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Managed Objects for Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) over Packet Switched Networks (PSNs)

Abstract

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it describes managed objects for pseudowire encapsulation for structured or unstructured Time-Division Multiplexing (TDM) (T1, E1, T3, E3) circuits over a Packet Switched Network (PSN).

Status of This Memo

This document specifies an Internet standards track protocol for the Internet community, and requests discussion and suggestions for improvements. Please refer to the current edition of the "Internet Official Protocol Standards" (STD 1) for the standardization state and status of this protocol. Distribution of this memo is unlimited.

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1. Introduction

This document describes a model for managing TDM pseudowires, i.e., TDM data encapsulated for transmission over a Packet Switched Network (PSN). The term TDM in this document is limited to the scope of Plesiochronous Digital Hierarchy (PDH). It is currently specified to carry any TDM Signals in either Structure Agnostic Transport mode (E1, T1, E3, and T3) or in Structure Aware Transport mode (E1, T1, and NxDSO) as defined in the Pseudowire Emulation Edge-to-Edge (PWE3) TDM Requirements document [RFC4197].

This document is closely related to [SATOP], [TDMOIP], and [CESOPSN], which describe the encapsulation of TDM signals and provide the Circuit Emulation Service over a PSN.

The TDM management model consists of several MIB modules, following the layering model described in the PWE3 Architecture document [RFC3985]. The TDM MIB module described in this document works closely with the MIB modules described in [DS3MIB], [DS1MIB], [DS0MIB], [IFMIB], [PWMIB], and with the textual conventions defined in [PWTC]. The conceptual layering and relationship among all those is described in Figure 1 below. A TDM connection will be a pseudowire (PW) connection. It will not be treated as an interface and will therefore not be represented in the ifTable.

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Figure 1: Conceptual Layering



2. Conventions

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [BCP14].

3. Terminology

The basic terminology used to refer to transmission direction in this document is taken from [SATOP], which describes a mechanism for transporting Structure-Agnostic (TDM) bit-streams over a packet-oriented network. To simplify this document, the terminology is used for structured and unstructured TDM as well.

"PSN-bound" references the traffic direction where TDM data is received, adapted to the packet based on the number of payload bytes per packet, assigned a relevant TDM header (sequence numbers, flags, and timestamps (if the RTP header is used)), prepended multiplexing layer and PSN headers, and sent into the PSN.

Conversely, the "CE-bound" references the traffic direction where packets are received from the PSN, packet payloads are reassembled by including a jitter buffer where payload of the received TDM packets

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is stored prior to play out to the TDM line. The size of this buffer SHOULD be locally configurable to allow accommodation to the PSN-specific packet delay variation.

The CE-bound TDM interworking function (IWF) SHOULD use the sequence number in the control word for the detection of lost (Loss of Packet State (LOPS)) and mis-ordered packets. If the RTP header is used, the RTP sequence numbers MAY be used for the same purposes.

4. The Internet-Standard Management Framework

For a detailed overview of the documents that describe the current Internet-Standard Management Framework, please refer to section 7 of RFC 3410 [RFC3410].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. MIB objects are generally accessed through the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP).

Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the Structure of Management Information (SMI). This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2, which is described in STD 58, RFC 2578 [RFC2578], STD 58, RFC 2579 [RFC2579] and STD 58, RFC 2580 [RFC2580].

5. Overview

This MIB module is designed to satisfy the following requirements and constraints:

- 1. Fit within the architecture defined by [RFC3985] and [PWMIB].
- 2. Support edge-to-edge emulation of any TDM connections.
- 3. Configure the connection. The connection-specific behavior is provided via the supplement MIB modules.
- 4. Report various alarms, counters, and status objects.
- 6. TDM MIB Module Usage
- 6.1. Structure of TDM MIB

The MIB consists of five tables;

- The TDM PW Table (pwTDMTable) contains generic TDM information regarding the PW connection. It contains the ifIndex of the TDM interface, an index to an entry in the generic configuration table

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(pwTDMCfgTable), an index to an entry in the specific configuration table (pwCXXXCfgTable, where XXX can be TDMoIP (TDM over IP) or CESOPSN (Circuit Emulation Service over PSN)), config error indications, and various status indications. The two indices of the two configuration tables are providing the connection parameters. The TDM interface can be a full link of any TDM type like E1 or DS3, for example, or the interface of the bundle holding the collection of time slots to be transmitted. Based on the TDM PW type, the relevant pwXXXCfgTable from the relevant MIB module will be used. The specific types are:

- o 17 Structure-agnostic El over Packet
- o 18 Structure-agnostic T1 (DS1) over Packet
- o 19 Structure-agnostic E3 over Packet
- o 20 Structure-agnostic T3 (DS3) over Packet
- o 21 CESOPSN basic mode (XXX=CESoPSN)
- o 22 TDMoIP AAL1mode (XXX=TDMoIP)
- o 23 CESOPSN TDM with CAS (XXX=CESoPSN)
- o 24 TDMoIP AAL2 Mode (XXX=TDMoIP)
- The TDM Generic Parameter Table (pwTDMCfgTable) contains TDM generic configurable parameters for any TDM type.
- The TDM Performance Current Table (pwTDMPerfCurrentTable) contains TDM statistics for the current 15-minute period.
- The TDM Performance Interval Table (pwTDMPerfIntervalTable) contains TDM statistics for historical intervals (usually 96 15minute entries to cover a 24 hour period).
- The TDM Performance One-Day Interval Table (pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalTable) contains TDM statistics for historical intervals accumulated per day. Usually 30 one-day entries to cover a monthly period.
- 6.2. TDM Connection Configuration Procedure

Configuring a TDM PW involves the following steps:

First, configure the parameters of the interface-specific layer using the DS1-MIB and or the DS3-MIB.

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Next, if applicable, create a bundle of time slots using the DS0 Bundle MIB [DS0MIB].

Next, create an entry in the pwTable and configure the PSN tunnels:

- Follow steps as defined in [PWMIB].

NOTE: The agent should create an entry in the pwTDMTable for any entry created in the pwTable with pwType equal to a value between (17) and (24).

Next complete the TDM PW configuration:

- If necessary, create an entry in the relevant pwXXXCfgTable and in the pwTDMTable (suitable entries may already exist in both tables).
- Set the index of the relevant pwXXXCfgTable entry and of the relevant pwTDMCfgTable entry in the pwTDMTable.
- 6.3. TDM PW Monitoring

Upon making the TDM PW operational, the pwTDMPerfCurrentTable, pwTDMPerfIntervalTable, and PwTDMPerfIDayIntervalTable can be used to monitor the various counters, indicators, and conditions of the PW. All performance parameters are accumulated in daily intervals and in 15-minute intervals. The number of daily intervals kept by the agent is based on the specific implementation. The 15-minute intervals, up to 96 intervals (24 hours worth), are all kept by the agent. Fewer than 96 intervals of data will be available if the agent has been restarted within the last 24 hours. Performance parameters continue to be collected when the interface is down. There is no requirement for an agent to ensure a fixed relationship between the start of a 15-minute interval and any wall clock; however, some agents may align the 15-minute intervals with quarter hours. Performance parameters are of types PerfCurrentCount and PerfIntervalCount. These textual conventions are all Gauge32, and they are used because it is possible for these objects to decrease.

7. Example of Actual TDM PW Setup

This section provides an example of using the various MIB objects described in the following section to set up a TDM PW connection.

The first example is setting a connection of DS1 type. The second example is setting a connection with a bandwidth of 3 DS0 (time slots).

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While those examples are not meant to illustrate all options of the MIB, they are intended as an aid to understanding some of the key concepts. See [PWMIB] for an example of setting up PSN tunnels.

First example:

- 1. Configure the DS1 interface using DS1-MIB.
- If needed, create an entry in the pwTDMCfgTable (assuming index = 10); verify that there are no errors in the configuration using the relevant object.
- Get a new pwIndexNext [PWMIB] and create a new pwTable entry using the value of pwIndexNext (assume here, the PW index = 20).
- 4. Set the pwType [PWMIB] of the new entry to the relevant value (17) or (18). This should create a new entry in the pwTDMTable.
- 5. Configure the newly created TDM PW with the required pointers, indices, and the relevant entry in pwTDMCfgTable (index 10).

```
In [DS1MIB] dsx1IfIndex (ifIndex = 5)
```

In pwTDMCfgTable entry: Set the connection characteristic parameters:

{

pwTDMCfgPayloadSize	=	43	payload	bytes
pwTDMCfgPktReorder	=	FALSE		
pwTDMCfgRtpHdrUsed	=	FALSE		
pwTDMCfgJtrBfrDepth	=	30000	micro	o-seconds

}

ſ

In pwTDMTable entry: Set the relevant ifIndex, the generic TDM index, and the specific TDM index to complete creation:

pwTDMIfIndex	= 5	IfIndex of associated entry in DS1 table
pwGenTDMCfgIndex	= 10	Index of associated entry in pwTDMCfgTable.
<pre>pwRelTDMCfgIndex }</pre>	= 0	No Index in associated entry in pwXXXCfgTable.

Verify that there are no error bits set in pwTDMConfigError.

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Second example:

- 1. Configure the DS1 interface using DS1-MIB.
- 2. Set up a bundle and get its dsx0BundleIfIndex. Setting up the bundle should involve using IFMIB properly.
- 3. Since structured TDMoIP circuit is defined, the next MIB module to be used is TDMoIP-MIB.
- If needed, create an entry in the pwTDMCfgTable (assuming index = 7).
- If needed, create an entry in the pwXXXCfgTable (index = 11). XXX can be TDMoIP or CESoPSN.
- 6. Verify that there are no errors in the configuration using the relevant object when signaling is in use.
- 7. Get a new pwIndexNext [PWMIB] and create a new pwTable entry using the value of pwIndexNext.
- 8. Set the pwType [PWMIB] of the new entry to (24). This should create a new entry in the pwTDMTable.
- Configure the newly created TDM PW with the required pointers, indices, and the relevant entries in pwTDMCfgTable and in pwXXXCfgTable (assuming indices 7 and 11).

In [DS1MIB] dsx1IfIndex (ifIndex) = 5
In [DS0MIB] dsx0BundleIfIndex = 8

In pwTDMTable entry: Set the relevant ifIndex, the generic TDM index, and the specific TDM index to complete creation:

Verify that there are no error bits set in pwTDMConfigError.

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8. Object Definition PW-TDM-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN IMPORTS MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, Integer32, Counter32, Unsigned32, mib-2 FROM SNMPv2-SMI MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP FROM SNMPv2-CONF TEXTUAL-CONVENTION, TruthValue, RowStatus, StorageType, TimeStamp FROM SNMPv2-TC InterfaceIndexOrZero -- [IFMIB] FROM IF-MIB SnmpAdminString FROM SNMP-FRAMEWORK-MIB -- [RFC3411] PerfCurrentCount, PerfIntervalCount FROM PerfHist-TC-MIB pwIndex FROM PW-STD-MIB PwCfgIndexOrzero FROM PW-TC-STD-MIB; -- The TDM MIB pwTDMMIB MODULE-IDENTITY LAST-UPDATED "200906150000Z" ORGANIZATION "Pseudo-Wire Emulation Edge-to-Edge (PWE3) Working Group" CONTACT-INFO Orly Nicklass Postal: RADVISION Ltd. 24Raul Wallenberg St. Tel Aviv, Israel Email: orlyn@radvision.com The PWE3 Working Group (email distribution pwe3@ietf.org, http://www.ietf.org/html.charters/pwe3-charter.html)

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DESCRIPTION

"This MIB contains managed object definitions for encapsulating TDM (T1,E1, T3, E3, NxDS0) as pseudo-wires over packet-switching networks (PSN).

This MIB supplements the PW-STD-MIB as in: Zelig, D., Nadeau, T. 'Pseudowire (PW) Management Information Base'. The PW-STD-MIB contains structures and MIB associations generic to pseudowire (PW) emulation. PW-specific MIBs (such as this) contain config and stats for specific PW types.

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This version of this MIB module is part of RFC 5604;

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```
see the RFC itself for full legal notices.
  REVISION "200906150000Z"
  DESCRIPTION
      "Initial version published as part of RFC 5604."
  ::= { mib-2 186 }
-- Local Textual conventions
  PwTDMCfgIndex ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
         "Index into the relevant pwXXXCfgTable."
    SYNTAX Unsigned32 (1..4294967295)
-- Notifications
pwTDMNotifications OBJECT IDENTIFIER
                         ::= { pwTDMMIB 0 }
-- Tables, Scalars
pwTDMObjects OBJECT IDENTIFIER
                        ::= { pwTDMMIB 1 }
-- Conformance
pwTDMConformance OBJECT IDENTIFIER
                  ::= { pwTDMMIB 2 }
-- TDM PW table
pwTDMTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF PwTDMEntry
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
 STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
      "This table contains basic information including the
      ifIndex and pointers to entries in the relevant TDM
      config tables for this TDM PW."
  ::= { pwTDMObjects 1 }
pwTDMEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX PwTDMEntry
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
             current
 DESCRIPTION
     "This table is indexed by the same index that was
      created for the associated entry in the PW Table
      (in the PW-STD-MIB).
        - The PwIndex.
```

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```
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```

An entry is created in this table by the agent for every entry in the pwTable with a pwType equal to one of the following: elSatop(17), tlSatop(18), e3Satop(19), t3Satop(20), basicCesPsn(21), basicTdmIp(22), tdmCasCesPsn(23), or tdmCasTdmIp(24). Unless otherwise specified, all writeable objects in this table MUST NOT be changed after row activation in the generic pwTable (see [PWMIB]) and values must persist after reboot." INDEX { pwIndex } ::= { pwTDMTable 1 } PwTDMEntry ::= SEQUENCE { pwTDMRate Integer32, pwTDMIfIndex InterfaceIndexOrZero, PwCfgIndexOrzero, pwGenTDMCfgIndex pwRelTDMCfgIndex PwCfgIndexOrzero, pwTDMConfigError BITS, pwTDMTimeElapsed integer32, integer32, pwTDMValidDayIntervals Integer32, pwTDMLastEsTimeStamp TimeStamp } Integer32, pwTDMRate OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The parameter represents the bit-rate of the TDM service in multiples of the 'basic' 64 Kbit/s rate [TDMCP-EXT]. It complements the definition of pwType used in PW-STD-MIB. For structure-agnostic mode, the following should be used: a) (Structure-Agnostic TDM over Packet) Satop E1 - 32 b) Satop T1 emulation: i) MUST be set to 24 in the basic emulation mode ii) MUST be set to 25 for the 'Octet-aligned T1' emulation mode c) Satop E3 - 535 d) Satop T3 - 699 For all kinds of structure-aware emulation, this parameter MUST be set to N where N is the number of DSO channels

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```
in the corresponding attachment circuit."
 REFERENCE
  "TDMCP-EXT"
 DEFVAL { 32 }
  ::= { pwTDMEntry 1 }
pwTDMIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX InterfaceIndexOrZero
 MAX-ACCESS read-write
 STATUS
             current
 DESCRIPTION
      "This is a unique index within the ifTable. It represents
      the interface index of the full link or the interface
      index for the bundle holding the group of
      time slots to be transmitted via this PW connection.
      A value of zero indicates an interface index that has yet
      to be determined.
      Once set, if the TDM ifIndex is (for some reason) later
      removed, the agent SHOULD delete the associated PW rows
      (e.g., this pwTDMTable entry). If the agent does not
      delete the rows, the agent MUST set this object to
      zero."
  ::= { pwTDMEntry 2 }
pwGenTDMCfgIndex OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX PwCfgIndexOrzero
 MAX-ACCESS
               read-write
 STATUS
               current
 DESCRIPTION
      "Index to the generic parameters in the TDM configuration
      table that appears in this MIB module. It is likely that
      multiple TDM PWs of the same characteristic will share
      a single TDM Cfg entry."
  ::= { pwTDMEntry 3 }
pwRelTDMCfgIndex OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX PwCfgIndexOrzero
 MAX-ACCESS read-write
 STATUS
               current
 DESCRIPTION
      "Index to the relevant TDM configuration table entry
      that appears in one of the related MIB modules
      such as TDMoIP or CESoPSN. It is likely that
      multiple TDM PWs of the same characteristic will share
      a single configuration entry of the relevant type.
      The value 0 implies no entry in other related MIBs."
  ::= { pwTDMEntry 4 }
```

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```
pwTDMConfigError OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX BITS {
       notApplicable
                                     (0),
       tdmTypeIncompatible
                                     (1),
                                     (2),
       peerRtpIncompatible
       peerPayloadSizeIncompatible (3)
        }
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
      "Any of the bits are set if the local configuration is
      not compatible with the peer configuration as available
      from the various parameters options. Setting is done based
      on signaling, or else value (0) will be set.
      -tdmTypeIncompatible bit is set if the local configuration
      is not carrying the same TDM type as the peer configuration.
      -peerRtpIncompatible bit is set if the local configuration
      is configured to send RTP packets for this PW, and the
      remote is not capable of accepting RTP packets.
      -peerPayloadSizeIncompatible bit is set if the local
      configuration is not carrying the same Payload Size as the
      peer configuration."
  ::= { pwTDMEntry 5}
pwTDMTimeElapsed OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32 (1..900)
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
       "The number of seconds, including partial seconds,
       that have elapsed since the beginning of the current
       measurement period. If, for some reason, such as an
       adjustment in the system's time-of-day clock, the
       current interval exceeds the maximum value, the
        agent will return the maximum value."
   ::= { pwTDMEntry 6}
pwTDMValidIntervals OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32 (0..96)
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
```

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```
DESCRIPTION
       "The number of previous 15-minute intervals for which data
        was collected.
        An agent with TDM capability must be capable of supporting
        at least n intervals. The minimum value of n is 4. The
        default of n is 32 and the maximum value of n is 96.
        The value will be n unless the measurement was (re-)
        started within the last (n*15) minutes, in which case,
        the value will be the number of complete 15-minute
        intervals for which the agent has at least some data.
        In certain cases (e.g., in the case where the agent is
        a proxy), it is possible that some intervals are unavailable.
        In this case, this interval is the maximum interval number
        for which data is available."
   ::= { pwTDMEntry 7}
pwTDMValidDayIntervals OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32 (0..30)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The number of previous days for which data
       was collected.
        An agent with TDM capability must be capable of supporting
        at least n intervals. The minimum value of n is 1. The
        default of n is 1 and the maximum value of n is 30."
   ::= { pwTDMEntry 8}
pwTDMLastEsTimeStamp OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX TimeStamp
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
      "The value of sysUpTime at the most recent occasion at
      which the TDM PW entered the ES or SES state."
  ::= { pwTDMEntry 11}
-- End of TDM PW table
-- PW Generic TDM PW Configuration Table
pwTDMCfgIndexNext OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX Unsigned32
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
```

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```
DESCRIPTION
      "This object contains the value to be used for
      pwTDMCfgIndex when creating entries in the
      pwTDMCfgTable. The value 0 indicates that no
      unassigned entries are available. To obtain the
      value of pwTDMCfgIndexNext for a new entry in the
      pwTDMCfgTable, the manager issues a management
      protocol retrieval operation. The agent will
      determine through its local policy when this
      index value will be made available for reuse."
  ::= { pwTDMObjects 2 }
pwTDMCfgTable OBJECT-TYPE
                        SEQUENCE OF PwTDMCfgEntry
 SYNTAX
 MAX-ACCESS
                         not-accessible
 STATUS
                         current
 DESCRIPTION
      "This table contains a set of parameters that may be
      referenced by one or more TDM PWs in pwTDMTable."
  ::= { pwTDMObjects 3 }
pwTDMCfgEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
           PwTDMCfgEntry
   MAX-ACCESS
                   not-accessible
   STATUS
                     current
   DESCRIPTION
        "These parameters define the characteristics of a
        TDM PW. They are grouped here to ease NMS burden.
        Once an entry is created here it may be re-used
        by many PWs.
        Unless otherwise specified, all objects in this table
        MUST NOT be changed after row activation (see [PWMIB])."
  INDEX { pwTDMCfgIndex }
     ::= { pwTDMCfgTable 1 }
PwTDMCfgEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    pwTDMCfgIndex
                                     PwTDMCfgIndex,
    pwTDMCfqRowStatus
                                     RowStatus,
    pwTDMCfgPayloadSize
                                    Unsigned32,
                                   TruthValue,
    pwTDMCfgPktReorder
    pwTDMCfgRtpHdrUsed
                                    TruthValue,
    pwTDMCfgJtrBfrDepth
                                     Unsigned32,
    pwTDMCfgPayloadSuppression
                                     INTEGER,
    pwTDMCfgConsecPktsInSynch
                                     Unsigned32,
    pwTDMCfgConsecMissPktsOutSynch Unsigned32,
```

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```
pwTDMCfgSetUp2SynchTimeOut
                                     Unsigned32,
    pwTDMCfgPktReplacePolicy
                                     INTEGER,
    pwTDMCfgAvePktLossTimeWindow
                                     Integer32,
    pwTDMCfgExcessivePktLossThreshold Unsigned32,
    pwTDMCfgAlarmThreshold
                                     Unsigned32,
    pwTDMCfgClearAlarmThreshold
                                     Unsigned32,
    pwTDMCfgMissingPktsToSes
                                     Unsigned32,
    pwTDMCfgTimestampMode
                                     INTEGER,
    pwTDMCfgStorageType
                                     StorageType,
    pwTDMCfgPktFiller
                                     Unsigned32,
    pwTDMCfgName
                                     SnmpAdminString
     }
pwTDMCfgIndex OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX PwTDMCfgIndex
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
 STATUS
               current
 DESCRIPTION
      "Index to an entry in this table. When an NMS creates
      a new entry/row in this table, it best makes use of
      the value of the pwTDMCfgIndexNext object in order to
      find a free or available index value."
  ::= { pwTDMCfgEntry 1 }
pwTDMCfgRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX
                     RowStatus
 MAX-ACCESS
                     read-create
 STATUS
                     current
 DESCRIPTION
      "Object used for creating, modifying, and deleting
      a row from this table. The following objects cannot be
      modified if the entry is in use and the status is active:
      pwTDMCfgPayloadSize, pwTDMCfgRtpHdrUsed,
      pwTDMCfgJtrBfrDepth, and pwTDMCfgPayloadSuppression.
      The row cannot be deleted if the entry is in use."
  ::= { pwTDMCfgEntry 2 }
pwTDMCfgPayloadSize OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX Unsigned32
 MAX-ACCESS read-create
 STATUS current
```

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```
DESCRIPTION
      "The value of this object indicates the PayLoad Size (in bytes)
      to be defined during the PW setUp. Upon TX, implementation
      must be capable of carrying that amount of bytes.
      Upon RX, when the Low Entry Networking (LEN) field is set
      to 0, the payload of packet MUST assume this size, and if
      the actual packet size is inconsistent with this length,
      the packet MUST be considered to be malformed."
  ::= { pwTDMCfgEntry 4 }
pwTDMCfgPktReorder OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX TruthValue
 MAX-ACCESS read-create
  STATUS
              current
 DESCRIPTION
      "If set to True: as CE-bound packets are queued in the
       jitter buffer, out of order packets are re-ordered. The
      maximum sequence number differential (i.e., the range in
      which re-sequencing can occur) is dependant on the depth
      of the jitter buffer. See pwTDMCfgJtrBfrDepth.
      NOTE: Some implementations may not support this feature.
      The agent should then reject a SET request for true."
  ::= { pwTDMCfgEntry 5 }
pwTDMCfgRtpHdrUsed OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX TruthValue
             read-create
 MAX-ACCESS
  STATUS
              current
 DESCRIPTION
      "If set to False: an RTP header is not pre-pended to the
      TDM packet."
 REFERENCE
   "SATOP"
 DEFVAL { false }
  ::= { pwTDMCfgEntry 6 }
pwTDMCfgJtrBfrDepth OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX Unsigned32
               "microsecond"
  UNITS
 MAX-ACCESS read-create
              current
  STATUS
 DESCRIPTION
     "The size of this buffer SHOULD be locally
      configured to allow accommodation to the PSN-specific packet
      delay variation.
```

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```
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```

```
If configured to a value not supported by the
       implementation, the agent MUST return an error code
       'jtrBfrDepth' in 'pwTDMConfigError'.
      NOTE: jitter buffers are a limited resource to
      be managed. The actual size should be at least twice as big
      as the value of pwTDMCfgJtrBfrDepth."
 DEFVAL { 3000 }
  ::= { pwTDMCfgEntry 7 }
pwTDMCfgPayloadSuppression OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
               INTEGER
                {
                   enable (1),
                   disable (2)
                }
 MAX-ACCESS
               read-create
  STATUS
               current
 DESCRIPTION
      "Selecting 'enable' means: Payload suppression is allowed.
      Payload MAY be omitted in order to conserve bandwidth.
      Selecting 'disable' means: No suppression under any
      condition.
      Object MAY be changed at any time."
DEFVAL { disable }
  ::= { pwTDMCfgEntry 8 }
pwTDMCfgConsecPktsInSynch
                                OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX Unsigned32 (1..10)
 MAX-ACCESS read-create
 STATUS
              current
 DESCRIPTION
      "The number of consecutive packets with sequential
      sequence numbers that are required to exit the
      LOPS.
      Object MAY be changed only when the related PW is
      defined as not active."
 REFERENCE
     "SATOP"
 DEFVAL \{2\}
  ::= { pwTDMCfgEntry 9 }
pwTDMCfgConsecMissPktsOutSynch OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX Unsigned32 (1..15)
 MAX-ACCESS read-create
 STATUS
              current
 DESCRIPTION
      "The number of consecutive missing packets that are
```

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```
required to enter the LOPS.
      Object MAY be changed only when the related PW is
      defined as not active."
 REFERENCE
      "SATOP"
 DEFVAL { 10 }
  ::= { pwTDMCfgEntry 10 }
pwTDMCfgSetUp2SynchTimeOut OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX Unsigned32
 UNITS
              "millisecond"
 MAX-ACCESS read-create
 STATUS
               current
 DESCRIPTION
      "The amount of time the host should wait before declaring the
      pseudowire in a down state, if the number of consecutive
      TDM packets that have been received after changing the
      administrative status to up and after finalization of
      signaling (if supported) between the two PEs is smaller
      than pwTDMCfgConsecPktsInSynch. Once the PW has
      OperStatus of 'up', this parameter is no longer valid. This
      parameter is defined to ensure that the host does not
      prematurely inform failure of the PW. In particular, PW
      'down' notifications should not be sent before expiration
      of this timer. This parameter is valid only after
      administrative changes of the status of the PW. If the PW
      fails due to network impairments, a 'down' notification
      should be sent.
      Object MAY be changed only when the related PW is
      defined as not active."
 DEFVAL {5000}
  ::= { pwTDMCfgEntry 11 }
pwTDMCfgPktReplacePolicy OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX
               INTEGER
                      allOnes (1),
                      implementationSpecific(2),
                      filler (3) --user defined
 MAX-ACCESS
               read-create
 STATUS
               current
 DESCRIPTION
      "This parameter determines the value to be played when CE bound
      packets over/underflow the jitter buffer, or are missing
      for any reason. This byte pattern is sent (played) on
      the TDM line. Selecting implementationSpecific(2) implies an
      agent-specific algorithm. Selecting filler(3) requires
```

```
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```

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```
the setting of pwTDMCfgPktFiller.
      Object MAY be changed only when the related PW is
      defined as not active."
 DEFVAL { allOnes } -- Play AIS
  ::= { pwTDMCfgEntry 12 }
pwTDMCfgAvePktLossTimeWindow OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX Integer32
 UNITS
              "millisecond"
 MAX-ACCESS read-create
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
      "The length of time over which the average packet
      loss rate should be computed to detect excessive packet
      loss rate.
      Object MAY be changed only when the related PW is
      defined as not active."
  ::= { pwTDMCfgEntry 13}
pwTDMCfgExcessivePktLossThreshold OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX Unsigned32
 UNITS
              "Percent"
 MAX-ACCESS read-create
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
      "Excessive packet loss rate is detected by computing the
      average packet-loss rate over a pwTDMCfgAvePktLossTimeWindow
      amount of time and comparing it with this threshold value.
      The rate is expressed in percentage.
      Object MAY be changed only when the related PW is
      defined as not active."
  ::= { pwTDMCfgEntry 14 }
pwTDMCfgAlarmThreshold OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX Unsigned32
              "milisec"
 UNITS
 MAX-ACCESS read-create
 STATUS
              current
 DESCRIPTION
      "Alarms are only reported when the defect state persists
      for the length of time specified by this object.
      Object MAY be changed only when the related PW is
      defined as not active."
 DEFVAL { 2500 }
  ::= { pwTDMCfgEntry 15 }
pwTDMCfgClearAlarmThreshold OBJECT-TYPE
               Unsigned32
  SYNTAX
```

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```
"milisec"
 UNITS
 MAX-ACCESS read-create
 STATUS
              current
 DESCRIPTION
      "Alarm MUST be cleared after the corresponding defect is
      undetected for the amount of time specified by this object.
      Object MAY be changed only when the related PW is
      defined as not active."
 DEFVAL { 10000 }
  ::= { pwTDMCfgEntry 16 }
pwTDMCfgMissingPktsToSes OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX Unsigned32
               "Percent"
 UNITS
 MAX-ACCESS read-create
 STATUS
               current
 DESCRIPTION
      "Percent of missing packets detected (consecutive or not)
      within a 1-second window to cause a Severely Error
      Second (SES) to be counted.
      Object MAY be changed only when the related PW is
      defined as not active."
 DEFVAL \{30\}
  ::= { pwTDMCfgEntry 17 }
pwTDMCfgTimestampMode OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX
               INTEGER
                {
                 notApplicable (1),
                 absolute (2),
                 differential (3)
                }
```

```
MAX-ACCESS read-create
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
    "Timestamp generation MAY be used in one of the following
    modes:
    1. Absolute mode: The PSN-bound IWF sets timestamps
    using the clock recovered from the incoming TDM attachment
    circuit. As a consequence, the timestamps are closely
    correlated with the sequence numbers. All TDM
    implementations that support usage of the RTP header MUST
    support this mode.
```

```
2. Differential mode: Both IWFs have access to a common high-
quality timing source, and this source is used for timestamp
generation. Support of this mode is OPTIONAL.
Object MAY be changed only when the related PW is
```

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```
defined as not active."
     ::= { pwTDMCfgEntry 18 }
  pwTDMCfgStorageType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAXStorageTypeMAX-ACCESSread-create
    STATUS
                    current
    DESCRIPTION
         "This variable indicates the storage type for this
         row. Conceptual rows having the value permanent(4) must
         allow write-access to all columnar objects."
     ::= { pwTDMCfgEntry 19 }
  pwTDMCfgPktFiller OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX Unsigned32 (0..255)
     MAX-ACCESS read-create
                  current
     STATUS
     DESCRIPTION
         "Filler byte pattern played out on the TDM
         interface if pwTDMCfgPktReplacePolicy
         was set to filler(3).
         Object MAY be changed only when the related PW is
         defined as not active."
     DEFVAL
        { 255 } -- Play all ones, equal to AIS indications.
      ::= { pwTDMCfgEntry 20 }
   pwTDMCfgName OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SnmpAdminString
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
         "A descriptive string, preferably a unique name, to an entry
        in this table.
        Object MAY be changed at any time."
     ::= { pwTDMCfgEntry 21 }
   -- End of Table
   -- The following counters work together to integrate
   -- errors and the lack of errors on the TDM PW. An error is
   -- caused by a missing packet. A missing packet can be a result
   -- of: packet loss in the network, (uncorrectable) packet out
   -- of sequence, packet length error, jitter buffer overflow,
   -- and jitter buffer underflow. The result is declaring whether
   -- or not the TDM PW is in Loss of Packet State (LOPS).
   -- TDM PW Performance Current Table
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```

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```
pwTDMPerfCurrentTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF PwTDMPerfCurrentEntry
  MAX-ACCESS
                 not-accessible
  STATUS
                 current
  DESCRIPTION
      "The current 15-minute interval counts are in
       this table.
       This table provides per TDM PW performance information."
  ::= { pwTDMObjects 5 }
pwTDMPerfCurrentEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
           PwTDMPerfCurrentEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
                 current
  DESCRIPTION
      "An entry in this table is created by the agent for every
       pwTDMTable entry. After 15 minutes, the contents of this
       table entry are copied to a new entry in the
       pwTDMPerfInterval table, and the counts in this entry
       are reset to zero."
  INDEX { pwIndex }
  ::= { pwTDMPerfCurrentTable 1 }
PwTDMPerfCurrentEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
     pwTDMPerfCurrentMissingPktsPerfCurrentCount,pwTDMPerfCurrentPktsReOrderPerfCurrentCount,pwTDMPerfCurrentJtrBfrUnderrunsPerfCurrentCount,pwTDMPerfCurrentMisOrderDroppedPerfCurrentCount,pwTDMPerfCurrentMalformedPktPerfCurrentCount,
     pwTDMPerfCurrentESs
                                            PerfCurrentCount,
     pwTDMPerfCurrentSESs
                                            PerfCurrentCount,
     pwTDMPerfCurrentUASs
                                            PerfCurrentCount,
     pwTDMPerfCurrentFC
                                             PerfCurrentCount
  }
pwTDMPerfCurrentMissingPkts OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX PerfCurrentCount
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
      "Number of missing packets (as detected via control word
       sequence number gaps)."
```

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::= { pwTDMPerfCurrentEntry 1 } pwTDMPerfCurrentPktsReOrder OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX PerfCurrentCount read-only MAX-ACCESS STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Number of packets detected out of sequence (via control word sequence number) but successfully re-ordered. Note: some implementations may not support this feature." ::= { pwTDMPerfCurrentEntry 2 } pwTDMPerfCurrentJtrBfrUnderruns OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX PerfCurrentCount MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Number of times a packet needed to be played out and the jitter buffer was empty." ::= { pwTDMPerfCurrentEntry 3 } pwTDMPerfCurrentMisOrderDropped OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX PerfCurrentCount MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Number of packets detected out of order (via control word sequence numbers) that could not be re-ordered or could not fit in the jitter buffer." ::= { pwTDMPerfCurrentEntry 4 } pwTDMPerfCurrentMalformedPkt OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX PerfCurrentCount MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Number of packets detected with unexpected size or bad headers' stack." ::= { pwTDMPerfCurrentEntry 5 } pwTDMPerfCurrentESs OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX PerfCurrentCount MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The counter associated with the number of Error Seconds encountered. Any malformed packet, sequence error, LOPS, and the like are considered as Error Seconds."

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```
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```

::= { pwTDMPerfCurrentEntry 6 } pwTDMPerfCurrentSESs OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAXPerfCurrentCountMAX-ACCESSread-onlySTATUScurrent DESCRIPTION "The counter associated with the number of Severely Error Seconds encountered." ::= { pwTDMPerfCurrentEntry 7 } pwTDMPerfCurrentUASs OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAXPerfCurrentCountMAX-ACCESSread-onlySTATUScurrent DESCRIPTION "The counter associated with the number of Unavailable Seconds encountered. Any consecutive ten seconds of SES are counted as one Unavailable Seconds (UAS)." ::= { pwTDMPerfCurrentEntry 8 } pwTDMPerfCurrentFC OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAXPerfCurrentCountMAX-ACCESSread-onlySTATUScurrent DESCRIPTION "TDM Failure Counts (FC-TDM). The number of TDM failure events. A failure event begins when the LOPS failure is declared, and it ends when the failure is cleared. A failure event that begins in one period and ends in another period is counted only in the period in which it begins." ::= { pwTDMPerfCurrentEntry 9 } -- End TDM PW Performance Current Interval Table -- TDM PW Performance Interval Table pwTDMPerfIntervalTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF PwTDMPerfIntervalEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current

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```
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```

DESCRIPTION "This table provides performance information per TDM PW similar to the pwTDMPerfCurrentTable above. However, these counts represent historical 15-minute intervals. Typically, this table will have a maximum of 96 entries for a 24 hour period, but is not limited to this." ::= { pwTDMObjects 6 } pwTDMPerfIntervalEntry OBJECT-TYPE PwTDMPerfIntervalEntry SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "An entry in this table is created by the agent for every pwTDMPerfCurrentEntry that is 15 minutes old. The contents of the Current entry are copied to the new entry here. The Current entry then resets its counts to zero for the next current 15-minute interval." INDEX { pwIndex, pwTDMPerfIntervalNumber } ::= { pwTDMPerfIntervalTable 1 } PwTDMPerfIntervalEntry ::= SEQUENCE { pwTDMPerfIntervalNumber Unsigned32, pwTDMPerfIntervalValidData TruthValue, pwTDMPerfIntervalDuration Unsigned32, pwTDMPerfIntervalMissingPkts PerfIntervalCount, pwTDMPerfIntervalPktsReOrder PerfIntervalCount, pwTDMPerfIntervalJtrBfrUnderruns PerfIntervalCount, pwTDMPerfIntervalMisOrderDropped PerfIntervalCount, pwTDMPerfIntervalMalformedPkt PerfIntervalCount, pwTDMPerfIntervalESs PerfIntervalCount, PerfIntervalCount,
PerfIntervalCount, pwTDMPerfIntervalSESs pwTDMPerfIntervalUASs PerfIntervalCount pwTDMPerfIntervalFC pwTDMPerfIntervalNumber OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Unsigned32 (1..96) MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A number (normally between 1 and 96 to cover a 24 hour period) that identifies the interval for which the set of statistics is available. The interval identified by 1

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is the most recently completed 15-minute interval, and the interval identified by N is the interval immediately preceding the one identified by N-1. The minimum range of N is 1 through 4. The default range is 1 through 32. The maximum value of N is 1 through 96." ::= { pwTDMPerfIntervalEntry 1 } pwTDMPerfIntervalValidData OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TruthValue MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This variable indicates if the data for this interval is valid." ::= { pwTDMPerfIntervalEntry 2 } pwTDMPerfIntervalDuration OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Unsigned32 "seconds" UNITS MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The duration of a particular interval in seconds. Adjustments in the system's time-of-day clock may cause the interval to be greater or less than the normal value. Therefore, this actual interval value is provided." ::= { pwTDMPerfIntervalEntry 3 } pwTDMPerfIntervalMissingPkts OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX PerfIntervalCount MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Number of missing packets (as detected via control word sequence number gaps)." ::= { pwTDMPerfIntervalEntry 4 } pwTDMPerfIntervalPktsReOrder OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX PerfIntervalCount MAX-ACCESS read-only current STATUS DESCRIPTION "Number of packets detected out of sequence (via control word sequence number) but successfully re-ordered. Note: some implementations may not support this feature." ::= { pwTDMPerfIntervalEntry 5 }

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```
pwTDMPerfIntervalJtrBfrUnderruns OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX PerfIntervalCount
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
 DESCRIPTION
      "Number of times a packet needed to be played
      out and the jitter buffer was empty."
  ::= { pwTDMPerfIntervalEntry 6 }
pwTDMPerfIntervalMisOrderDropped OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX PerfIntervalCount
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
      "Number of packets detected out of order (via control word
      sequence numbers) that could not be re-ordered or could
      not fit in the jitter buffer."
  ::= { pwTDMPerfIntervalEntry 7 }
pwTDMPerfIntervalMalformedPkt OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX PerfIntervalCount
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
 STATUS
             current
 DESCRIPTION
      "Number of packets detected with unexpected size, or
      bad headers' stack"
  ::= { pwTDMPerfIntervalEntry 8 }
pwTDMPerfIntervalESs OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX PerfIntervalCount
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
      "The counter associated with the number of Error
      Seconds encountered."
  ::= { pwTDMPerfIntervalEntry 9 }
pwTDMPerfIntervalSESs OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX PerfIntervalCount
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
              current
 STATUS
 DESCRIPTION
      "The counter associated with the number of
      Severely Error Seconds encountered."
  ::= { pwTDMPerfIntervalEntry 10 }
```

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```
pwTDMPerfIntervalUASs OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX PerfIntervalCount
             read-only
  MAX-ACCESS
  STATUS
               current
  DESCRIPTION
      "The counter associated with the number of
      Unavailable Seconds encountered."
  ::= { pwTDMPerfIntervalEntry 11 }
pwTDMPerfIntervalFC OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX PerfIntervalCount
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
      "TDM Failure Counts (FC-TDM). The number of TDM failure
      events. A failure event begins when the LOPS failure
      is declared, and it ends when the failure is cleared. A
      failure event that begins in one period and ends in
      another period is counted only in the period in which
      it begins."
  ::= { pwTDMPerfIntervalEntry 12 }
-- End TDM PW Performance Interval Table
-- TDM PW 1day Performance Table
pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF PwTDMPerf1DayIntervalEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
      "This table provides performance information per TDM PW
      similar to the pwTDMPerfIntervalTable above. However,
       these counters represent historical one-day intervals up to
      one full month. The table consists of real-time data, as
      such it is not persistence across re-boot."
  ::= { pwTDMObjects 7 }
pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX PwTDMPerf1DayIntervalEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
      "An entry is created in this table by the agent
      for every entry in the pwTDMTable table."
  INDEX { pwIndex,pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalNumber }
```

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```
::= { pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalTable 1 }
PwTDMPerf1DayIntervalEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalNumber
                                              Unsigned32,
    pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalValidData
                                              TruthValue,
                                              Unsigned32,
    pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalDuration
    pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalMissingPkts
                                              Counter32,
    pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalPktsReOrder
                                              Counter32,
    pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalJtrBfrUnderruns
                                             Counter32,
    pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalMisOrderDropped
                                             Counter32,
    pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalMalformedPkt
                                              Counter32,
    pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalESs
                                              Counter32,
    pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalSESs
                                              Counter32,
    pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalUASs
                                              Counter32,
    pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalFC
                                              Counter32
     }
pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalNumber OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX Unsigned32 (1..30)
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
 STATUS
               current
 DESCRIPTION
      "The number of intervals where 1 indicates the current day
      measured period and 2 and above indicate previous days,
      respectively."
  ::= { pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalEntry 1 }
pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalValidData OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX TruthValue
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
      "This variable indicates if the data for this interval
      is valid."
  ::= { pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalEntry 2 }
pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalDuration OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX Unsigned32
             "seconds"
  UNITS
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
             current
  STATUS
 DESCRIPTION
    "The duration of a particular interval in seconds.
    Adjustments in the system's time-of-day clock may
    cause the interval to be greater or less than the
    normal value. Therefore, this actual interval value
    is provided."
```

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```
::= { pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalEntry 3 }
pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalMissingPkts OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX Counter32
            read-only
 MAX-ACCESS
             current
  STATUS
 DESCRIPTION
   "Number of missing packets (as detected via control word
    sequence number gaps)."
  ::= { pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalEntry 4 }
pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalPktsReOrder OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX Counter32
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
 DESCRIPTION
     "Number of packets detected out of sequence (via control
      word sequence number) but successfully re-ordered.
      Note: some implementations may not support this
      feature."
  ::= { pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalEntry 5 }
pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalJtrBfrUnderruns OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX Counter32
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
 STATUS
              current
 DESCRIPTION
     "Number of times a packet needed to be played
      out and the jitter buffer was empty."
  ::= { pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalEntry 6 }
pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalMisOrderDropped OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX Counter32
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
 STATUS
             current
 DESCRIPTION
     "Number of packets detected out of order (via control word
      sequence numbers) that could not be re-ordered or could
      not fit in the jitter buffer."
  ::= { pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalEntry 7 }
pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalMalformedPkt OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX Counter32
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
 STATUS
             current
 DESCRIPTION
     "Number of packets detected with unexpected size or
      bad headers' stack."
```

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::= { pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalEntry 8 } pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalESs OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The counter associated with the number of Error Seconds encountered." ::= { pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalEntry 9 } pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalSESs OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The counter associated with the number of Severely Error Seconds." ::= { pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalEntry 10 } pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalUASs OBJECT-TYPE Counter32 SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The counter associated with the number of UnAvailable Seconds. NOTE: When first entering the UAS state, the number of SES to UAS is added to this object, then as each additional UAS occurs, this object increments by one." ::= { pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalEntry 11 } pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalFC OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "TDM Failure Counts (FC-TDM). The number of TDM failure events. A failure event begins when the LOPS failure is declared, and it ends when the failure is cleared." ::= { pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalEntry 12 } -- End of PW TDM Performance table -- Conformance Information

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```
pwTDMCompliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { pwTDMConformance 1 }
pwTDMGroups OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { pwTDMConformance 2 }
pwTDMModuleCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
   STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
       "The compliance statement for agent that support TDM PW
       over PSN operation."
  MODULE -- this module
       MANDATORY-GROUPS { pwTDMGroup,
                         pwTDMPerfCurrentGroup,
                         pwTDMPerfIntervalGroup,
                         pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalGroup
                        }
                  OBJECT pwGenTDMCfgIndex
                  MIN-ACCESS read-only
                  DESCRIPTION
                      "The ability to set an index pointer
                      is not required."
                  OBJECT pwRelTDMCfgIndex
                  MIN-ACCESS read-only
                  DESCRIPTION
                      "The ability to set an index pointer
                      is not required."
                  OBJECT pwTDMCfgPktReorder
                  MIN-ACCESS read-only
                  DESCRIPTION
                      "The ability to set the packet reordering
                      is not required. If the feature is not
                      supported, the value set by the agent MUST
                      be FALSE."
                  OBJECT pwTDMCfgRtpHdrUsed
                  MIN-ACCESS read-only
                  DESCRIPTION
                      "The ability to set whether or not to use the
                      RTP header is not required."
                  OBJECT pwTDMCfgPayloadSuppression
                  MIN-ACCESS read-only
                  DESCRIPTION
                      "The ability to set this object is not
                      required."
```

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OBJECT pwTDMCfgPktReplacePolicy MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "The ability to set the replace policy is not required." OBJECT pwTDMCfgStorageType MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "The ability to set the storage type is not required." OBJECT pwTDMCfgPktFiller MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "The ability to set the filler pattern is not required." OBJECT pwTDMCfgName MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "The ability to set an alias is not required." ::= { pwTDMCompliances 1 } -- Units of conformance pwTDMGroup OBJECT-GROUP OBJECTS { pwTDMRate, pwTDMIfIndex, pwGenTDMCfgIndex, pwRelTDMCfgIndex, pwTDMConfigError, pwTDMTimeElapsed, pwTDMValidIntervals, pwTDMValidDayIntervals, pwTDMLastEsTimeStamp, pwTDMCfgIndexNext, pwTDMCfgRowStatus, pwTDMCfgPayloadSize, pwTDMCfgPktReorder, pwTDMCfgRtpHdrUsed, pwTDMCfgJtrBfrDepth,

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```
pwTDMCfgPayloadSuppression,
           pwTDMCfgConsecPktsInSynch,
           pwTDMCfgConsecMissPktsOutSynch,
           pwTDMCfqSetUp2SynchTimeOut,
           pwTDMCfgPktReplacePolicy,
           pwTDMCfgAvePktLossTimeWindow ,
           pwTDMCfgExcessivePktLossThreshold,
           pwTDMCfgAlarmThreshold ,
           pwTDMCfgClearAlarmThreshold,
           pwTDMCfgMissingPktsToSes,
           pwTDMCfgTimestampMode,
           pwTDMCfgStorageType,
           pwTDMCfgPktFiller,
           pwTDMCfgName
           }
  STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
      "Collection of objects for basic TDM PW config and
      status."
  ::= { pwTDMGroups 1 }
pwTDMPerfCurrentGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS {
           pwTDMPerfCurrentMissingPkts,
           pwTDMPerfCurrentPktsReOrder,
           pwTDMPerfCurrentJtrBfrUnderruns,
           pwTDMPerfCurrentMisOrderDropped,
           pwTDMPerfCurrentMalformedPkt,
           pwTDMPerfCurrentESs,
           pwTDMPerfCurrentSESs,
           pwTDMPerfCurrentUASs,
           pwTDMPerfCurrentFC
           }
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
      "Collection of current statistics objects for TDM PWs."
  ::= { pwTDMGroups 2 }
pwTDMPerfIntervalGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS {
           pwTDMPerfIntervalValidData,
           pwTDMPerfIntervalDuration,
```

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```
pwTDMPerfIntervalMissingPkts,
           pwTDMPerfIntervalPktsReOrder,
           pwTDMPerfIntervalJtrBfrUnderruns,
           pwTDMPerfIntervalMisOrderDropped,
           pwTDMPerfIntervalMalformedPkt,
           pwTDMPerfIntervalESs,
           pwTDMPerfIntervalSESs,
           pwTDMPerfIntervalUASs,
           pwTDMPerfIntervalFC
  }
  STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
         "Collection of Interval statistics objects for TDM PWs."
  ::= { pwTDMGroups 3 }
pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalGroup OBJECT-GROUP
 OBJECTS {
           pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalValidData,
           pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalDuration,
           pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalMissingPkts,
           pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalPktsReOrder,
           pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalJtrBfrUnderruns,
           pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalMisOrderDropped,
           pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalMalformedPkt,
           pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalESs,
           pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalSESs,
           pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalUASs,
           pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalFC
           }
  STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
         "Collection of Daily statistics objects for TDM PWs."
  ::= { pwTDMGroups 4 }
```

END

9. Security Considerations

It is clear that this MIB module is potentially useful for monitoring of TDM PWs. This MIB can also be used for configuration of certain objects, and anything that can be configured can be incorrectly configured, with potentially disastrous results.

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There are a number of management objects defined in this MIB module with a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write and/or read-create. Such objects may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. The support for SET operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations. These are the tables and objects and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

The pwTDMTable and pwTDMCfgTable contain objects of TDM PW parameters on a Provider Edge (PE) device. Unauthorized access to objects in these tables could result in disruption of traffic on the network.

The use of stronger mechanisms such as SNMPv3 security should be considered where possible. Specifically, SNMPv3 VACM and USM MUST be used with any SNMPV3 agent, which implements this MIB module.

Administrators should consider whether read access to these objects should be allowed, since read access may be undesirable under certain circumstances.

Some of the readable objects in this MIB module (i.e., objects with a MAX-ACCESS other than not-accessible) may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. It is thus important to control even GET and/or NOTIFY access to these objects and possibly to even encrypt the values of these objects when sending them over the network via SNMP. These are the tables and objects and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

The pwTDMTable, pwTDMPerfCurrentTable, pwTDMPerfIntervalTable, and pwTDMPerf1DayIntervalTable collectively show the TDM pseudowire connectivity topology and its performance characteristics.

If an Administrator does not want to reveal this information, then these tables should be considered sensitive/vulnerable.

SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 did not include adequate security. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPsec), even then, there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB module.

It is RECOMMENDED that implementers consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework (see [RFC3410], section 8), including full support for the SNMPv3 cryptographic mechanisms (for authentication and privacy).

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Further, deployment of SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 is NOT RECOMMENDED. Instead, it is RECOMMENDED to deploy SNMPv3 and to enable cryptographic security. It is then a customer/operator responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB module is properly configured to give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to indeed GET or SET (change/create/delete) them.

10. IANA Considerations

The MIB module in this document uses the following IANA-assigned OBJECT IDENTIFIER values recorded in the SMI Numbers registry:

Descriptor OBJECT IDENTIFIER value

pwTDMMIB { mib-2 186 }

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12. Acknowledgements

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