments to be passed to [plot](#)

Author(s)

Guillaume Evin

plotQUALYPSOMeanChangeAndUncertainties
                         plotQUALYPSOMeanChangeAndUncertainties

Description

Plot fraction of total variance explained by each source of uncertainty.

Usage

```
plotQUALYPSOMeanChangeAndUncertainties(
  QUALYPSOOUT,
  col = NULL,
  ylim = NULL,
  xlab = "",
  ylab = "Change variable",
  addLegend = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

QUALYPSOOUT	output from [QUALYPSO](#)
col	colors for each source of uncertainty, the first two colors corresponding to internal variability and residual variability, respectively
ylim	y-axis limits
xlab	x-axis label
ylab	y-axis label
addLegend	if TRUE, a legend is added
...	additional arguments to be passed to [plot](#)

Author(s)

Guillaume Evin

---

plotQUALYPSOTotalVarianceByScenario

plotQUALYPSOTotalVarianceByScenario

Description

Plot fraction of total variance explained by each source of uncertainty.

Usage

```
plotQUALYPSOTotalVarianceByScenario(
  QUALYPSOOUT,
  nameEff,
  nameScenario,
  col = NULL,
  ylim = NULL,
  xlab = "",
  ylab = "Change variable",
  addLegend = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

QUALYPSOOUT	output from [QUALYPSO](#)
nameEff	name of the main effect to be plotted in QUALYPSOOUT$namesEff
nameScenario	name of the scenario to be plotted (as provided in scenAvail)
col	colors for each source of uncertainty, the first two colors corresponding to internal variability and residual variability, respectively
ylim	y-axis limits
xlab	x-axis label
ylab	y-axis label
addLegend	if TRUE, a legend is added
...	additional arguments to be passed to [plot](#)

Author(s)

Guillaume Evin

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plotQUALYPSOTotalVarianceDecomposition

plotQUALYPSOTotalVarianceDecomposition

Description

Plot fraction of total variance explained by each source of uncertainty.

Usage

```
plotQUALYPSOTotalVarianceDecomposition(
  QUALYPSOOUT,
  vecEff = NULL,
 col = c("orange", "yellow", "cadetblue1", "blue1", "darkgreen", "darkgoldenrod4",
    "darkorchid1"),
  xlab = "",
  ylab = "% Total Variance",
  addLegend = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

QUALYPSOOUT	output from [QUALYPSO](#)
vecEff	vector of indices corresponding to the main effects (NULL by default), so that the order of appearance in the plot can be modified
col	colors for each source of uncertainty, the first two colors corresponding to internal variability and residual variability, respectively

xlab	x-axis label
ylab	y-axis label
addLegend	if TRUE, a legend is added
...	additional arguments to be passed to [plot](#)

Author(s)

Guillaume Evin

QUALYPSO   *QUALYPSO*

Description

Partition uncertainty in climate responses using an ANOVA applied to climate change responses.

Usage

```
QUALYPSO(
  Y,
  scenAvail,
  X = NULL,
  Xref = NULL,
  Xfut = NULL,
  iFut = NULL,
  listOption = NULL
)
```

Arguments

Y	matrix nS x nY or array nG x nS x nY of climate projections.
scenAvail	data.frame nS x nEff with the nEff characteristics (e.g. type of GCM) for each of the nS x nS scenarios. The number of characteristics nEff corresponds to the number of main effects that will be included in the ANOVA model.
X	(optional) predictors corresponding to the projections, e.g. time or global temperature. It can be a vector if the predictor is the same for all scenarios (e.g. X=2001:2100) or a matrix of the same size as Y if these predictors are different for the scenarios. By default, a vector 1:nY is created.
Xref	(optional) reference/control value of the predictor (e.g. the reference period). Xref can be a single value or a vector of length nS if Xref is different for each climate projection. By default, Xref is taken as the minimum value of X.
Xfut	(optional) values of the predictor over which the ANOVA will be applied. It must be a vector of values within the range of values of X. By default, it corresponds to X if X is a vector, 1:nY if X is NULL or a vector of 10 values equally spaced between the minimum and maximum values of X if X is a matrix.

iFut   index in `1:length(Xfut)` corresponding to a future predictor value . This index is necessary when `Y` is an array nG x nS x nY available for nG grid points. Indeed, in this case, we run QUALYPSO only for one future predictor.

listOption (optional) list of options

- **spar**: smoothing parameter `spar` in [smooth.spline](): typically (but not necessarily) in (0,1].
- **typeChangeVariable**: type of change variable: "abs" (absolute, value by default) or "rel" (relative).
- **ANOVAmethod**: ANOVA method: "QUALYPSO" applies the method described in Evin et al. (2020), "lm" applies a simple linear model to estimate the main effects.
- **nBurn**: if `ANOVAmethod=="QUALYPSO"`, number of burn-in samples (default: 1000). If `nBurn` is too small, the convergence of MCMC chains might not be obtained.
- **nKeep**: if `ANOVAmethod=="QUALYPSO"`, number of kept samples (default: 2000). If nKeep is too small, MCMC samples might not represent correctly the posterior distributions of inferred parameters.
- **nCluster**: number of clusters used for the parallelization (default: 1). When `nCluster` is greater than one, parallelization is used to apply `QUALYPSO` over multiple time steps or grid points simultaneously.
- **probCI**: probability (in [0,1]) for the confidence intervals, `probCI = 0.9` by default.
- **quantilePosterior**: vector of probabilities (in [0,1]) for which we compute the quantiles from the posterior distributions `quantilePosterior = c(0.005,0.025,0.05,0.1,0.25,0.33,0.5,0.66,0.75,0.9,0.95,0.975,0.995)` by default.

Value

List providing the results for each of the n values of `Xfut` if `Y` is a matrix or for each grid point if `Y` is an array, with the following fields:

- **CLIMATEESPONSE**: list of climate change responses and corresponding internal variability. Contains phiStar (climate change responses), etaStar (deviation from the climate change responses as a result of internal variability), and phi (fitted climate responses).
- **GRANDMEAN**: List of estimates for the grand mean:
  - **MEAN**: vector of length n of means.
  - **SD**: vector of length n of standard dev. if `ANOVAmethod=="QUALYPSO"`.
  - **CI**: matrix n x 2 of credible intervals of probability probCI given in `listOption` if `ANOVAmethod=="QUALYPSO"`.
  - **QUANT**: matrix n x nQ of quantiles of probability quantilePosterior given in `listOption` if `ANOVAmethod=="QUALYPSO"`.
- **MAINEFFECT**: List of estimates for the main effects. For each main effect (GCM, RCM,..), each element of the list contains a list with:
  - **MEAN**: matrix n x nTypeEff
  - **SD**: matrix n x nTypeEff of standard dev. if `ANOVAmethod=="QUALYPSO"`.

- **CI**: array n x 2 x nTypeEff of credible intervals of probability probCI given in listOption if ANOVAmethod=="QUALYPSO".
- **QUANT**: array n x nQ x nTypeEff of quantiles of probability quantilePosterior given in listOption if ANOVAmethod=="QUALYPSO".
- **CHANGEBYEFFECT**: For each main effect, list of estimates for the mean change by main effect, i.e. mean change by scenario. For each main effect (GCM, RCM,..), each element of the list contains a list with:
  - **MEAN**: matrix n x nTypeEff
  - **SD**: matrix n x nTypeEff of standard dev. if ANOVAmethod=="QUALYPSO".
  - **CI**: array n x 2 x nTypeEff of credible intervals of probability probCI given in listOption if ANOVAmethod=="QUALYPSO".
  - **QUANT**: array n x nQ x nTypeEff of quantiles of probability quantilePosterior given in listOption if ANOVAmethod=="QUALYPSO".
- **EFFECTVAR**: Matrix n x nTypeEff giving, for each time variability related to the main effects (i.e. variability between the different RCMs, GCMs,..).
- **CONTRIB_EACH_EFFECT**: Contribution of each individual effect to its component (percentage), e.g. what is the contribution of GCM1 to the variability related to GCMs. For each main effect (GCM, RCM,..), each element of the list contains a matrix n x nTypeEff
- **RESIDUALVAR**: List of estimates for the variance of the residual errors:
  - **MEAN**: vector of length n.
  - **SD**: vector of length n of standard dev. if ANOVAmethod=="QUALYPSO".
  - **CI**: matrix n x 2 of credible intervals of probability probCI given in listOption if ANOVAmethod=="QUALYPSO".
  - **QUANT**: matrix n x nQ of quantiles of probability quantilePosterior given in listOption if ANOVAmethod=="QUALYPSO".
- **INTERNALVAR**: Internal variability (constant over time)
- **TOTALVAR**: total variability, i.e. the sum of internal variability, residual variability and variability related to the main effects
- **DECOMPVAR**: Decomposition of the total variability for each component
- **RESERR**: differences between the climate change responses and the additive anova formula (grand mean + main effects)
- **Xmat**: matrix of predictors
- **Xref**: reference predictor values
- **Xfut**: future predictor values
- **paralType**: type of parallelisation (Time or Grid)
- **namesEff**: names of the main effects
- **Y**: matrix of available combinations given as inputs
- **listOption**: list of options used to obtained these results (obtained from QUALYPSO.check.option)
- **listScenarioInput**: list of scenario characteristics (obtained from QUALYPSO.process.scenario)

Author(s)

Guillaume Evin

References

Evin, G., B. Hingray, J. Blanchet, N. Eckert, S. Morin, and D. Verfaillie (2020) Partitioning Uncertainty Components of an Incomplete Ensemble of Climate Projections Using Data Augmentation. Journal of Climate. <doi:10.1175/JCLI-D-18-0606.1>.

Examples

```
########################################################################
# SYNTHETIC SCENARIOS
########################################################################
# create nS=3 fictive climate scenarios with 2 GCMs and 2 RCMs, for a period of nY=20 years
n=20
t=1:n/n

# GCM effects (sums to 0 for each t)
effGCM1 = t*2
effGCM2 = t*-2

# RCM effects (sums to 0 for each t)
effRCM1 = t*1
effRCM2 = t*-1

# These climate scenarios are a sum of effects and a random gaussian noise
scenGCM1RCM1 = effGCM1 + effRCM1 + rnorm(n=n,sd=0.5)
scenGCM1RCM2 = effGCM1 + effRCM2 + rnorm(n=n,sd=0.5)
scenGCM2RCM1 = effGCM2 + effRCM1 + rnorm(n=n,sd=0.5)
Y.synth = rbind(scenGCM1RCM1,scenGCM1RCM2,scenGCM2RCM1)

# Here, scenAvail indicates that the first scenario is obtained with the combination of the
# GCM "GCM1" and RCM "RCM1", the second scenario is obtained with the combination of
# the GCM "GCM1" and RCM "RCM2" and the third scenario is obtained with the combination
# of the GCM "GCM2" and RCM "RCM1".
scenAvail.synth = data.frame(GCM=c('GCM1','GCM1','GCM2'),RCM=c('RCM1','RCM2','RCM1'))

########################################################################
# RUN QUALYPSO
########################################################################
# call main QUALYPSO function: two arguments are mandatory:
# - Y: Climate projections for nS scenarios and nY time steps. if Y is a matrix nS x nY, we
# run QUALYPSO nY times, for each time step. If Y is an array nG x nS x nY, for nG grid points,
# we run QUALYPSO nG times, for each grid point, for one time step specified using the argument
# iFut
# - scenAvail: matrix or data.frame of available combinations nS x nEff. The number of
# characteristics nEff corresponds to the number of main effects that will be included in the
# ANOVA model. In the following example, we have nEff=2 main effects corresponding to the GCMs
# and RCMs.

# Many options can be specified in the argument "listOption". When ANOVAmethod=="QUALYPSO"
# a Bayesian inference is performed. Here, we change the default values for nBurn and nKeep
# in order to speed up computation time for this small example. However, it must be noticed
# that convergence and sampling of the posterior distributions often require higher values
#  for these two arguments.
```

```
listOption = list(nBurn=100,nKeep=100,ANOVAmethod="QUALYPSO",quantilePosterior=c(0.025,0.5,0.975))

# run QUALYPSO
QUALYPSO.synth = QUALYPSO(Y=Y.synth, scenAvail=scenAvail.synth, X=2001:2020, listOption=listOption)

###########################################################################
# SOME PLOTS
###########################################################################
# plot grand mean
plotQUALYPSOgrandmean(QUALYPSO.synth,xlab="Years")

# plot main GCM effects
plotQUALYPSOeffect(QUALYPSO.synth,nameEff="GCM",xlab="Years")

# plot main RCM effects
plotQUALYPSOeffect(QUALYPSO.synth,nameEff="RCM",xlab="Years")

# plot fraction of total variance for the differences sources of uncertainty
plotQUALYPSOTotalVarianceDecomposition(QUALYPSO.synth,xlab="Years")

# plot mean prediction and total variance with the differences sources of uncertainty
plotQUALYPSOMeanChangeAndUncertainties(QUALYPSO.synth,xlab="Years")

#_____
# EXAMPLE OF QUALYPSO WHEN THE PREDICTOR IS TIME
#_____

# list of options
listOption = list(typeChangeVariable='abs')

# call QUALYPSO
QUALYPSO.time = QUALYPSO(Y=Y,scenAvail=scenAvail,X=X_time_vec,Xref=1999,
                        Xfut=Xfut_time,listOption=listOption)

# grand mean effect
plotQUALYPSOgrandmean(QUALYPSO.time,xlab="Years")

# main GCM effects
plotQUALYPSOeffect(QUALYPSO.time,nameEff="GCM",xlab="Years")

# main RCM effects
plotQUALYPSOeffect(QUALYPSO.time,nameEff="RCM",xlab="Years")

# mean change and associated uncertainties
plotQUALYPSOMeanChangeAndUncertainties(QUALYPSO.time,xlab="Years")

# variance decomposition
plotQUALYPSOTotalVarianceDecomposition(QUALYPSO.time,xlab="Years")

#_____
# EXAMPLE OF QUALYPSO WHEN THE PREDICTOR IS THE GLOBAL TEMPERATURE
#_____
```

```
# list of options
listOption = list(typeChangeVariable='abs')

# call QUALYPSO
QUALYPSO.globaltas = QUALYPSO(Y=Y,scenAvail=scenAvail,X=X_globaltas,Xref=13,
                             Xfut=Xfut_globaltas,listOption=listOption)

# grand mean effect
plotQUALYPSOgrandmean(QUALYPSO.globaltas,xlab="Global temperature (Celsius)")

# main GCM effects
plotQUALYPSOeffect(QUALYPSO.globaltas,nameEff="GCM",xlab="Global temperature (Celsius)")

# main RCM effects
plotQUALYPSOeffect(QUALYPSO.globaltas,nameEff="RCM",xlab="Global temperature (Celsius)")

# mean change and associated uncertainties
plotQUALYPSOMeanChangeAndUncertainties(QUALYPSO.globaltas,xlab="Global temperature (Celsius)")

# variance decomposition
plotQUALYPSOTotalVarianceDecomposition(QUALYPSO.globaltas,xlab="Global temperature (Celsius)")
```

QUALYPSO.ANOVA   *QUALYPSO.ANOVA*

Description

Partition uncertainty in climate responses using an ANOVA inferred with a Bayesian approach.

Usage

```
QUALYPSO.ANOVA(phiStar, scenAvail, listOption = NULL, namesEff)
```

Arguments

phiStar	matrix of climate change responses (absolute or relative changes): nS x n. n can be the number of time steps or the number of grid points
scenAvail	data.frame nS x nEff with the nEff characteristics (e.g. type of GCM) for each of the nS x nS scenarios
listOption	list of options (see [QUALYPSO](#))
namesEff	names of the main effects

Value

list with the following fields:

- **GRANDMEAN**: List of estimates for the grand mean:

- strong: MEAN: vector of length n of posterior means
- strong: SD: vector of length n of posterior standard dev.
- strong: CI: matrix n x 2 of credible intervals of probability `probCI` given in `listOption`.
- strong: QUANT: matrix n x nQ of quantiles related to the probabilities `quantilePosterior` given in `listOption`

- **RESIDUALVAR**: List of estimates for the variance of the residual errors:
  - strong: MEAN: vector of length n of posterior means
  - strong: SD: vector of length n of posterior standard dev.
  - strong: CI: matrix n x 2 of credible intervals of probability `probCI` given in `listOption`.
  - strong: QUANT: matrix n x nQ of quantiles related to the probabilities `quantilePosterior` given in `listOption`

- **MAINEFFECT**: List of estimates for the main effects. For each main effect (GCM, RCM,..), each element of the list contains a list with:
  - strong: MEAN: matrix n x nTypeEff of posterior means
  - strong: SD: matrix n x nTypeEff of posterior standard dev.
  - strong: CI: array n x 2 x nTypeEff of credible intervals of probability `probCI` given in `listOption`.
  - strong: QUANT: array n x nQ x nTypeEff of quantiles related to the probabilities `quantilePosterior` given in `listOption`

- **CHANGEBYEFFECT**: For each main effect, list of estimates for the mean change by main effect, i.e. mean change by scenario (RCP4.5). For each main effect (GCM, RCM,..), each element of the list contains a list with:
  - strong: MEAN: matrix n x nTypeEff of posterior means
  - strong: SD: matrix n x nTypeEff of posterior standard dev.
  - strong: CI: array n x 2 x nTypeEff of credible intervals of probability `probCI` given in `listOption`.
  - strong: QUANT: array n x nQ x nTypeEff of quantiles related to the probabilities `quantilePosterior` given in `listOption`

- **EFFECTVAR**: variability related to the main effects (i.e. variability between the different RCMs, GCMs,..). Matrix n x nTypeEff

- **CONTRIB_EACH_EFFECT**: Contribution of each individual effect to its component (percentage), e.g. what is the contribution of GCM1 to the variability related to GCMs. For each main effect (GCM, RCM,..), each element of the list contains a matrix n x nTypeEff

- **listOption**: list of options used to obtained these results (obtained from `QUALYPSO.check.option`)

- **listScenarioInput**: list of scenario characteristics (obtained from `QUALYPSO.process.scenario`)

Author(s)

Guillaume Evin

References

Evin, G., B. Hingray, J. Blanchet, N. Eckert, S. Morin, and D. Verfaillie (2020) Partitioning Uncertainty Components of an Incomplete Ensemble of Climate Projections Using Data Augmentation. Journal of Climate. <doi:10.1175/JCLI-D-18-0606.1>.

QUALYPSO.ANOVA.i *QUALYPSO.ANOVA.i*

Description

Partition sources of uncertainty in climate change responses for one lead time or one grid point.

Usage

```
QUALYPSO.ANOVA.i(phiStar.i, nMCMC, listScenarioInput)
```

Arguments

phiStar.i   vector of nS climate change response for one lead time or for one grid point: nS x 1

nMCMC   number of MCMC simulation required

listScenarioInput

     list containing specifications, provided by QUALYPSO.process.scenario

Value

list with the following fields:

- **mu**: vector of length nMCMC, mean climate change response
- **sigma2**: vector of length nMCMC, variance of the residual terms
- **effect**: list with nTypeEff elements, where each element corresponds to a different type of effect (e.g. alpha, beta, gamma in Eq. 7) Each element is a matrix nMCMC x nMaineff, and nMaineff is the number of main effects (e.g. number of GCMs, RCMs, etc.)

Author(s)

Guillaume Evin

References

Evin, G., B. Hingray, J. Blanchet, N. Eckert, S. Morin, and D. Verfaillie (2020) Partitioning Uncertainty Components of an Incomplete Ensemble of Climate Projections Using Data Augmentation. Journal of Climate. <doi:10.1175/JCLI-D-18-0606.1>.

QUALYPSO.check.option   *QUALYPSO.check.option*

Description

Check if input options provided in [QUALYPSO](#) are valid and assigned default values if missing.

Usage

```
QUALYPSO.check.option(listOption)
```

Arguments

listOption   list of options

Value

List containing the complete set of options.

Author(s)

Guillaume Evin

QUALYPSO.process.scenario
                                    QUALYPSO.process.scenario

---

Description

Process input scenarios.

Usage

```
QUALYPSO.process.scenario(scenAvail)
```

Arguments

scenAvail   data.frame nS x nEff with the nEff characteristics (e.g. type of GCM) for each
                 of the nS x nS scenarios

Value

list of preprocessed objects (listEff, scenAvail, scenComp, nEff, nTypeEff, nComp, isMissing,
nMissing, iMatchScen, indexEffInCompScen, Qmat)

Author(s)

Guillaume Evin

| scenAvail | *scenAvail gives the GCM and RCM which have been used for the 20 climate projections* |

Description

scenAvail gives the GCM and RCM which have been used for the 20 climate projections

Usage

```
data(scenAvail)
```

Format

data.frame with 20 rows and two columns: GCM and RCM

Author(s)

Guillaume Evin <guillaume.evin@inrae.fr>

| Xfut_globaltas | *Equally spaced vector of simulated global temperatures over the period 1971-2099 for the RCP8.5* |

Description

Equally spaced vector of simulated global temperatures over the period 1971-2099 for the RCP8.5

Usage

```
data(Xfut_globaltas)
```

Format

vector of length 13

Author(s)

Guillaume Evin <guillaume.evin@inrae.fr>

Xfut_time   *Xfut_time is a vector of 11 years equally spaced from 1999 to 2099*

Description

Xfut_time is a vector of 11 years equally spaced from 1999 to 2099

Usage

```
data(Xfut_time)
```

Format

vectors of length 11

Author(s)

Guillaume Evin <guillaume.evin@inrae.fr>

X_globaltas   *Annual average of global temperatures simulated by different CMIP5 GCMs at the planetary scale for the period 1971-2099*

Description

Annual average of global temperatures simulated by different CMIP5 GCMs at the planetary scale for the period 1971-2099

Usage

```
data(X_globaltas)
```

Format

matrix 20 scenarios x 129 years

Author(s)

Guillaume Evin <guillaume.evin@inrae.fr>

| X_time_mat | *Years 1971-2099 repeated for the 20 scenarios* |

Description

Years 1971-2099 repeated for the 20 scenarios

Usage

```
data(X_time_mat)
```

Format

matrix 20 scenarios x 129 years

Author(s)

Guillaume Evin <guillaume.evin@inrae.fr>

| X_time_vec | *X_time_vec gives the years corr. to Y, i.e. from 1971 to 2099* |

Description

X_time_vec gives the years corr. to Y, i.e. from 1971 to 2099

Usage

```
data(X_time_vec)
```

Format

vector of length 129

Author(s)

Guillaume Evin <guillaume.evin@inrae.fr>

Y	*climate projections of mean winter (DJF) temperature over the SREX region CEU simulated by 20 combinations of CMIP5 GCMs and RCMs for the period 1971-2099*

Description

climate projections of mean winter (DJF) temperature over the SREX region CEU simulated by 20 combinations of CMIP5 GCMs and RCMs for the period 1971-2099

Usage

```
data(Y)
```

Format

matrix 20 scenarios x 129 years

Author(s)

Guillaume Evin <guillaume.evin@inrae.fr>

References

Seneviratne, S. I. et al. Changes in Climate Extremes and their Impacts on the Natural Physical Environment, in: Managing the Risks of Extreme Events and Disasters to Advance Climate Change Adaptation: Special Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change, edited by: Field, C., Barros, V., Stocker, T., and Dahe, Q., Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 109-230, https://doi.org/10.1017/CBO9781139177245.006, 2012

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